DeWitt County, Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



For the year ended September 30, 2020

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended September 30, 2020

Issued By County Auditor's Office

> Carrie Rea County Auditor

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the year ended September 30, 2020

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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307 N Gonzales St. Cuero, Texas 77954

Carrie Rea

DeWitt County Auditor

March 4, 2021

DeWitt County Citizens Honorable District Judges Honorable County Judge Honorable County Commissioners DeWitt County, Texas

The County Auditor's Office is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of DeWitt County, Texas (the "County"), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. This report is submitted in compliance with Texas Local Government Code 114.025.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included. This report was prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

The County's financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information have been audited by Harrison, Waldrop and Uherek, L.L.P., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditors concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

PROFILE OF DeWITT COUNTY

On March 24, 1846, the County of DeWitt was legally created from Gonzales, Goliad, and Victoria Counties and named for its colonizer, Green B. DeWitt. The County is centrally located on the low and rolling coastal plains of Texas and is within 100 miles of San Antonio, Austin, and Corpus Christi. Most of DeWitt County is divided into farms and ranches and is drained by the Guadalupe River and its tributaries. The County is located in southeastern Texas on the Coastal plain about midway between the southern and eastern extremities of the Texas Gulf Coast.

The County is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The general governing body of the County is the elected five-member Commissioner's Court in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term.

The Commissioner's Court sets the tax rates, establishes policies for County operations, approves contracts for the County, and develops and adopts the County budget. The Commissioner's Court is also responsible for development of policies and orders, approving financial commitments, and appointment of various department heads. The management and leadership provided by members of the Commissioner's Court and the elected and appointed officials of other key County offices is crucial to the success of the County in financial management and growth.

The County Auditor has responsibilities for prescribing the systems and procedures for handling the finances of the County and "examining, auditing, and approving" all disbursements from County funds prior to their submission to the Commissioner's Court for approval. In addition, the County's internal control structure is designed to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted government accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The County provides a full range of services. A primary service is the administration of justice, which includes the civil and criminal county and district courts, justices of the peace, constables, district attorney, clerks of the courts, sheriff, jail, security and emergency management, and court bailiffs. Other functions performed by the County include the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges, either independently or in cooperation with other entities, administration of public health services, assistance to indigents, and the provision of juvenile, health, education, and welfare services involving the care and correction of dependent or delinquent children as well as property tax collections for all taxing agencies within the County.

Various potential component units were evaluated to determine whether they should be included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationship with the County. Based upon standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (see Note 1 to the financial statements), no legally separate organization met the necessary criteria for inclusion as a component unit in the accompanying financial statements.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Local Economy - The overall value of taxable property in the County continues to grow because of oil and gas completions. Drilling operations continue in the County. Industry drilling operations focus on field development in the Eagle Ford Shale. New well completions will offset the depletion of the volatile mineral component of the County's tax base. The supply of natural gas will support the growing trend of exporting LGN's to foreign countries out of the Port of Corpus Christi and will likely keep drilling rigs in the area for another decade. The MD&A has a more detailed analysis of this activity and its effect on County's finances.

Accounting System and Internal Controls - In developing and evaluating the County's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements.

Long-Term Financial Planning - The Commissioners Court has been prioritizing and planning for several long-term issues. The County is in need on continuing road repairs and construction and will need them for many years. The MD&A has additional information related to the road activity. The Commissioners Court also monitors legislative issues that may affect the County.

The County began a renovation to the courthouse basement due to persistent water infiltration issues. Construction of the new county annex building has begun and completion is anticipated in 2021.

A change in the Tax Code implemented on January 1, 2020 will have the potential of undermining the capital spending program in future budgets related to road repair and construction efforts. For the 2020 tax roll and thereafter, the Tax Code requires the county to calculate a No New Revenue Tax Rate and a Voter Approved Tax Rate. The latter is a rate that caps new revenue at 3.5 percent above the previous year and mandates an election be held to allow local voters an opportunity approve a request for more than 3.5 percent revenue in the proposed budget.

The changes in the Tax Code were supported by the state's top legislative leaders and the oil and gas industry. Although the commissioner's court maintains fund balances to avert disruption due to industry downturns, future budgets could be impacted by one or more local elections that curtail the ability of the county to raise the revenue needed to continue services at the current level.

The 86th Texas Legislature modified the law that created the County Transportation Fund grant program and appropriated \$250 Million for repair of roads damaged by drilling activity in the energy sectors of the state. The changes in HB4280 (Rep. Geanie Morrison) should steer more funds to counties like DeWitt where horizontal drilling activity is the primary method used for the extraction of oil and gas. Grant funds delivered in FY2021 could offset any revenue decline attributable to any negative results of the tax code change.

Budgetary Controls - The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. The County Judge posts budget hearings annually, with the final budget approved by the Commissioner's Court following the required hearings. Most appropriated budgets are prepared on a fund, department, and category basis. The County maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budgets. The level of budgetary control includes expenditures that cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount within an individual governmental fund. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the line-item level within an individual fund.

Cash Management - The Commissioners' Court has adopted a formal investment policy for the County consistent with State statutes governing the investment of County funds and has designated the County Treasurer as the County's investment officer. The policy is updated annually. The general objectives set forth in the policy provide for financial security and optimum liquidity of County funds while achieving the maximum yield on funds invested and maximum levels of invested funds. Authorized investments are consistent with those investments authorized by State law for Texas counties.

Pension Benefits - The County provides retirement, disability and death benefits for all of its full-time and part-time non-temporary employees through a defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). Specific plan provisions are adopted by the County within the options available in the state statutes governing the TCDRS. Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted within the constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to DeWitt County, Texas, for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This was the 42nd consecutive year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated efforts of the staff of the County Auditor's Office. We express our appreciation to all the members of the office who assisted in and contributed to its preparation. We would also like to thank the accounting firm of Harrison, Waldrop & Uherek, L.L.P. for sharing their knowledge and extending their cooperation and support to the County Auditor's Office.

Respectfully submitted,

Carrie Rea

Carrie Rea DeWitt County Auditor

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

DeWitt County Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2019

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

DeWitt County Organizational Chart



DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2020

<u>ELECTED</u>

Daryl L. Fowler

Curtis G. Afflerbach James B. Pilchiek, Sr. James Kaiser Richard Randle

A. Jay Condie Natalie Carson Ashley D. Mraz Carol Martin

Carl Bowen Peggy Mayer Blanca McBride Kelly Phelps Jefferson Hobbs

Robert C. Lassmann Esther Ruiz

Jack Marr Kemper Stephen Williams Robert Bell County Judge

Commissioner, Precinct No. 1 Commissioner, Precinct No. 2 Commissioner, Precinct No. 3 Commissioner, Precinct No. 4

County Attorney County Clerk County Tax Assessor-Collector County Treasurer

Sheriff Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1 Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 2 Constable, Precinct No. 1 Constable, Precinct No. 2

District Attorney District Clerk

24th Judicial District Judge 135th Judicial District Judge 267th Judicial District Judge

APPOINTED

Carrie Rea Terri Rogers Cynthia Smith County Auditor Chief Juvenile Probation Officer Emergency Management Coordinator

FINANCIAL SECTION

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.



STEPHEN W. VAN MANEN, CPA DENNIS C. CIHAL, CPA ERIC L. KUCERA, CPA CLAYTON P. VAN PELT, CPA ROBERT W. SCHAAR, CPA MELISSA M. TERRY, CPA

> VOICE: (361) 573-3255 FAX: (361) 573-9531

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 101 S. MAIN, SUITE 400 VICTORIA, TEXAS 77901-8142

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court DeWitt County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of DeWitt County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, and schedules of employer contributions as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 4, 2021, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Harrison Waldrop & Uhenk UP

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P Victoria, Texas March 4, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2020

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of DeWitt County, Texas (the "County"), provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2020. The discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, the basic financial statements, and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$141,376,303. Of this amount \$28,194,101 is available to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At year-end, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$42,765,390. The amount available for governmental discretion (unassigned fund balance) is \$17,973,669.
- At year-end, the fund balance for the General Fund was \$25,344,011, a \$4,592,795 increase over last year. The unassigned portion of fund balance for the General Fund was \$17,973,669 or 71% of total General Fund balance or 113% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial reporting model instituted by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34) seeks to improve operational accountability by highlighting an overall picture that was lost in the detail of fund accounting. Instead of focusing on aggregations of similar individual funds, GASB 34 introduced government-wide financial statements, which present the government as a single unified entity.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Organization and Flow of Financial Section Information

Independent A	uditors' Report
Provides the opinion of the Inc	lependent Auditors' on the fair
presentation of the bas	ic financial statements.
Management's Disci	ussion and Analysis
•	d for state and local government financial
statements and is intended to provide	•
Pages	-
Government-wide Financial	Fund Financial Statements
Statements	
Provides information on	Provides information on the financial
governmental and business-type	position of specific funds of the
governmental and business type	
activities of the primary government.	primary governments.

Pages 19 to 39

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements*, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

These financial statements present the functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial, public works (public safety, transportation, and buildings), and health and welfare.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as a *balance of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and other major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining and individual statements and schedules following the required supplementary information.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Funds, and the Indigent Health Care Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget and is located on page 40 of this report. Budget comparisons for the major special revenue funds are located on pages 41 and 42 of the required supplementary information. Budget comparisons for the remaining non-major appropriated funds are located on pages 80 through 85. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-17 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 18 of this report.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 39 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the County's General Fund's budgetary comparison schedule, historical pension benefits information, and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) information. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 40 through 49 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds is presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 50 through 85 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$141,376,303 at the close of the fiscal year.

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS NET POSITION					
	Goverr	nmental Activities			
	2020	2019	Change		
Current assets	\$ 45,551,949	\$ 40,767,661	12%		
Capital assets (net)	98,978,789	83,766,236	18%		
Other non-current assets	1,258,397		N/A		
Total assets	145,789,135	124,533,897	17%		
Deferred outflows of resources	625,219	1,680,595	-63%		
Total deferred outflows	625,219	1,680,595	-63%		
Current liabilities	1,746,045	1,134,543	54%		
Long-term liabilities	2,720,172	863,081	215%		
Total liabilities	4,466,217	1,997,624	124%		
Deferred inflows of resources	571,834	86,908	558%		
Total deferred inflows	571,834	86,908	558%		
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	95,457,533	82,954,693	15%		
Restricted	17,724,669	17,892,743	-1%		
Unrestricted	28,194,101	23,282,524	21%		
Total net position	\$ 141,376,303	\$ 124,129,960	14%		

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - (Continued)

The County's unrestricted net position represents 20% of the County's net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The County's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets represents 68% of net position and has increased 15% from prior year. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.

Changes in other non-current assets, deferred outflows of resources, long term liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources relate to the County's pension and OPEB plans and notes from direct borrowings. Additional information can be found in Note 7, Note 8 and Note 11 of this report.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report a positive balance in net position for the government as a whole. Its overall net position has improved from the prior year.

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION						
		Go	over	nmental Activitie	S	
		2020		2019	<u>Change</u>	
REVENUES						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$	5,659,622	\$	7,694,271	-26%	
Operating grants and contributions		1,077,565		643,545	67%	
General revenues						
Property taxes		28,765,752		20,533,832	40%	
Other		974,377		1,103,218	-12%	
Total Revenues		36,477,316		29,974,866	22%	
EXPENSES						
General governmental		3,935,838		3,826,515	3%	
Judicial		2,150,032		2,378,876	-10%	
Public works		12,160,630		11,224,114	8%	
Health and welfare		834,628		773,749	8%	
Interest		149,845		, 	N/A	
Total Expenses		19,230,973		18,203,254	6%	
Change in net position		17,246,343		11,771,612	47%	
Net Position - Beginning	_1	24,129,960		112,358,348	10%	
Net Position - Ending	<u>\$1</u>	41,376,303	<u>\$</u> ^	124,129,960	14%	

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - (Continued)

Governmental activities. The County's overall financial position has improved from prior year. Governmental activities account for 100% of the total growth in the net position of the County. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$17,246,343, which is a 47% increase in the change from the prior year. Key elements of this change include the following:

- Property tax revenues increased about \$8 Million due to increased property values.
- Property values relating specifically to minerals increased approximately 53% resulting in increased property tax revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$42,765,390, an increase of \$4,488,143 from the prior year due mainly to increased revenue related to property taxes. Of the total fund balance, \$17,973,669 constitutes *unassigned fund balance* and is available for spending at the County's discretion, while \$7,370,342 has been assigned for building maintenance. The remainder of fund balance is *restricted* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted for various construction projects (\$417,464) or special purposes (\$17,003,915).

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County.

The fund balance increased by about 22% or \$4,592,795. Revenue in the General Fund increased approximately \$5.4 Million, resulting from an increase in taxes of approximately \$5.7 Million. Expenditures in the General Fund increased \$6.3 Million, mostly related to debt service and capital outlay for construction in progress and communication towers. At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$17,973,669, while total fund balance was \$25,344,011. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 113% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 160% of that same amount.

Major Special Revenue Funds. The County's Road and Bridge Precinct 1 and Road and Bridge Precinct 3 funds that are major funds this year partly due to large cash balances resulting from prior year tax revenue increases and partly due to current year tax revenues and current year road expenditures. Road and Bridge Precinct 1 fund balance decreased by about 17% or \$980,376. Tax revenue increased by 13% while total revenue decreased by 3%. Expenditures for road damage decreased 11% in Precinct 1. Road and Bridge Precinct 3 fund balance decreased by only 2% or \$124,401. Tax revenue increased by 26% while total revenue increased by 8%. Expenditures for road damage increased 14% in Precinct 3. Road repair costs may fluctuate from year to year but are expected to continue for the next several years.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget netted no increase or decrease to budgeted revenue or budgeted expenditures.

For the current fiscal year, the General Fund's actual expenditures came in \$9,001,611 lower than the final budget. Significant variances between the final amended budget and actual results were:

- Capital outlay for new annex building came in under budget approximately \$6.8 Million due to project still in progress.
- Non-departmental other services and charges came in under budget due to less than expected repairs and maintenance on buildings that had been budgeted almost \$1 Million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The County's investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, equipment, and vehicles. Total additions for the current fiscal year were \$19,179,862 with the majority for public works' infrastructure related to new road construction. Increase in construction-in-progress relates to the County's new annex building project and the basement project. Increase in equipment relates to the County's new communication towers. Additional information can be found in Note 6 of this report.

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)

	Gover	nmental Activities	
	2020	2019	Change
Land	\$ 1,000,522	\$ 700,522	43%
Buildings and improvements	14,957,428	15,406,303	-3%
Infrastructure	74,445,106	63,784,243	17%
Equipment	6,146,162	3,022,926	103%
Vehicles	785,818	813,042	-3%
Construction-in-progress	1,643,753	39,200	4093%
Total	\$ 98,978,789	\$ 83,766,236	18%

Long-term debt. Changes in long-term liabilities included new notes from direct borrowings of \$3,497,000 for communication towers and highway improvements, in addition to a significant change in the net pension liability(asset). Additional information can be found in Note 11 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Local Economy. The overall value of taxable property in the County grew because of the increase in oil and gas completions during 2019. Mineral values added \$1.6 Billion to the county tax base following a steady year of drilling and completions of Eagle Ford Shale wells. Overall, the county tax base increased by 26 percent and the increase is mostly attributable to growth in the mineral value component which grew to \$4.6 Billion. Real property values and frozen taxable values have increased approximately 3%. Absent the volatile mineral values, the growth in taxable real property is a sustainable development that bodes well for the ability of the County to raise revenue to meet its fixed costs in the future. The growth in taxable real property also helps overcome the tax revenue ceilings that accrue to the homestead values of a growing population of residents over the age of 65 and the disabled.

Retail trade and hotel utilization is steady. Sales tax rebates are stable and indicate a stable local economy. Housing demand remains high, but the rental market is not as tight as was seen in the past.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES - (Continued)

Road Damage Funding Issues. The County continues to focus on public safety and the needs of the energy industry. This is reflected by another year of significant appropriation for road and bridge repair and construction. During 2013, the County began a concerted effort to rebuild County roads in the areas of high oilfield traffic using local property tax revenue. Road and bridge repair and maintenance represents more than 46% of the county's planned capital expenditures for the year. Feedback about the road construction effort is generally positive and the desire for better roads countywide is strong.

HB2521, the law that repatriates the oil and gas revenue generated by producing minerals beneath a county right of way produced approximately \$1.6 Million in its third year of existence. The income is distributed to the budgets of the four precincts during the fiscal year.

The County Commissioners share information with industry professionals. The discussions focus on drilling and surface operations and road repair projects. The shared information allows the road rehabilitation effort to continue according to budget. Additionally, Commissioners believe that tax dollars are more effective when resources are used to armor up a road in advance of a drilling campaign rather than rehabilitating a road after it is destroyed. TXDOT officials claim that tax dollars are five times more effective using the proactive approach.

The FY2021 Budget and Tax Rate. Budget policy and tax policy are essentially unchanged in the FY2021 budget, except for increased capital outlay for new annex building. The Commissioner's Court will continue to repair county roads damaged by oil and gas activity and use tax revenue raised from mineral values to support the repairs. In 2012 the Commissioner's Court determined that lowering the tax rate created abatement for the oil companies and the beneficiaries of the new wealth. Rather than abate, the Commissioner's Court voted to hold the County tax rate at the prior year's rate.

Commissioner's Court adopted the same tax rate of \$0.46937 per \$100 of appraised value for the seventh consecutive year. The adoption of the tax rate produces a 12% decrease in tax revenue over the previous year's tax revenue due to a decrease in 2020 certified appraised values. However, capital improvements for roads will continue with the help of a \$6 Million grant from the County Transportation Infrastructure Fund.

Request for Information. This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Auditor's Office, 307 N. Gonzales St., Cuero, Texas 77954.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2020

ASSETS Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net) Due from other governments Total current assets Noncurrent assets Capital assets Land and other assets not being depreciated Buildings, equipment, and vehicles (net) Net capital assets Net pension asset Total noncurrent assets	1,510,731 1,207,184 45,551,949 2,644,275 96,334,514 98,978,789 1,258,397
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net) Due from other governments Total current assets Noncurrent assets Capital assets Land and other assets not being depreciated Buildings, equipment, and vehicles (net) Net capital assets Net pension asset	1,510,731 1,207,184 45,551,949 2,644,275 96,334,514 98,978,789 1,258,397
Receivables (net) Due from other governments Total current assets Noncurrent assets Capital assets Land and other assets not being depreciated Buildings, equipment, and vehicles (net) Net capital assets Net pension asset	1,510,731 1,207,184 45,551,949 2,644,275 96,334,514 98,978,789 1,258,397
Due from other governments Total current assets Noncurrent assets Capital assets Land and other assets not being depreciated Buildings, equipment, and vehicles (net) Net capital assets Net pension asset	1,207,184 45,551,949 2,644,275 96,334,514 98,978,789 1,258,397
Total current assets Noncurrent assets Capital assets Land and other assets not being depreciated Buildings, equipment, and vehicles (net) Net capital assets Net pension asset	45,551,949 2,644,275 96,334,514 98,978,789 1,258,397
Noncurrent assets Capital assets Land and other assets not being depreciated Buildings, equipment, and vehicles (net) Net capital assets Net pension asset	2,644,275 96,334,514 98,978,789 1,258,397
Capital assets Land and other assets not being depreciated Buildings, equipment, and vehicles (net) Net capital assets Net pension asset	96,334,514 98,978,789 1,258,397
Land and other assets not being depreciated Buildings, equipment, and vehicles (net) Net capital assets Net pension asset	2,644,275 96,334,514 98,978,789 1,258,397 100,237,186
Buildings, equipment, and vehicles (net) Net capital assets Net pension asset	96,334,514 98,978,789 1,258,397
Net capital assets Net pension asset	<u>98,978,789</u> 1,258,397
Net pension asset	1,258,397
Total noncurrent assets	100,237,186
otal assets	145,789,135
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	140,700,100
Deferred outflow related to pension	535,494
Deferred outflow related to OPEB	89,725
Fotal deferred outflows of resources	625,219
	023,219
Current liabilities	604 330
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	694,239 203 607
Accrued interest payable	293,697 45,756
Accrued compensated absences	36,358
Current portion of long-term debt	675,995
Total current liabilities	1,746,045
	1,740,040
Noncurrent liabilities OPEB liability	402 194
Accrued compensated absences	402,184 109,074
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	2,208,914
Total noncurrent liabilities	
	2,720,172
Fotal liabilities	4,466,217
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflow related to pension	538,622
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	33,212
Total deferred inflows of resources	571,834
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	95,457,533
Restricted for	
Courts	489,374
Health and welfare	421,530
Public safety	442,601
Public works	15,953,700
Capital projects Unrestricted	417,464
	28,194,101
Fotal net position	<u>\$ 141,376,303</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2020

		F		am Revenu		R	et (Expense) evenue and es in Net Position
				perating	Capital		
		Charges for	Gr	ants and	Grants and	Go	overnmental
Function/Programs	Expenses	Services	Cor	ntributions	Contributions		Activities
Primary Government							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 3,935,838	\$ 1,799,788	\$	669,264	\$-	\$	(1,466,786)
Judicial	2,150,032	523,804		55,121	-		(1,571,107)
Public works	12,160,630	3,221,945		315,311	-		(8,623,374)
Health and welfare	834,628	114,085		37,869	-		(682,674)
Interest on long-term debt	149,845	-		-	-		(149,845)
		<u></u>					,
Total governmental activities	19,230,973	5,659,622		1,077,565			(12,493,786)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 19,230,973</u>	<u>\$ 5,659,622</u>	\$	1,077,565	<u>\$</u>		(12,493,786)
	General revenu	Jes:					
	Taxes:				_		00 705 750
	• •	ixes, levied for	gene	rai purpose	S		28,765,752
	Miscellaneou		ningo				185,835
	Unrestricted	investment ear	nings				788,542
	Total general re	evenues					29,740,129
	Change in net	position					17,246,343
	Net position - b	eginning					124,129,960
	Net position - e	ending				\$	141,376,303

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2020

	 General Fund		Road and Bridge Precinct 1		Road and Bridge Precinct 3
ASSETS					
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net)	\$ 25,721,226	\$	4,780,345	\$	5,589,951
Taxes receivable	499,356		-		_
Fines receivable	672,811		-		-
Other	35,274		-		-
Due from other governments	 478,065		186,908		195,896
Total assets	\$ 27,406,732	<u>\$</u>	4,967,253	\$	5,785,847
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 377,592	\$	38,002	\$	16,340
Accrued expenditures	 189,796		20,692		18,903
Total liabilities	 567,388		58,694		35,243
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	499,356		-		-
Unavailable revenue - assessed fines	672,811		-		-
Unavailable revenue - grant	 323,166				
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,495,333	<u> </u>		. <u></u>	
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted					
Courts	-		-		-
Health and welfare	-		-		-
Public safety	-		-		-
Public works	-		4,908,559		5,750,604
Various capital projects Assigned - building maintenance	- 7,370,342		-		-
Unassigned	17,973,669		-		-
Total fund balances	 25,344,011		4,908,559		5,750,604
	 		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$ 27,406,732	\$	4,967,253	\$	5,785,847

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Go	Other overnmental Funds	 Total Governmental Funds
\$	6,742,512	\$ 42,834,034
	303,290	802,646
	-	672,811
	- 346,315	35,274 1,207,184
\$	7,392,117	\$ 45,551,949
\$	262,305	\$ 694,239
	64,306	 293,697
	326,611	 987,936
	303,290	802,646
	-	672,811
	303,290	 1,798,623
	489,374	489,374
	415,844	415,844
	442,601	442,601
	4,996,933	15,656,096
	417,464	417,464
		 7,370,342 17,973,669
	6,762,216	 42,765,390
\$	7,392,117	\$ 45,551,949

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2020

Total governmental fund balances			\$ 42,765,390
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds. Similarly, fines receivable are not currently available at year-end and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. Grant proceeds are not available at year-end and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.			
Taxes receivable	\$	802,646	
Fines receivable		672,811	
Due from other government - grant		323,166	1,798,623
Capital assets used in governmental activities are reported as expenditures in governmental funds when purchased or constructed.			
Cost of assets	12	21,242,168	
Accumulated depreciation	_(2	22,263,379)	98,978,789
Items required by GASB 68 and GASB 75 and included in governmental activities in the statement of net position:			
Net pension asset		1,258,397	
OPEB liability		(402,184)	
Deferred outflow of resources related to pension		535,494	
Deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB		89,725	
Deferred inflow of resources related to pension		(538,622)	
Deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB		(33,212)	909,598
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:			
Notes from direct borrowings		(2,884,909)	
Accrued interest payable		(45,756)	
Compensated absences		(145,432)	 (3,076,097)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 141,376,303

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2020

	 General Fund	Road and Bridge Precinct 1		Road and Bridge Precinct 3	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 14,826,480	\$	3,652,921	\$	4,419,542
Licenses and permits	40,574		219,000		301,229
Intergovernmental	1,580,303		409,031		412,190
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	949,331		11,000		26,338
	218,902		-		-
Interest Miscellaneous	311,538 92,539		102,031 668		100,458
Total revenues	 18,019,667		4,394,651		5,259,757
EXPENDITURES	 		· <u>·····</u>		
Current					
General government	4,574,442		-		-
Judicial	1,323,528		-		-
Public works	9,089,716		5,505,509		5,508,181
Health and welfare	200,306		-		-
Debt service					
Principal retirement	552,091		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 104,089				
Total expenditures	 15,844,172		5,505,509		5,508,181
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	 2,175,495		(1,110,858)		(248,424)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Debt issued	3,197,000		-		-
Sale of capital assets	66,646		22,191		13,551
Transfers in	22,248		108,291		136,440
Transfers out	 (868,594)				(25,968)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,417,300		130,482		124,023
Net change in fund balances	4,592,795		(980,376)		(124,401)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 20,751,216		5,888,935		5,875,005
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 25,344,011	\$	4,908,559	<u>\$</u>	5,750,604

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Go	Other overnmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
	T unus		1 4143	
\$	5,906,679	\$	28,805,622	
	170,176		730,979	
	1,546,023		3,947,547	
	227,665		1,214,334	
	-		218,902	
	274,515		788,542	
	191,580		284,787	
	8,316,638		35,990,713	
	001.040		4 005 750	
	291,316		4,865,758	
	513,613		1,837,141	
	6,856,641		26,960,047	
	568,069		768,375	
	60,000		612,091	
	-		104,089	
	8,289,639		35,147,501	
			· _ ·	
	26,999	<u></u>	843,212	
	300,000 45,543 1,019,812 (392,229)		3,497,000 147,931 1,286,791 (1,286,791)	
	973,126		3,644,931	
	1,000,125		4,488,143	
	5,762,091		38,277,247	
			·····	
\$	6,762,216	\$	42,765,390	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended September 30, 2020

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 4,488,143
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Increase in capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 19,179,862 (3,889,529)	15,290,333
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., transfers, contributions, adjustments and dispositions) is to increase(decrease) net position.		(77,780)
Issuance of debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		(3,497,000)
Current year payments on long-term debt are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they serve to reduce long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In the current year, these amounts consist of: Principal retirement		612,091
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Similarly, fines and grant proceeds are not currently available at year end and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		
Property taxes	75,814	
Fines	17,472	
Grant proceeds	323,166	416,452
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Increase in accrued interest	(45,756)	
Net pension costs	120,101	
Net OPEB costs	(20,011)	
Increase in compensated absences	(40,230)	14,104
Change in net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ 17,246,343</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2020

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash	\$509,382
Total assets	<u>\$ 509,382</u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	<u>\$ </u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$509,382</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

DeWitt County, Texas (the "County") is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The County was organized in 1846. The County is governed by the Commissioners' Court, which is composed of four (4) County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The accounting policies of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, the County's financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the County is considered financially accountable. A component unit is included in the County's reporting entity if either of the following are applicable: (1) the County appoints a voting majority of the component unit's governing body and the County is able to impose its will on the component unit or there is potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County; (2) the component unit is fiscally dependent on the County and there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The County is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Under these guidelines, no legally separate organization met the necessary criteria for inclusion as a component unit in the accompanying financial statements.

B. <u>Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County had no business-type activities during the current year.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, fines, intergovernmental revenue, and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received by the County.

The 2019 tax levy is dedicated to pay for expenditures of the 2020 budget.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Road and Bridge Precinct 1 and Precinct 3 are special revenue funds and account for those resources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for road and other maintenance items within each respective precinct. Tax revenues represent the major revenue source in these funds.

Additionally, the County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The Capital Project Fund accounts for the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities.

The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.
C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - (Continued)

The County also reports Agency Funds to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity. These resources include ad valorem taxes collected and to be distributed to other local governments, various fines and fees to be distributed to other governments, and trust funds held for minors, etc. The funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between various functions of the County. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County Judge is, by statute, the budget officer of the County. After being furnished budget guidelines by the County Judge and Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor prepares an estimate of revenues and a compilation of requested departmental expenditures. Department officials appear before the Commissioners' Court and the County Auditor for departmental budget review. A proposed budget is prepared by the County Auditor, and then submitted to the Commissioners' Court. Before determining the final budget, the Commissioners' Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. Amounts finally budgeted may not exceed the County Auditor's estimate of revenues and available cash.

Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds that collect tax revenue, and the Debt Service Fund. All budgets adopted by the County are on the cash basis of accounting rather than in conformity with GAAP. Under the budgetary basis, revenues are recognized as collected and expenditures when paid. Budgeted special revenue funds include all Road and Bridge funds and the Indigent Health Care Fund.

When the budget has been adopted by the Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring expenditures to keep them from exceeding budgeted appropriations and for keeping the members of the Commissioners' Court advised of the condition of the various funds and accounts. The level of control (the level on which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted annual operating budget is on a line-item basis. Any amendments above the line-item level must have the approval of the Commissioners' Court before implementation. The line-item level of control is defined by the basic categories of personnel services, supplies, other services and charges, capital outlay, and debt service.

Amendments made during the year to the General Fund budget netted no increase or decrease to budgeted revenue or budgeted expenditure amounts.

Unused appropriations lapse at the end of each year, and because the County is on a cash budgetary basis, encumbrances are not reported for either accounting or financial reporting purposes.

E. <u>Deposits</u>

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Commissioners' Court has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined by the Public Funds Investment Act of 1995. The investments of the County are in compliance with the Commissioners' Court's investment policies. The County may invest its excess funds in any instruments authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act of Texas. Investments authorized under this act include, but are not limited to, the following: Obligations of the United States; other obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed or backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Texas or the United States; certificates of deposit which are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC); and certain repurchase agreements.

F. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

All trade, property tax, and fines receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Inventory

Inventories of supplies on hand have not been recorded because such supplies are of an expendable nature and are expensed when purchased.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straightline method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings	10-50
Infrastructure	30-40
Improvements other than buildings	10-50
Machinery and equipment	5-15
Office equipment and fixtures	5-10

I. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Vacation benefits are accrued by County employees according to guidelines set in the County's personnel policy. This policy states that after completion of one year of service, each employee will thereafter accrue vacation according to the number of years of continuous service. Upon termination, employees are paid for any unused granted vacation. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Full-time employees are credited with four hours of sick leave per pay period. Sick days may be accumulated up to a maximum of 30 working days (240 hours). County personnel policies state that unused sick leave benefits will not be paid to employees upon termination; therefore, no sick leave benefits are accrued.

J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two items qualifying in this category under the economic resources measurement focus only. Therefore, both items are only reported in the government-wide financial statements. The deferred amounts are calculated in the actuarial studies required by GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" (GASB No. 68), GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" (GASB No. 75) and the related current year pension and OPEB contributions made after the measurement date, but before year-end. The amounts are deferred and amortized over a period of time.

K. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> - (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. Two of the items that qualify for reporting as a deferred inflow of resources is calculated in the actuarial pension study required by GASB No. 68 and GASB No. 75. The remaining item arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, *unavailable revenue* is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, fines, and grant revenue. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability or asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the County's pension liability or asset is obtained from TCDRS through a report prepared for the County by TCDRS consulting actuary, Milliman, Inc., in compliance with GASB No. 68.

M. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information is obtained from TCDRS through a report prepared for the County by TCDRS consulting actuary, Milliman, Inc., in compliance with GASB No. 75. The contributions for retiree Group Term Life (GTL) coverage are assigned to the OPEB plan under GASB No. 75 and are used to determine the benefit payments.

N. Fund Equity

Fund balances of Governmental Funds classified as restricted are balances with constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments. Fund balances classified as committed can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Commissioners' Court through a resolution or by other formal action. Assigned fund balances are constrained by intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments are made by the County Auditor based on Commissioners' Court direction. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

N. <u>Fund Equity</u> - (Continued)

For the classification of government-wide statements, it is the County's policy to consider restricted net position before unrestricted net position. For the classification of governmental fund balances, the County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

It is the desire of the County to maintain an adequate General Fund fund balance to provide sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The County has adopted a financial standard to maintain an "unassigned" General Fund fund balance of 25% of the total operating expenditures.

O. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of the government-wide and fund financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the County to make estimates and assessments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Deficit Fund Equity

As of September 30, 2020, no funds of County had a deficit fund equity balance.

B. <u>Budgetary Compliance</u>

Budgetary compliance is monitored at the line-item level in all budgeted governmental funds. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the County complied with budgetary restrictions at all function levels.

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County's cash deposits include amounts in demand deposits and money market accounts held by one financial institution.

Demand deposits	\$ 42,670,402
Money market funds	159,782
Cash on hand	3,850
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 42,834,034</u>

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with the County's investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio for investments to less than five years from the time of purchase. Specifically, investments of operating funds must have stated final maturities of three years or less and investments in capital project funds must have stated final maturities that do not exceed the expected completion date of the project for which the bonds were sold. The money market funds are redeemable in full immediately and therefore do not have a stated weighted average maturity.

B. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. It is the County's policy to limit its investments to those with ratings of not less than A or its equivalent.

C. <u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>

The investment policy requires that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific user. At year-end, the County was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

D. <u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u>

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires that deposits at financial institutions be insured by the FDIC and/or collateralized by securities pledged to the County by the depository in an amount equal to at least 110% of the carrying value of deposits held. At year-end, all of the County's deposits were fully collateralized and therefore, the County was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

E. <u>Custodial Credit Risk - Investments</u>

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investment policy requires that securities be held in the name of the County or held on behalf of the County and that all securities are purchased using the delivery versus payment method. At year-end, and for the year then ended, the County was not exposed to any custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end for the County's individual major funds, and the nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	General	Nonmajor	Total
Gross receivables			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 577,027	\$ 383,782	\$ 960,809
Fines	6,728,109	-	6,728,109
Other	35,274	-	35,274
Total gross receivables	7,340,410	383,782	7,724,192
Less: allowances	6,132,969	80,492	6,213,461
Total net receivables	\$ 1,207,441	\$ 303,290	\$ 1,510,731

The only receivables not expected to be collected within one year are \$479,648 of fines receivable reported in the General Fund.

The County's governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At year-end, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable		Unearned		 Total	
Major Funds						
Taxes	\$	499,356	\$	-	\$ 499,356	
Fines		672,811		-	672,811	
Grant		323,166		<u> </u>	 323,166	
		1,495,333			 1,495,333	
Nonmajor Funds						
Taxes		303,290			 303,290	
		303,290			 303,290	
Total unavailable revenue	\$	1,798,623	\$	-	\$ 1,798,623	

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Taxes are levied on October 1st and payable by the following January 31st. The DeWitt County Tax Assessor-Collector bills and collects its own property taxes.

The Texas Constitution (Art. VIII, Sec. 9) imposes a limit of \$0.80 per \$100 assessed valuation for Operating Fund purposes (Jury, General, Permanent Improvement, and Road and Bridge Funds), including debt service for Permanent Improvement Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness issued against such DeWitt County Funds. In addition, a \$0.30 Farm-to-market Road tax as authorized by Art. 7048A, VACS, and a Special Road and Bridge tax of \$0.15 has been voted and levied by the County for many years; hence, a total tax rate of \$1.25 is authorized for the County. Of the total tax rate of \$1.25 authorized for the County, only \$0.46937 was levied for the 2019 tax roll. This tax rate resulted in a current year tax levy of \$30,131,035.

NOTE 5: DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

At year-end, various funds of the County reported the following amounts due from other governments:

	General	Precinct 1	Precinct 3	Other Funds	Total
Contract					
reimbursements	\$ 35,934	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 35,934
State grants	442,131	-	-	-	442,131
State fees		186,908	195,896	346,315	729,119
	\$ 478,065	<u>\$ 186,908</u>	<u>\$ 195,896</u>	<u>\$ 346,315</u>	<u>\$ 1,207,184</u>

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The County's capital asset activity was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 700,522 39,200	\$ 300,000 <u>1,604,553</u>	\$	\$ 1,000,522 1,643,753
Total capital assets not being depreciated	739,722	1,904,553	-	2,644,275
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	22,394,908	87,276	-	22,482,184
Infrastructure	67,947,276	12,543,969	-	80,491,245
Machinery and equipment	9,431,959	4,305,930	253,178	13,484,711
Vehicles	1,963,744	338,134	162,125	2,139,753
Total capital assets being depreciated	101,737,887	17,275,309	415,303	118,597,893
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	6,988,605	536,151	-	7,524,756
Infrastructure	4,163,033	1,883,106	-	6,046,139
Machinery and equipment	6,409,033	1,156,761	227,245	7,338,549
Vehicles	1,150,702	313,511	110,278	1,353,935
Total accumulated depreciation	18,711,373	3,889,529	337,523	22,263,379
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	83,026,514	13,385,780	77,780	96,334,514
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 83,766,236	\$ 15,290,333	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 98,978,789</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental activities

General government	\$ 943,989
Judicial	553,869
Public works	2,324,382
Health and welfare	 67,289
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 3,889,529

NOTE 7: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

<u>Plan description.</u> The County's defined benefit pension plan provides pensions for all full-time and part-time non-temporary employees of the County. The plan is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the plan. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available online at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u> or upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at Barton Oaks Plaza IV, Ste. 500, 901 S. MoPac Expy. Austin, TX 75746.

<u>Benefits provided.</u> The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms.</u> At September 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	85
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	111
Active employees	<u> 158</u>
	_354

<u>Contributions.</u> The employer has elected the annually determined contribution plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The County is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of the employees. For the year ended September 30, 2020, the average active employee contribution rate was 7.00% of annual pay and the County's average contribution rate was 7.40% of annual payroll.

Net Pension Liability(Asset)

The County's net pension liability(asset) was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability(asset) used to calculate the net pension liability(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial assumptions.</u> The total pension liability(asset) in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	
Recognition of economic/ demographic gains or losses Recognition of assumptions changes or inputs	s Straight-line amortization over expected working life Straight-line amortization over expected working life
Asset valuation method	
Smoothing period Recognition method Corridor	5 years Non-asymptotic None
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by age and service. 4.85% average over career including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.10% (gross of administrative expenses)
Cost of living adjustments	Cost of living adjustments for DeWitt County are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost of living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost of living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.
Retirement age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Turnover	The rate of assumed future termination from active participation in the plan for reasons other than death, disability or retirement is 0% for the two years immediately prior to retirement eligibility. Rates are reduced at ages near retirement as it is anticipated that a member would be less likely to take a withdrawal. New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have similar entry ages.
Mortality	For service retirees and beneficiaries,130% and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For depositing members, 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For disabled retirees, 130% and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Actuarial assumptions. - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Target	Geometric Real Rate of
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation (1)	Return ⁽²⁾
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	14.50%	5.20%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽³⁾	20.00%	8.20%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.50%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	7.00%	5.20%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	7.00%	5.70%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.20%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.00%	3.14%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.16%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index ⁽⁴⁾	4.00%	6.90%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	3.00%	4.50%
Master Limited Partnerships	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	8.40%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁵⁾	6.00%	5.50%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	8.00%	2.30%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2019 TCDRS Board meeting

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 1.80%, per Cliffwater's 2020 capital market assumptions

- ⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs
- ⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs

<u>Discount Rate.</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability(Asset).

	Increase (Decrease)				
	T	otal Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		et Pension bility(Asset)
		(a)	(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$	18,231,918	\$ 17,755,792	\$	476,126
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		723,459	-		723,459
Interest		1,496,282	-		1,496,282
Effect of plan changes		-	-		-
Effect of economic/demographic					
gains or losses		(19,001)	-		(19,001)
Effect of assumptions changes/inputs		-	-		_
Refund of contributions		(118,827)	(118,827)		-
Benefit payments		(865,854)	(865,854)		-
Administrative expense		-	(15,779)		15,779
Member contributions		-	501,070		(501,070)
Net investment income		-	2,915,808		(2,915,808)
Employer contributions		-	529,701		(529,701)
Other changes			4,463		(4,463)
Balance at 12/31/2019	\$	19,447,977	\$ 20,706,374	\$	(1,258,397)

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability / (asset) to changes in the discount rate.</u> The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.10%) than the current rate:

	1	1% Decrease Rate		Rate 1% In		% Increase
		7.10%		8.10%		9.10%
Total pension liability	\$	21,779,350	\$	19,447,977	\$	17,477,183
Fiduciary net position		20,706,374		20,706,374		20,706,374
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$	1,072,976	\$	(1,258,397)	\$	(3,229,191)

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position.</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TCDRS report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$434,911. At September 30, 2020, the County reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$ 50,437	\$	52,457	
Changes of assumptions	53,900		-	
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings	-		486,165	
Contributions made subsequent to			·	
measurement date	 431,157	<u></u>		
Total	\$ 535,494	\$	538,622	

Amounts reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources that are related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:						
2021	\$	(80,504)				
2022		(102,397)				
2023		47,657				
2024		(299,041)				
2025		-				
Thereafter		-				

Payable to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2020, the County reported a payable of \$17,157, grouped with accrued expenses, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended September 30, 2020.

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB)

General Information about the Plan

<u>Plan description.</u> The County's participates in the retiree Group Term Life (GTL) program for the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public employee retirement system. The plan provides benefits all full-time and part-time non-temporary employees of the County.

<u>Benefits provided.</u> The plan provides a \$5,000 post-retirement death benefit to beneficiaries of service retirees and disability retirees. The OPEB benefit is a fixed \$5,000 lump-sum benefit and no future increases are assumed. Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the County may elect to opt out of (or opt into) coverage as of Jan. 1 each year.

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) - (Continued)

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms.</u> At September 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees receiving benefits	64
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	45
Active employees	<u> 158 </u>
	_267

<u>Contributions.</u> Contributions made to the retiree GTL Program are held in the GTL Fund. The GTL fund does not meet the requirements of a trust under Paragraph 4b of GASB No. 75, as the assets of the GTL fund can be used to pay active GTL benefits which are not part of the OPEB plan. The County's contribution rate for the retiree GTL program is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, and is equal to the cost of providing a one-year death benefit equal to \$5,000.

Total OPEB Liability.

The County's total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, December 31, 2019, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions.

<u>Actuarial assumptions.</u> All actuarial assumptions and methods that determined the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2019 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 - December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB No. 75.

Valuation timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.				
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal				
Amortization method					
Recognition of economic/ demographic gains or losses Recognition of assumptions changes or inputs	S Straight-line amortization over expected working life Straight-line amortization over expected working life				
Asset valuation method	Does not apply				
Inflation	Does not apply				
Salary increases	Does not apply				
Investment rate of return (Discount rate)	2.74%; 20 year bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of December 26, 2019				
Cost of living adjustment	Does not apply				
Disability	Based on TCDRS experience				
Retirement age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.				

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) - (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. - (Continued)

Mortality

For service retirees and beneficiaries,130% and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For depositing members, 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For disabled retirees, 130% and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Other Termination of Employment The rate of assumed future termination from active participation in the plan for reasons other than death, disability or retirement vary by length of service, entry-age group and gender. No termination after eligibility for retirement is assumed.

<u>Discount Rate.</u> The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at December 31, 2019 was 2.74%, a decrease from the rate of 4.10% at December 31, 2018. The OPEB plan has been determined to be an unfunded OPEB plan; therefore, only the municipal bond rate applies.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability.

	anges in Total PEB Liability		
Balance at 12/31/2018 Changes for the year:	\$ 308,053		
Service cost	10,296		
Interest	12,820		
Changes in benefit terms	-		
Effect of economic/demographic experience	(2,547)		
Effect of assumptions changes/inputs	85,015		
Refund of contributions	-		
Benefit payments	(11,453)		
Other	 -		
Balance at 12/31/2019	\$ 402,184		

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) - (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.</u> The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 2.74%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.74%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.74%) than the current rate. Note that the healthcare cost trend rate does not affect the Total OPEB liability, so sensitivity to the healthcare cost trend rate is not shown.

			Curre	ent Discount			
	1%	Decrease		Rate	1%	6 Increase	
		1.74%	2.74%		3.74%		
Total OPEB liability	\$	488,668	\$	402,184	\$	336,778	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$30,867. At September 30, 2020, the County reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Contributions made subsequent to	\$ 791 80,777	\$ 7,739 25,473		
measurement date	 8,157	 _ _		
Total	\$ 89,725	\$ 33,212		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are related to OPEB, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:					
2021	\$	7,751			
2022		7,751			
2023		7,751			
2024		7,749			
2025		5,572			
Thereafter		11,782			

NOTE 9: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Except in specified circumstances, the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

In 1998, the County transferred plan assets to an independent trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County purchased commercial insurance to cover risks associated with potential claims. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 11: LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

	В	Beginning					Ending		Due Within	
		Balance	Additions	Additions Reductions		Balance		One Year		
Governmental activities										
Notes from direct borrowings	\$	-	\$ 3,497,000	\$	612,091	\$	2,884,909	\$	675,995	
Compensated absences		105,202	60,000		19,770		145,432		36,358	
OPEB liability		308,053	94,131		-		402,184		-	
Net pension liability(asset)		476,126			1,734,523		(1,258,397)		-	
Total long-term liabilities	\$	889,381	<u>\$ 3,651,131</u>	\$ 2	2,366,384	\$	2,174,128	\$	712,353	

Compensated absences, OPEB liability and net pension liability(asset) are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

B. Notes from Direct Borrowings

The County entered into agreements with Motorola Solutions, Inc. to build new communication towers. The construction was done in two phases and included a change order to complete the work. The towers were put into operation in September 2020 for a total cost of \$3,197,000. Each phase and the change order agreements have separate payment arrangements and interest rates. The outstanding notes related to the communication towers of \$2,644,909 at September 30, 2020 contain a provision that in an event of default, remedies may be exercised including but not limited to, declaring outstanding amounts immediately due and payable and/or selling or leasing the equipment. Phase 1 agreement includes an annual payment of \$355,067 with an interest rate of 3.81% and final payment due in February 2024. Phase 2 agreement includes an annual payment of \$301,112 with an interest rate of 3.15% and final payment due in July 2024. The change order agreement includes an annual payment of \$51,299 with an interest rate of 2.99% and final payment due in February 2025.

NOTE 11: LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

B. Notes from Direct Borrowings

The County entered into a fixed price joint participation agreement with the Texas Department of Transportation for highway improvements, whereby the County contributes \$300,000 to the State funding participation for the cost of acquiring the right of way and relocating utilities for the improvements. The note is payable in annual payments of \$60,000 with final payment due in October 20203 and bearing no interest. The outstanding note at September 30, 2020 is \$240,000.

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at September 30, 2020, are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities						
Year Ending	 Notes from Direct Borrowings						
September 30	 Principal		Interest		Total		
2021	\$ 675,995	\$	91,484	\$	767,479		
2022	697,346		70,132		767,478		
2023	719,443		48,034		767,477		
2024	742,315		25,163		767,478		
2025	 49,810		1,489		51,299		
	\$ 2,884,909	\$	236,302	\$	3,121,211		

NOTE 12: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Each year various funds of the County transfer funds to other funds. The planned transfers between the County's road funds and the road precinct funds are for road and bridge maintenance and construction in the four precincts. In addition, the General Fund makes planned transfers to the Health Department Fund, Juvenile Probation Fund, and District Attorney Fund, all of which are Special Revenue Funds, to provide necessary resources to meet the operating obligations of these funds.

	Transfers In - Governmental Funds								
Transfers Out	General	Precinct 1	Precinct 3	Nonmajor	Total				
General	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 868,594	\$ 868,594				
Precinct 3	-	-	-	25,968	25,968				
Nonmajor funds	22,248	108,291	136,440	125,250	392,229				
	<u>\$ 22,248</u>	<u>\$ 108,291</u>	<u>\$ 136,440</u>	<u>\$ 1,019,812</u>	<u>\$ 1,286,791</u>				

NOTE 13: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Programs

The County is exposed to the risk of contingent liabilities in the ordinary course of its operations. Specifically, such risks arise as a result of the County's participation in various state and federal grant programs and as a result of threatened and pending litigation. Disallowed costs could result if County expenditures made under its grants programs are found to be improper in that they violate state or federal regulations. Such disallowed costs would have to be paid back to the granting agency from the General Fund of the County. The County is not aware of any costs that have been disallowed in the current year and does not anticipate that any will be.

NOTE 13: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

Construction Commitments

As of September 30, 2020, the following construction projects were in progress:

	Costs Incurred		Estimated Remaining			
Project Description	 To Date		Costs	Source of Funds		
Governmental activities						
New annex building	\$ 1,518,845	\$	5,762,170	County		
Basement project	 85,708	. <u> </u>	886,443	County		
	 1,604,553		6,648,613			

NOTE 14: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no events, which occurred subsequent to year-end and prior to the issuance of this report, which would have a material effect on the County's financial position as of September 30, 2020 that have not been adjusted.

Required Supplementary Information

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP <u>Over (Under)</u>	Actual GAAP Basis
REVENUES				•	
Taxes	\$14,622,886	\$14,622,886	\$14,826,480	\$ -	\$14,826,480
Licenses and permits	13,500	13,500	40,574	-	40,574
Intergovernmental	1,270,956	1,270,956	1,491,967	(88,336)	1,580,303
Charges for services	770,160	770,160	949,331 218,002	-	949,331 218,002
Fines and forfeitures	216,300 407,000	216,300 407,000	218,902	-	218,902
			311,538	-	311,538
Miscellaneous	24,000	24,000	92,539	<u> </u>	92,539
Total revenues	17,324,802	17,324,802	17,931,331	(88,336)	18,019,667
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	12,430,241	12,425,041	4,190,071	(384,371)	4,574,442
Judicial	1,591,904	1,591,904	1,303,813	(19,715)	1,323,528
Public works	6,980,728	6,985,928	6,529,140	(2,560,576)	9,089,716
Health and welfare	222,068	222,068	200,306	-	200,306
Debt service					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	(552,091)	552,091
Interest and fiscal charges		<u> </u>		(104,089)	104,089
Total expenditures	21,224,941	21,224,941	12,223,330	(3,620,842)	15,844,172
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(3,900,139)	(3,900,139)	5,708,001	3,532,506	2,175,495
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Debt issued	-	-	-	(3,197,000)	3,197,000
Sale of capital assets	1,000	1,000	31,372	(35,274)	66,646
Transfers in	-	-	-	(22,248)	22,248
Transfers out	(702,897)	(702,897)	(679,244)	189,350	(868,594)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(701,897)	(701,897)	(647,872)	(3,065,172)	2,417,300
Net change in fund balance	(4,602,036)	(4,602,036)	5,060,129	467,334	4,592,795
Fund balance, beginning of year	20,808,576	20,808,576	20,808,576	57,360	20,751,216
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$16,206,540</u>	<u>\$16,206,540</u>	\$25,868,705	\$ 524,694	\$25,344,011

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. As such, revenues are recognized as they are collected and expenditures when paid.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Over (Under)	Actual GAAP Basis
REVENUES Taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (3,652,921)	\$ 3,652,921
Licenses and permits - auto registration	φ - 250,000	φ - 250,000	φ - 230,760	φ (3,032,921) 11,760	\$ 3,032,921 219,000
Intergovernmental	510,000	510,000	713,157	304,126	409,031
Charges for services	15,000	15,000	11,000	-	11,000
Interest	95,000	95,000	102,031	-	102,031
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	668		668
Total revenues	871,000	871,000	1,057,616	(3,337,035)	4,394,651
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public works					
Personnel services	687,586	687,586	666,572	(7,155)	673,727
Supplies	194,600	199,557	145,197	2,138	143,059
Other services and charges	124,600	161,743	142,140	(15,140)	157,280
Capital outlay	5,321,000	5,278,900	4,918,831	387,388	4,531,443
Total expenditures	6,327,786	6,327,786	5,872,740	367,231	5,505,509
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(5,456,786)	(5,456,786)	(4,815,124)	(3,704,266)	(1,110,858)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	22,191	-	22,191
Transfers in	3,761,212	3,761,212	3,761,212	3,652,921	108,291
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,761,212	3,761,212	3,783,403	3,652,921	130,482
Net change in fund balance	(1,695,574)	(1,695,574)	(1,031,721)	(51,345)	(980,376)
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,812,066	5,812,066	5,812,066	(76,869)	5,888,935
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 4,116,492</u>	<u>\$ 4,116,492</u>	<u>\$ 4,780,345</u>	<u>\$ (128,214)</u>	<u>\$ 4,908,559</u>

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. As such, revenues are recognized as they are collected and expenditures when paid.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 3 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Over (Under)	Actual GAAP Basis
Taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,419,542)	\$ 4,419,542
Licenses and permits - auto registration	φ - 250,000	φ - 250,000	Ψ - 310,538	9,309	φ 4,419,342 301,229
Intergovernmental	509,000	509,000	716,317	304,127	412,190
Charges for services	10,000	10,000	26,338		26,338
Interest	80,000	80,000	100,458	_	100,458
Total revenues	849,000	849,000	1,153,651	(4,106,106)	5,259,757
EXPENDITURES					
Current Public works					
Personnel services	584,838	586,438	582,049	(6,134)	588,183
Supplies	207,000	211,550	194,495	3,021	191,474
Other services and charges	59,100	61,950	41,518	(2,007)	43,525
Capital outlay	6,407,500	6,398,500	4,707,093	22,094	4,684,999
Total expenditures	7,258,438	7,258,438	5,525,155	16,974	5,508,181
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(6,409,438)	(6,409,438)	(4,371,504)	(4,123,080)	(248,424)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets	-	-	13,551	-	13,551
Transfers in	4,555,982	4,555,982	4,555,982	4,419,542	136,440
Transfers out	(25,968)	(25,968)	(25,968)		(25,968)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,530,014	4,530,014	4,543,565	4,419,542	124,023
Net change in fund balance	(1,879,424)	(1,879,424)	172,061	296,462	(124,401)
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,417,950	5,417,950	5,417,950	(457,055)	5,875,005
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 3,538,526</u>	\$ 3,538,526	<u>\$ 5,590,011</u>	<u>\$ (160,593</u>)	\$ 5,750,604

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. As such, revenues are recognized as they are collected and expenditures when paid.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last ten years

	Measurement Year			
		2019		2018
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Effect of plan changes	\$	723,459 1,496,282	\$	729,050 1,404,751
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Effect of assumption changes or inputs		(19,001)		(62,092)
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions		(984,681)		(889,373)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,216,059		1,182,336
Total Pension Liability, Beginning		18,231,917		17,049,581
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	\$	19,447,976	\$	18,231,917
Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expenses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Other	\$	529,701 501,070 2,915,808 (984,681) (15,779) 4,463	\$	509,557 482,014 (334,142) (889,373) (14,261) 4,852
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		2,950,582		(241,353)
Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning		17,755,791		17,997,144
Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b)	<u>\$</u>	20,706,373	<u>\$</u>	17,755,791
Net Pension Liability / (Asset), Ending (a) - (b)	\$	(1,258,397)	\$	476,126
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		106.47%		97.39%
Pensionable Covered Payroll	\$	7,158,139	\$	6,885,912
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		-17.58%		6.91%

NOTE: Information for years prior to 2014 was not readily available. The County will compile the respective information as provided by TCDRS on a "measurement date" basis.

		Measuren	nent Y	'ear		
2017		2016		2015		2014
	_					
\$ 718,091	\$	712,365	\$	652,882	\$	582,507
1,290,974		1,171,077		1,118,859		1,047,576
- 126,093		- 53,063		(78,914) (374,133)		46,483
134,747		, _		178,585		, –
 (863,560)		(788,175)		(875,927)		(883,722)
1,406,345		1,148,330		621,352		792,844
 15,643,236		14,494,906		13,873,554		13,080,710
\$ 17,049,581	\$	15,643,236	\$	14,494,906	<u>\$</u>	13,873,554
\$ 490,228	\$	473,516	\$	434,419	\$	402,578
498,093		447,921		410,939		380,816
2,279,537		1,059,214		108,512		918,795
(863,560) (11,969)		(788,175) (11,507)		(875,927) (10,309)		(883,722) (10,712)
1,559		105,337		(107,767)		69,346
 1,000		100,007		(101,101)		00,040
2,393,888		1,286,306		(40,133)		877,101
 15,603,256		14,316,950		14,357,083		13,479,982
\$ 17,997,144	\$	15,603,256	\$	14,316,950	<u>\$</u>	14,357,083
\$ (947,563)	\$	39,980	\$	177,956	\$	(483,529)
105.56%		99.74%		98.77%		103.49%
\$ 6,624,694	\$	6,398,873	\$	5,870,551	\$	5,440,233
-14.30%		0.62%		3.03%		-8.89%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year
	2020 2019 2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 317,821 \$ 322,261 \$ 331,235
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(555,012)(527,018)(502,736)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (237,191)</u> <u>\$ (204,757)</u> <u>\$ (171,501)</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 7,500,173 \$ 7,121,866 \$ 6,283,976
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.40% 7.40% 8.00%

N/A denotes information not available.

NOTE: Information for years prior to 2015 was not readily available. The County will compile the respective information over the next four fiscal years.

Fiscal Year								
	2017		2016		2015			
\$	397,370	\$	382,760	\$	373,744			
	(484,805)		(452,061)		(464,359)			
<u>\$</u>	(87,435)	\$	(69,301)	\$	(90,615)			
\$	6,584,547	\$	6,540,759		N/A			
	7.36%		6.91%		N/A			

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last ten years

	Measurement Year					
	2019		2018			2017
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability	\$	10,296 12,820	\$	14,448 11,851	\$	12,736 11,824
Effect of plan changes Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Effect of assumption changes or inputs Benefit payments	_	(2,547) 85,015 (11,453)		(7,778) (35,661) (9,640)		1,385 13,838 (9,937)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		94,131		(26,780)		29,846
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning		308,053		334,833		304,987
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$	402,184	\$	308,053	\$	334,833
Covered-employee Payroll	\$	7,158,139	\$	6,885,912	\$	6,624,694
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll		5.62%		4.47%		5.05%

NOTE: Information for years prior to 2017 was not readily available. The County will compile the respective information as provided by TCDRS on a "measurement date" basis.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB

Last ten fiscal years

			F	iscal Year		
		2020		2019		2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	10,856	\$	11,046	\$	9,664
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(10,856)		(11,046)		(9,664)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	-
Covered payroll	\$	7,500,173	\$	7,121,866	\$	6,283,976
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.14%		0.16%		0.15%

NOTE: Information for years prior to 2018 was not readily available. The County will compile the respective information over the next seven fiscal years.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2020

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The County annually adopts budgets that are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, which is not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). A reconciliation to GAAP basis is provided in the preceding schedules.

NOTE 2: BUDGETARY LEGAL COMPLIANCE

There were no excess expenditures over appropriations during fiscal year 2020 in the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Funds.

NOTE 3: TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSION

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period	Entry age Level percentage of payroll, closed 0.0 years
Asset Valuation Method Inflation	5 year smoothed market 2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.
Investment Rate of Return	8.0%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP- 2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2- 14 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Changes in Assumptions and Methods	2015: New inflation, mortality and other
Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions	assumptions were reflected 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.
Changes in Plan Provisions	2015: No changes in plan provisions.
Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions	 2016: No changes in plan provisions. 2017: New annuity purchase rates for benefits earned after 2017. 2018: No changes in plan provisions. 2019: No changes in plan provisions.

NOTE 4: TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - OPEB

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

There were no changes in plan provisions or assumptions during the year.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

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ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2020

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue	Capital Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,304,133	\$ 438,379	\$ 6,742,512
Taxes receivable (net)	303,290	-	303,290
Due from other governments	346,315		346,315
Total assets	<u>\$6,953,738</u>	<u>\$ 438,379</u>	<u>\$7,392,117</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 241,390	\$ 20,915	\$ 262,305
Accrued expenditures	64,306		64,306
Total liabilities	305,696	20,915	326,611
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	303,290		303,290
Total deferred inflows of resources	303,290	<u> </u>	303,290
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted			
Courts	489,374	-	489,374
Health and welfare	415,844	-	415,844
Public safety	442,601	-	442,601
Public works Various capital projects	4,996,933	- 417,464	4,996,933 417,464
vanous capital projects			417,404
Total fund balances	6,344,752	417,464	6,762,216
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,			
and fund balances	<u>\$ 6,953,738</u>	<u>\$ 438,379</u>	<u>\$ 7,392,117</u>

ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue	Capital Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 5,906,679	\$-	\$ 5,906,679	
Licenses and permits	170,176	-	170,176	
Intergovernmental	1,546,023	-	1,546,023	
Charges for services	227,665	-	227,665	
Interest	274,312	203	274,515	
Miscellaneous	191,580		191,580	
Total revenues	8,316,435	203	8,316,638	
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	291,316	-	291,316	
Judicial	513,613	-	513,613	
Public works	6,766,752	89,889	6,856,641	
Health and welfare	568,069	-	568,069	
Debt service				
Principal	60,000	<u> </u>	60,000	
Total expenditures	8,199,750	89,889	8,289,639	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	116,685	(89,686)	26,999	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Debt issued	300,000	-	300,000	
Sale of capital assets	45,543	-	45,543	
Transfers in	1,019,812	-	1,019,812	
Transfers out	(392,229)		(392,229)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	973,126		973,126	
Net change in fund balances	1,089,811	(89,686)	1,000,125	
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,254,941	507,150	5,762,091	
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 6,344,752</u>	<u>\$ 417,464</u>	<u>\$ 6,762,216</u>	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds for the County are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Road and Bridge Funds

The Road and Bridge Funds are constitutional funds established to account for current funds used for the purpose of constructing and maintaining roads and bridges. The principal sources of revenues for these funds are ad valorem taxes, vehicle registrations, and intergovernmental revenues.

The County is divided into four precincts, each of which is administered by one of the four County Commissioners. Each precinct has a separate budget for the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges in the precinct.

The Nonmajor Road and Bridge Funds consist of the following funds:

- Road and Bridge General Fund accounts for those resources that are legally restricted or committed to
 expenditures for road and bridge maintenance within the County. Tax revenues represent the major
 revenue source in this fund.
- Road and Bridge Precinct No. 2 and Road and Bridge Precinct No. 4 Funds account for costs associated with the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges in each precinct. Revenues are derived primarily from tax revenues, vehicle registration licenses, State Lateral Road Distribution Grants, right of way royalty, and interest earnings. Transfers are received from the Road and Bridge Special Fund, the Road and Bridge General Fund, and the County Road and Flood Control Fund.
- Road and Bridge Special Fund is used to account for revenues derived from ad valorem taxes resulting
 from a special tax levy for special road and bridge maintenance and construction purposes and the
 subsequent transfer of such funds to the four precincts. The fund also pays for special road and bridge
 projects sponsored by the Texas Department of Transportation.
- County Road and Flood Fund accounts for those resources that are legally restricted or committed to
 expenditures for road and flood issues within the County. Tax revenues represent the major revenue
 source in this fund.

Other Special Revenue Funds

The Other Special Revenue Funds consist of grant and special fee funds that account for revenues that are expended for particular functions and activities.

The Other Special Revenue Funds consist of the following funds:

- The Jail Commissary Fund is used to account for fees collected from commissary sales that are used for the benefit of the inmates and to help defray the cost of operating the commissary.
- The Seized Funds account holds monies seized in criminal cases until the court case is finalized and the District judge determines disposition and how the County may use the money.
- The Appellate Judicial System Fund is used to account for fees collected by the County and District Courts to help defray the cost of operating and maintaining the appeals court system in Texas.
- The Election Contract Services Fund is used to account for fees collected by the Elections Administrator from entities within the County who wish to contract out their election process.
- The Justice Court Security Fund is used to account for fees collected by the Justice of the Peace Courts to help defray the cost of maintaining security for their offices not located in the Courthouse building.

Other Special Revenue Funds - (Continued)

- The Capital Credits Fund accounts for unclaimed money received by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts from electric cooperatives. The money has been dedicated by commissioners' court to support a children's advocacy group.
- The Law Library Fund provides for the establishment and maintenance of a library for the use of members of the Texas Bar Association. It is stocked with several thousand books. Revenues are derived from fees that are assessed in each civil case filed in the County and District Courts.
- The Records Management and County Clerk Records Management Funds are used to account for the record management fees collected on various transactions and the subsequent expenditure of these monies for preservation and records management.
- The Courthouse Security Fund accounts for fees received from the County and District Clerks and used for courthouse security.
- The Justice Court Technology Fund accounts for collection of Justice of the Peace fees used for technology upgrades to computers and software in the Justice of the Peace offices.
- The Health Department Fund accounts for a state health grant and other local government revenues used to provide health care for the needy.
- The Family Protection Fund accounts for fees collected by the District Clerk on suits from the dissolution
 of marriage that are used to establish a program or aid non-profit organizations that provide family
 protection services.
- The County Clerk Records Archive Fund accounts for a fee collected by the County Clerk and may be expended only for the preservation and restoration of the County Clerk's records archive.
- The District Court Technology Fund fee is for preservation and restoration services performed in connection with maintaining a District Court records archive.
- The District Clerk Records Management Fund accounts for fee collections by the District Clerk and used for records preservation and management expenditures within that department.
- The County and District Court Technology Fund accounts for the collection of the County and District Clerks fees used for technology upgrades to computers and software in those offices.
- The EMC Donations Fund was created to keep emergency management donations separate in case the funds are not expended in the same year as received. This department receives donations on occasion for specific services or supplies.
- The Sheriff Donations Fund was created to keep the sheriff's department donations separate in case the funds are not expended in the same year as received. This department receives donations on occasion for specific services or supplies.
- Hurricane Harvey Fund accounts for resources such as insurance proceeds, grant revenue, and expenditures that capture the total cost of the storm to the county.
- The LEOSE Funds account for the two Constables and the Sheriff accounts for funds received from the State Comptroller to provide extra training for law enforcement officials and employees.
- The District Attorney Pre-Trial Intervention Fund was created and approved by the District Judges and Commissioners Court pursuant to Code of Criminal Procedures. The purpose of the program is to divert certain persons charges with criminal offenses from formal prosecution under the criminal justice system into a rehabilitation program.

Other Special Revenue Funds - (Continued)

- The Truancy Prevention Grant Fund is funded by the State of Texas, Office of the Governor, Criminal Justice Division. The funds are to be used to hire a juvenile case manager to provide truancy prevention and intervention services.
- The District Attorney Fund accounts for contributions from the three counties within the 24th Judicial District used for miscellaneous expenditures within the District Attorney's Department.
- The Juvenile Probation Fund accounts for revenues from the County and the Texas Juvenile Probation Commission that are used for costs incurred by the County's Juvenile Probation Department.
- The Sheriff Chapter 59 and County Attorney's Forfeiture Funds are used to account for revenues and expenditures that result from the sale of forfeited property.
- The Sheriff Article 18 Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures that result from the sale of forfeited property related to gambling machines.
- The Indigent Health Care Fund accounts for revenues received from ad valorem taxes and state assistance used to provide health care to County indigents.
- The County Attorney Civil Commissions Fund accounts for bond forfeitures collected from individuals not appearing for trial. The monies are used for department expenditures.
- The Pretrial Intervention Fund accounts for fees normally collected from first-time offenders who qualify for supervisory probation as a means to atone for their transgressions. The monies are used for program expenditures.
- The Check Collecting and Processing Fund accounts for the fees generated by the County Attorney in collecting bad checks. The funds are used for normal operating costs within the department.
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2020

ASSETS	Road and Bridge	Other Special Revenue	Total
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable (net) Due from other governments	\$ 4,800,234 297,604 346,315	\$ 1,503,899 5,686 	\$ 6,304,133
Total assets	\$ 5,444,153	<u>\$ 1,509,585</u>	\$ 6,953,738
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenditures Total liabilities	\$ 203,037 47,214 250,251	\$	\$ 241,390 64,306 305,696
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	297,604	5,686	303,290
Total deferred inflows of resources	297,604	5,686	303,290
FUND BALANCES Restricted			
Courts	-	489,374	489,374
Health and welfare	-	415,844	415,844
Public safety Public works	-	442,601	442,601
	4,896,298	100,635	4,996,933
Total fund balances	4,896,298	1,448,454	6,344,752
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 1,509,585</u>	<u>\$6,953,738</u>

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2020

REVENUES		Road and Bridge		Other Special Revenue		Total
Taxes	\$	5,724,109	\$	182,570	\$	5,906,679
Licenses and permits	Ŧ	170,176	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	170,176
Intergovernmental		805,769		740,254		1,546,023
Charges for services		5,500		222,165		227,665
Interest		246,760		27,552		274,312
Miscellaneous		87,776		103,804		191,580
Total revenues		7,040,090		1,276,345		8,316,435
EXPENDITURES Current						
General government		-		291,316		291,316
Judicial		-		513,613		513,613
Public works		6,225,453		541,299		6,766,752
Health and welfare		-		568,069		568,069
Debt service Principal retirement		60,000				60,000
-		6,285,453		1,914,297		8,199,750
Total expenditures		0,200,400		1,914,297		0,199,750
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures		754,637		(637,952)		116,685
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Debt issued		300,000		-		300,000
Sale of capital assets		35,830		9,713		45,543
Transfers in		151,218		868,594		1,019,812
Transfers out		(369,981)		(22,248)		(392,229)
Total other financing sources (uses)		117,067		856,059		973,126
Net change in fund balances		871,704		218,107		1,089,811
Fund balances, beginning of year		4,024,594		1,230,347		5,254,941
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$</u>	4,896,298	\$	1,448,454	\$	6,344,752

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2020

ASSETS	R	General oad and Bridge		Road and Bridge Precinct 2		Road and Bridge Precinct 4
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	155,911	\$	2,406,179	\$	2,061,731
Taxes receivable (net)		121,266		-		-
Due from other governments		-		173,624		172,691
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	277,177	\$	2,579,803	\$	2,234,422
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	131,193	\$	71,844
Accrued expenditures		11,580	<u> </u>	19,718		15,916
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	11,580		150,911		87,760
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		121,266				
Total deferred inflows of resources		121,266				
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted - public works		144,331		2,428,892		2,146,662
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,						
and fund balances	\$	277,177	\$	2,579,803	<u>\$</u>	2,234,422

R	Special oad and Bridge		County Road and Flood	 Totals
\$	19,847 27,178	\$	156,566 149,160	\$ 4,800,234 297,604 346,315
\$	47,025	\$	305,726	\$ 5,444,153
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 203,037 47,214
				 250,251
	27,178	<u>.</u>	149,160	 297,604
	27,178		149,160	 297,604
	19,847		156,566	 4,896,298
\$	47,025	\$	305,726	\$ 5,444,153

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2020

	R	General oad and Bridge		Road and Bridge Precinct 2	 Road and Bridge Precinct 4
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	464,848	\$	2,597,431	\$ 2,441,632
Licenses and permits		-		91,749	78,427
Intergovernmental		-		404,764	401,005
Charges for services		-		5,500	-
Interest		78,506		82,156	86,058
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	71,173		198	 230
Total revenues		614,527		3,181,798	 3,007,352
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public works		470,196		2,966,707	2,488,550
Debt service					
Principal retirement		_			
Total expenditures		470,196	. <u></u>	2,966,707	 2,488,550
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures		144,331		215,091	 518,802
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Debt issued		-		-	-
Sale of capital assets		-		32,770	3,060
Transfers in		-		91,276	59,942
Transfers out		(107,801)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(107,801)		124,046	 63,002
Net change in fund balances		36,530		339,137	581,804
Fund balances, beginning of year		107,801	·	2,089,755	 1,564,858
Fund balances, end of year	\$	144,331	\$	2,428,892	\$ 2,146,662

Special Road and	F	County Road and	
 Bridge		Flood	 Totals
\$ 63,636	\$	156,562	\$ 5,724,109
-		-	170,176
-		-	805,769
-		-	5,500
36		4	246,760
 16,175			 87,776
 79,847		156,566	 7,040,090
300,000		-	6,225,453
 60,000			 60,000
 360,000			 6,285,453
 (280,153)		156,566	 754,637
300,000		-	300,000
_		-	35,830
-		-	151,218
 (63,999)		(198,181)	 (369,981)
 236,001		(198,181)	 117,067
(44,152)		(41,615)	871,704
 63,999		198,181	 4,024,594
\$ 19,847	\$	156,566	\$ 4,896,298

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2020

	Jail Commissary	Seized Funds	Appellate Judicial System	Election Contract Services
ASSETS Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 273,537	\$ 2,861	\$ 1,614	\$ 18,746
Taxes receivable (net)	÷ 210,001	÷ 2,001	ф 1,011 -	φ 10,710 -
Total assets	¢ 070 507	¢ 0.961	\$ 1,614	¢ 19.746
l otal assets	<u>\$ 273,537</u>	<u>\$2,861</u>	<u>\$ 1,614</u>	<u>\$ 18,746</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Accrued expenditures	<u>-</u>	-	<u> </u>	
Total liabilities				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		<u> </u>		
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted				
Courts	-	2,861	1,614	18,746
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Public safety Public works	273,537	-	-	-
Public works				
Total fund balances	273,537	2,861	1,614	18,746
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,				
and fund balances	\$ 273,537	<u>\$2,861</u>	<u>\$ 1,614</u>	<u>\$ 18,746</u>

	Justice Court Security		Law Library		Records Mgmt.		Co. Clerk Records Mgmt.		Courthouse Security		ustice Court chnology
\$	23,734	\$	40,547	\$	5,854 -	\$	141,515	\$	36,464	\$	8,240
\$	23,734	\$	40,547	\$	5,854	\$	141,515	\$	36,464	\$	8,240
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
			<u> </u>								
								. <u></u>			
									<u>-</u>		
	23,734		40,547 -		5,854 -		141,515 -		-		8,240
	-		-		-		-		- 36,464		
	23,734		40,547		5,854		141,515		36,464		8,24
<u>\$</u>	23,734	\$	40,547	\$	5,854	\$	141,515	\$	36,464	\$	8,24

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2020

ASSETS		Health partment	mily ection	I	unty Clerk Records Archive		District Court chnology	R	rict Clerk ecords /lgmt
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable (net)	\$	30,475 	\$ 82	\$	116,875 	\$	13,924 	\$	2,367
Total assets	\$	30,475	\$ 82	<u>\$</u>	116,875	\$	13,924	\$	2,367
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	5,783	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued expenditures		5,789	 					·	
Total liabilities		11,572	 						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURC Unavailable revenue - property taxes	ES 		 -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Total deferred inflows of resources			 						
FUND BALANCES Restricted									
Courts		-	-		116,875		13,924		2,367
Health and welfare		18,903	82		-		-		-
Public safety		-	-		-		-		-
Public works		-	 		-				
Total fund balances		18,903	 82		116,875		13,924		2,367
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,									
and fund balances	\$	30,475	\$ 82	<u>\$</u>	116,875	<u>\$</u>	13,924	\$	2,367

Court hnology	D	EMC onations	heriff's mations	nstable 1 EOSE	nstable 2 EOSE	Sheriff EOSE
\$ 5,739	\$	20,604	\$ 4,180 -	\$ 3,715	\$ 4,030	\$ 3,632
\$ 5,739	\$	20,604	\$ 4,180	\$ 3,715	\$ 4,030	\$ 3,63
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
 			 	 <u>-</u>	 	
 <u> </u>			 	 	 	
5,739 -		-	-	-	-	
-		- 20,604	4,180 -	3,715	4,030 -	3,63
 5,739		20,604	 4,180	 3,715	 4,030	 3,63
\$ 5,739	\$	20,604	\$ 4,180	\$ 3,715	\$ 4,030	\$ 3,63

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2020

	Pi	ct Attorney re-Trial ervention	Pre	ruancy evention Grant		District httorney	Juvenile Probation	Ch	heriff's apter 59 orfeiture
ASSETS Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable (net)	\$	3,000 -	\$	2,675	\$	42,118 -	\$ 160,891 -	\$	6,089 -
Total assets	\$	3,000	\$	2,675	\$	42,118	\$ 160,891	\$	6,089
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable Accrued expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,109 11,303	\$ 7,384	\$	-
Total liabilities				<u> </u>		20,412	 7,384		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURC Unavailable revenue - property taxes				<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 -	<u> </u>	
FUND BALANCES Restricted									
Courts		3,000		2,675		21,706	-		-
Health and welfare		-		-		-	-		-
Public safety		-		-		-	153,507		-
Public works				<u> </u>			 		6,089
Total fund balances		3,000		2,675		21,706	 153,507		6,089
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,									
and fund balances	\$	3,000	\$	2,675	<u>\$</u>	42,118	\$ 160,891	\$	6,089

Sheriff's Article 18	Indigent Health Care	County Attorney Forfeiture	County Attorney Civil Commissions	Pre-trial Intervention	Check Collection & Processing	Totals		
\$ 29,116 	\$ 412,936 5,686	\$ 28,689 	\$ 8,743 	\$ 42,545 	\$ 8,362 	\$ 1,503,899 5,686		
<u>\$ 29,116</u>	<u>\$ 418,622</u>	<u>\$28,689</u>	<u>\$ 8,743</u>	<u>\$ 42,545</u>	<u>\$8,362</u>	<u>\$1,509,585</u>		
\$-	\$ 16,077	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 38,353		
	16,077					<u> </u>		
<u>-</u>	5,686					5,686		
<u>-</u>	5,686					5,686		
-	-	28,689	8,743	42,545	-	489,374		
-	396,859	-	-	-	-	415,844		
- 19,403	-	-	-	-	- 8,362	442,601 90,922		
19,403	396,859	28,689	8,743	42,545	8,362	1,438,741		
<u>\$ 19,403</u>	<u>\$418,622</u>	<u>\$28,689</u>	<u>\$8,743</u>	\$ 42,545	<u>\$ 8,362</u>	<u>\$ 1,499,872</u>		

(Concluded)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Jail Commissary	Seized Funds	Appellate Judicial System	Election Contract Services
REVENUES	<u>^</u>	^	<u>^</u>	•
Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-
Intergovernmental Charges for services	- 29,517	- 261	- 1,614	- 6,891
Interest	3,271	201	-	0,091
Miscellaneous	54,208	-	-	_
Total revenues	86,996	283	1,614	6,891
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	222,345	-	1,726	2,181
Judicial	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare				
Total expenditures	222,345		1,726	2,181
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(135,349)	283	(112)	4,710
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	187,059	-	-	-
Transfers out				
Total other financing sources	187,059			
Net change in fund balances	51,710	283	(112)	4,710
Fund balances, beginning of year	221,827	2,578	1,726	14,036
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$273,537</u>	<u>\$2,861</u>	<u>\$ 1,614</u>	<u>\$ 18,746</u>

Justice Court Security	Capita Credits		Law Library	Records Mgmt.	Co. Clerk Records Mgmt.	Courthouse Security	Justice Court Technology
\$	\$		6 -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$.
696		464	- 11,224	- 4,278	- 53,902	- 9,441	- 2,835
030	-	-		4,270	84	- 3,441	2,000
	-	-	-	-		-	
696	. 4,4	464	11,224	4,278	53,986	9,441	2,835
182	2 4,4	464	-	9,578	25,565	-	
	-	-	16,713	-	-	965	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.0/		<u> </u>		<u>_</u>			
182	<u> </u>	464 _	16,713	9,578	25,565	965	
514	Ļ	-	(5,489)	(5,300)	28,421	8,476	2,83
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			-		<u> </u>		
	•						<u> </u>
514	Ļ	-	(5,489)	(5,300)	28,421	8,476	2,83
23,220)		46,036	11,154	113,094	27,988	5,40
\$ 23,734	<u>\$</u>		\$ 40,547	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 141,515</u>	<u>\$ 36,464</u>	\$ 8,24

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2020

,	Health Department	Family Protection	County Clerk Records Archive	District Court Technology	District Clerk Records Mgmt.
REVENUES	¢	¢	¢	\$-	¢
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$- 129,370	\$-	\$-	φ -	\$-
Charges for services	14,624	903	51,130	2,519	3,554
Interest		-	2,842	2,010	- 0,004
Miscellaneous	-	-	_,•	-	-
Total revenues	143,994	903	53,972	2,519	3,554
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	-	-	-	-	-
Judicial	-	-	26,125	-	4,500
Public works	-	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	303,623	836			
Total expenditures	303,623	836	26,125		4,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(159,629)	67	27,847	2,519	(946)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	111,221	-	-	-	-
Transfers out					
Total other financing sources	111,221				
Net change in fund balances	(48,408)	67	27,847	2,519	(946)
Fund balances, beginning of year	67,311	15	89,028	11,405	3,313
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 18,903</u>	<u>\$82</u>	<u>\$ 116,875</u>	<u>\$ 13,924</u>	<u>\$2,367</u>

Cou Techno		EMC mations		neriff's nations		lurricane Harvey		istable 1 EOSE		stable 2 SOSE	heriff EOSE
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
	-	-		-		23,652		685		685	3,632
	353	-	,	-		-		-		-	-
	_	9,220		2,160		-		-		-	-
	353	 9,220		2,160		23,652		685		685	 3,632
	- - - -	 2,681 - - 2,681		3,000 - - - 3,000		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -	 - - - - -
	353	6,539		(840)		23,652		685		685	3,632
	-	-		-		-		-		-	-
	-	-		-		89,314		-		-	-
		 			·····	89,314					
		 							<u></u>		
	353	6,539		(840)		112,966		685		685	3,632
	5,386	 14,065		5,020		(112,966)		3,030		3,345	
\$	5,739	\$ 20,604	\$	4,180	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	3,715	\$	4,030	\$ 3,632

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended September 30, 2020

	District Attorney Pre-Trial Intervention	Truancy Prevention Grant	District Attorney	Juvenile Probation	Sheriff's Chapter 59 Forfeiture
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	55,121	233,290	289,355	-
Charges for services	4,500	837	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	2,535
Miscellaneous	-		1,744		1,523
Total revenues	4,500	55,958	235,034	289,355	4,058
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	-	-	_	-	4,619
Judicial	6,000	55,287	403,894	-	, _
Public works	-	-	-	541,299	-
Health and welfare					
Total expenditures	6,000	55,287	403,894	541,299	4,619
-	<u></u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		<u></u>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(1,500)	671	(168,860)	(251,944)	(561)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	158,000	323,000	-
Transfers out					
Total other financing sources	-	-	158,000	323,000	
Net change in fund balances	(1,500)	671	(10,860)	71,056	(561)
Fund balances, beginning of year	4,500	2,004	32,566	82,451	6,650
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,000	<u>\$2,675</u>	<u>\$21,706</u>	<u>\$ 153,507</u>	\$ 6,089

Sheriff's Article 18	Indigent Health Care	County Attorney Forfeiture	County Attorney Civil Commissions	Pre-trial Intervention	Check Collection & Processing	Totals
\$ -	\$ 182,570	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 182,570
-	-	-	-	-	-	740,254
-	-	-	1,144	21,139	803	222,165
-	18,798	-	-	-	-	27,552
21,904	7,960	5,085				103,804
21,904	209,328	5,085	1,144	21,139	803	1,276,345
14,975	-	-	-	-	-	291,316
-	-	109	-	-	20	513,613
-	-	-	-	-	-	541,299
	263,610		<u> </u>			568,069
14,975	263,610	109			20	1,914,297
6,929	(54,282)	4,976	1,144	21,139	783	(637,952)
9,713	-	-	-	-	-	9,713
-	-	-	-	-	-	868,594
(22,248)			-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(22,248)
(22,248)						846,346
(15,319)	(54,282)	4,976	1,144	21,139	783	208,394
34,722	451,141	23,713	7,599	21,406	7,579	1,230,347
<u>\$ 19,403</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 28,689</u>	<u>\$ 8,743</u>	<u>\$ 42,545</u>	<u>\$ 8,362</u>	<u>\$ 1,438,741</u>

(Concluded)

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is a constitutional fund and is utilized to account for all County revenues and expenditures except those which are required by law to be classed in other constitutional funds and such other funds that are presented separately to facilitate proper accountability.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Original	Final	Actual Budgetary	Variance Positive
	Budget	Budget	Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	¢ 11 100 000	¢ 11 100 000	¢ 14754770	\$ 271,887
Current ad valorem	\$ 14,482,886 140,000	\$ 14,482,886	\$ 14,754,773 71 707	
Delinquent ad valorem	140,000	140,000	71,707	(68,293)
Total taxes	14,622,886	14,622,886	14,826,480	203,594
Licenses and permits				
Floodplain and miscellaneous permits	13,500	13,500	40,574	27,074
Intergovernmental				
Grants and salary supplements	224,033	224,033	295,396	71,363
Other funds				
Dispatching service	107,923	107,923	107,923	-
Boarding prisoners	550,000	550,000	679,925	129,925
Law enforcement	250,000	250,000	250,000	-
Miscellaneous	139,000	139,000	158,723	19,723
Total intergovernmental	1,270,956	1,270,956	1,491,967	221,011
Charges for services				
Fees of office				
Sheriff	50,000	50,000	46,976	(3,024)
County clerk	140,000	140,000	184,977	44,977
Tax assessor-collector	475,000	475,000	613,164	138,164
District clerk	42,000	42,000	40,174	(1,826)
Justices of the peace	27,000	27,000	31,289	4,289
, Miscellaneous fees	1,550	1,550	4,407	2,857
Other fees				,
Arrest fees	4,200	4,200	4,751	551
Pre-trial diversion	10,500	10,500	250	(10,250)
Miscellaneous fees	19,910	19,910	23,343	3,433
Total charges for services	770,160	770,160	949,331	179,171
Fines and forfeitures		·		·
County clerk fines	60,000	60,000	26,397	(33,603)
District clerk fines	25,000	25,000	32,098	7,098
Justice of the peace fines	115,000	115,000	134,668	19,668
Other	16,300	16,300	25,739	9,439
	216,300	216,300	218,902	2,602
Total fines and forfeitures	210,300	210,000	210,302	2,002
Interest	407 000	407.000	244 520	(05.460)
Regular	407,000	407,000	311,538	(95,462)
Miscellaneous	45 000	15.000	~~~~	1 - 000
Inmate telephone commissions	15,000	15,000	30,233	15,233
Sheriff sale	2,500	2,500	2,374	(126)
Other miscellaneous	6,500	6,500	59,932	53,432
Total miscellaneous	24,000	24,000	92,539	68,539
Total revenues	17,324,802	17,324,802	17,931,331	606,529

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
County judge				
Personnel services	\$ 189,222	\$ 189,232	\$ 187,828	\$ 1,404
Supplies	1,800	1,790	874	916
Other services and charges	9,500	9,500	4,982	4,518
Capital outlay	2,000	2,000		2,000
Total county judge	202,522	202,522	193,684	8,838
County clerk				
Personnel services	368,288	368,313	366,159	2,154
Supplies	4,000	3,975	2,557	1,418
Other services and charges	36,500	36,500	23,375	13,125
Capital outlay	1,000	1,000		1,000
Total county clerk	409,788	409,788	392,091	17,697
Non-departmental				
Personnel services	260	270	269	1
Supplies	17,000	11,990	7,995	3,995
Other services and charges	1,791,405	1,703,905	489,798	1,214,107
Capital outlay	8,015,000	8,102,300	1,244,028	6,858,272
Total non-departmental	9,823,665	9,818,465	1,742,090	8,076,375
Elections				
Personnel services	95,641	99,203	99,200	3
Supplies	8,216	6,748	5,136	1,612
Other services and charges	26,054	24,460	21,752	2,708
Capital outlay	500	-	-	_
Total elections	130,411	130,411	126,088	4,323
County auditor				
Personnel services	289,667	289,667	245,762	43,905
Supplies	1,500	3,000	2,205	795
Other services and charges	57,800	53,805	46,355	7,450
Capital outlay	500	2,995	2,640	355
Total county auditor	349,467	349,467	296,962	52,505
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES - (Continued) General government - (Continued)				
County treasurer Personnel services	¢ 016 602	¢ 016.600	\$ 206,996	¢ 0.607
Supplies	\$ 216,693 3,000	\$ 216,693 4,000	\$ 206,996 2,687	\$
Other services and charges	57,000	53,150	45,107	8,043
Capital outlay	3,000	5,850	3,045	2,805
	279,693	279,693	257,835	21,858
Total county treasurer	279,093	279,095	237,033	21,000
Information technology	170.004	170.004		47.000
Personnel services	173,624	173,624	155,655	17,969
Other services and charges	163,000	153,000	136,666	16,334
Capital outlay	130,000	140,000	137,388	2,612
Total information technology	466,624	466,624	429,709	36,915
Tax assessor-collector				
Personnel services	354,471	354,501	353,727	774
Supplies	10,000	9,970	4,338	5,632
Other services and charges	402,600	399,888	389,835	10,053
Capital outlay	1,000	3,712	3,712	
Total tax assessor-collector	768,071	768,071	751,612	16,459
Total general government	12,430,241	12,425,041	4,190,071	8,234,970
Judicial				
County courts				
Personnel services	11,482	11,482	1,443	10,039
Other services and charges	108,518	108,518	27,628	80,890
Total county courts	120,000	120,000	29,071	90,929
District court				
Personnel services	12,000	12,034	7,405	4,629
Supplies	1,000	973	586	387
Other services and charges	311,000	310,993	247,841	63,152
Capital outlay	5,000	5,000	-	5,000
Total district court	329,000	329,000	255,832	73,168
District clerk				
	102 610	492 619	126 557	47.061
Personnel services	483,618	483,618	436,557	47,061
Supplies	8,000	8,000	6,882 15 279	1,118
Other services and charges	22,800 15,000	22,800 15,000	15,378 12,759	7,422
Capital outlay				2,241
Total district clerk	529,418	529,418	471,576	57,842

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES - (Continued)				
Judicial - (Continued)				
Justices of the peace				
Personnel services	\$ 332,030	\$ 332,030	\$ 318,675	\$ 13,355
Supplies	11,000	11,000	7,994	3,006
Other services and charges	62,006	62,006	27,128	34,878
Capital outlay	6,300	6,300	5,500	800
Total justices of the peace	411,336	411,336	359,297	52,039
County attorney	404.050	404.050		7 005
Personnel services	184,250	184,250	177,045	7,205
Supplies	2,500 14,400	2,500 14,400	1,566 9,426	934
Other services and charges Capital outlay	1,000	1,000	9,420	4,974 1,000
Total county attorney	202,150	202,150	188,037	14,113
Total judicial	1,591,904	1,591,904	1,303,813	288,091
-				
Public works				
Courthouse building	100 740	400 740	100.040	4 000
Personnel services	138,746	138,746	133,940	4,806
Supplies Other services and charges	16,800 223,000	15,862 223,938	7,706 181,423	8,156 42,515
Capital outlay	2,265	2,265	- 101,423	2,265
Total courthouse building	380,811	380,811	323,069	57,742
Annex building				
Supplies	4,500	4,500	1,085	3,415
Other services and charges	73,700	73,700	37,885	35,815
Total annex building	78,200	78,200	38,970	39,230
Jail building	<u>,</u>	······		
Supplies	29,000	32,479	28,280	4,199
Other services and charges	273,700	270,221	249,736	20,485
Capital outlay	264,623	284,623	284,529	94
Total jail building	567,323	587,323	562,545	24,778
Lawn and yard maintenance				
Supplies	1,000	1,000	_	1,000
Other services and charges		•	5 000	
	11,500	11,500	5,938	5,562

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

· ·	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES - (Continued)				
Public works - (Continued)				
Constables	ì			
Personnel services	\$ 127,896	\$ 127,896	\$ 127,694	\$ 202
Supplies	12,138	12,138	5,837	6,301
Other services and charges	15,800	15,750	5,323	10,427
Capital outlay	5,362	5,412	5,166	246
Total constables	161,196	161,196	144,020	17,176
Sheriff				
Personnel services	2,072,894	2,072,894	1,893,609	179,285
Supplies	132,500	130,273	93,276	36,997
Other services and charges	144,500	140,287	106,910	33,377
Capital outlay	984,468	963,908	954,937	8,971
Total sheriff	3,334,362	3,307,362	3,048,732	258,630
Jail operations				
Personnel services	1,777,003	1,774,272	1,753,287	20,985
Supplies	281,000	328,781	323,392	5,389
Other services and charges	268,760	231,710	217,592	14,118
Capital outlay	2,000	1,000	869	131
Total jail operations	2,328,763	2,335,763	2,295,140	40,623
Corrections				
Supplies	150	150	-	150
Other services and charges	250	250	-	250
Capital outlay	1,000	1,000		1,000
Total corrections	1,400	1,400		1,400
Other protection				
Personnel services	79,173	85,903	83,116	2,787
Supplies	8,500	6,970	1,575	5,395
Other services and charges	28,500	28,500	26,035	2,465
Total other protection	116,173	121,373	110,726	10,647
Total public works	6,980,728	6,985,928	6,529,140	456,788

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES - (Continued)				
Health and welfare Health				
Other services and charges	\$ 82,000	\$ 82,000	\$ 65,830	\$ 16,170
Total health	82,000	82,000	65,830	16,170
Agriculture extension services				
Personnel services	117,068	117,568	116,700	868
Supplies	1,500	1,109	804	305
Other services and charges	20,000	17,689	13,270	4,419
Capital outlay	1,500	3,702	3,702	<u> </u>
Total agriculture extension services	140,068	140,068	134,476	5,592
Total health and welfare	222,068	222,068	200,306	21,762
Total expenditures	21,224,941	21,224,941	12,223,330	9,001,611
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(3,900,139)	(3,900,139)	5,708,001	9,608,140
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	1,000	1,000	31,372	30,372
Transfers out	(702,897)	(702,897)	(679,244)	23,653
Total other financing sources (uses)	(701,897)	(701,897)	(647,872)	54,025
Net change in fund balance	(4,602,036)	(4,602,036)	5,060,129	9,662,165
Fund balance, beginning of year	20,808,576	20,808,576	20,808,576	
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 16,206,540</u>	<u>\$ 16,206,540</u>	<u>\$ 25,868,705</u>	<u>\$ 9,662,165</u>

(Concluded)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ROAD AND BRIDGE GENERAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

REVENUES	Final Budge		Actual Budgetary Basis		Budget to GAAP ver (Under)		Actual GAAP Basis
Taxes	• • • • • •		0.005.444	•	F 074 407	•	100.077
Current ad valorem	\$ 6,058 20	,079 \$,000	6,095,444 40,871	\$	5,671,467	\$	423,977 40,871
Delinquent ad valorem Total taxes	6,078	<u> </u>	6,136,315		5,671,467		464,848
Interest	-	,079	78,506		5,071,407		78,506
Miscellaneous		,000 ,500	78,300 71,173		-		78,300 71,173
	6,173		6,285,994		5,671,467	r	614,527
Total revenues	0,170	,019	0,200,334		3,071,407		014,027
EXPENDITURES Current Public works							
Personnel services	364	,901	364,598		(3,127)		367,725
Other services and charges	117	,200	102,471				102,471
Total expenditures	482	.,101	467,069		(3,127)		470,196
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	5,691	,478	5,818,925		5,674,594	·	144,331
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	(5,779	,268)	(5,779,268)		(5,671,467)		(107,801)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,779	,268)	(5,779,268)		(5,671,467)		(107,801)
Net change in fund balance	(87	7,790)	39,657		3,127		36,530
Fund balance, beginning of year	116	,254 _	116,254		8,453		107,801
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$28</u>	<u>,464</u> <u></u>	5 155,911	\$	11,580	\$	144,331

Explanation of differences:

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Over (Under)	Actual GAAP Basis
REVENUES Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ (2,597,431)	\$ 2,597,431
Licenses and permits - auto registration	۔ پ 89,000	۔ پ 93,610	(2,397,431) 1,861	91,749
Intergovernmental	502,500	708,891	304,127	404,764
Charges for services	2,500	5,500	-	5,500
Interest	14,000	82,156	-	82,156
Miscellaneous	900	198	-	198
Total revenues	608,900	890,355	(2,291,443)	3,181,798
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public works				
Personnel services	620,051	619,080	(5,615)	624,695
Supplies	160,650	118,697	4,519	114,178
Other services and charges	92,100	78,334	(371)	78,705
Capital outlay	2,184,150	2,022,553	(126,576)	2,149,129
Total expenditures	3,056,951	2,838,664	(128,043)	2,966,707
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(2,448,051)	(1,948,309)	(2,163,400)	215,091
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	5,000	32,770	-	32,770
Transfers in	2,688,708	2,688,708	2,597,432	91,276
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,693,708	2,721,478	2,597,432	124,046
Net change in fund balance	245,657	773,169	434,032	339,137
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,633,050	1,633,050	(456,705)	2,089,755
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 1,878,707</u>	<u>\$ 2,406,219</u>	<u>\$ (22,673</u>)	\$ 2,428,892

Explanation of differences:

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 4 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits - auto registration Intergovernmental	Final <u>Budget</u> \$ - 70,000 502,000	Actual Budgetary Basis \$- 79,325 705,132	Budget to GAAP <u>Over (Under)</u> \$ (2,441,632) 898 304,127	Actual GAAP Basis \$ 2,441,632 78,427 401,005
Interest	12,000	86,058	-	86,058
Miscellaneous	<u>-</u> 584,000	<u> </u>	(2,136,607)	<u> </u>
Total revenues		070,743	(2,130,007)	
EXPENDITURES Current Public works				
Personnel services Supplies Other services and charges Capital outlay	497,669 103,415 31,485 2,202,600	487,036 79,820 19,407 2,195,151	(5,072) 5,366 (4,382) 296,952	492,108 74,454 23,789 1,898,199
Total expenditures	2,835,169	2,781,414	292,864	2,488,550
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,251,169)	(1,910,669)	(2,429,471)	518,802
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets Transfers in	- 2,501,574	3,060 2,501,574	- 2,441,632	3,060 59,942
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,501,574	2,504,634	2,441,632	63,002
Net change in fund balance	250,405	593,965	12,161	581,804
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,467,795	1,467,795	(97,063)	1,564,858
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 1,718,200</u>	<u>\$ 2,061,760</u>	<u>\$ (84,902</u>)	<u>\$ 2,146,662</u>

Explanation of differences:

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SPECIAL ROAD AND BRIDGE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

REVENUES	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Over (Under)	Actual GAAP Basis
Taxes				
Current ad valorem Delinquent ad valorem	\$ 1,558,862 15,000	\$ 1,578,124 8,819	\$ 1,523,307 	\$ 54,817 8,819
Total taxes	1,573,862	1,586,943	1,523,307	63,636
Interest	8,000	36	-	36
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	16,175		16,175
Total revenues	1,581,862	1,603,154	1,523,307	79,847
EXPENDITURES				
Current Public works Debt service	70,000	60,000	(240,000)	300,000
Principal	-	-	(60,000)	60,000
Total expenditures	70,000	60,000	(300,000)	360,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,511,862	1,543,154	1,823,307	(280,153)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Debt issued	-	-	(300,000)	300,000
Transfers out	(1,587,306)	(1,587,306)	(1,523,307)	(63,999)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,587,306)	(1,587,306)	(1,523,307)	236,001
Net change in fund balance	(75,444)	(44,152)	300,000	(44,152)
Fund balance, beginning of year	63,999	63,999		63,999
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ (11,445</u>)	<u>\$ 19,847</u>	<u>\$ 300,000</u>	<u>\$ 19,847</u>

Explanation of differences:

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COUNTY ROAD AND FLOOD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP <u>Over (Under)</u>	Actual GAAP Basis
REVENUES				
Taxes	• • • • • • • • • •		¢ 5 040 750	A 04.000
Current ad valorem Delinguent ad valorem	\$ 5,864,159 50,000	\$ 5,998,685 74,630	\$ 5,916,753 -	\$ 81,932 74,630
Total taxes	5,914,159	6,073,315	5,916,753	156,562
Interest	20,000	4		4
Total revenues	5,934,159	6,073,319	5,916,753	156,566
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public works				
Total expenditures				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	5,934,159	6,073,319	5,916,753	156,566
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(6,114,934)	(6,114,934)	(5,916,753)	(198,181)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,114,934)	(6,114,934)	(5,916,753)	(198,181)
Net change in fund balance	(180,775)	(41,615)	-	(41,615)
Fund balance, beginning of year	198,181	198,181		<u>\$ 198,181</u>
Fund balance, end of year	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 156,566</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u> </u>

Explanation of differences:

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS INDIGENT HEALTH CARE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Final		Actual Budgetary	to	Budget 9 GAAP		Actual GAAP
	Budget		Basis	Ove	er (Under)	.	Basis
REVENUES							
Taxes							
Current ad valorem	\$ 184,4	94 \$	180,873	\$	-	\$	180,873
Delinquent ad valorem	2	00	1,697				1,697
Total taxes	184,6	94	182,570		-		182,570
Interest	4,0	00	18,798		-		18,798
Miscellaneous			7,960				7,960
Total revenues	188,6	94	209,328		-		209,328
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Health and welfare							
Personnel services	13,3		13,340		-		13,340
Supplies		50	116		-		116
Other services and charges	16,8		14,147		-		14,147
Capital outlay		00	-		-		-
Medical expenses	412,1		245,148		9,141		236,007
Total expenditures	442,7	94	272,751		9,141		263,610
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(254,1	00)	(63,423)		(9,141)		(54,282)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u> </u>				-		
Net change in fund balance	(254,1	00)	(63,423)		(9,141)		(54,282)
Fund balance, beginning of year	476,4	08	476,408		25,267		451,141
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 222,3	<u>08</u>	412,985	<u>\$</u>	16,126	<u>\$</u>	396,859

Explanation of differences:

AGENCY FUNDS

The Agency Funds are used to account for the monies received and disbursed by the County in the capacity of trustee, custodian, or agent for individuals or other entities.

The Agency Funds consist of the following:

- The Unclaimed Funds account holds funds returned to the County that are not required to be escheated to the State. Those funds are under the care of the County Treasurer.
- The Escrow Fund was established to account for statutory court cost fees, restitution, fines collected from other government entities, juror donations, overpayments, contractual and permit fees, and sales tax collections which are transmitted to the State, the General Fund, outside entities, and/or other individuals on a periodic basis.
- The Tax Assessor combines the escrow fund, property tax, and motor vehicle department funds. These funds are used to hold escrow amounts collected on mobile homes and account for property taxes and vehicle registration fees collected.
- The County Clerk Trust Funds account holds assets for the benefit of specified minors until they reach the age of majority.
- The District Clerk Trust Fund accounts for monies received that are put in trust funds and held for other individuals or entities.
- The Inmate Trust Fund accounts hold funds that belong to the inmates. The funds are under the care and control of the County Sheriff.
- The Sheriff Cash Bond Funds account for monies paid by defendants as security that they will appear in court.

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the year ended September 30, 2020

	Beg	ance at ginning Year	Additions		Deductions			alance at End of Year
Assets Cash in bank	\$	4,894	\$	71	\$		\$	4,965
Liabilities	Ψ	-,00-	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	4,000
Due to others	\$	4,894	\$	71	\$	_	\$	4,965
	<u> </u>	.,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>+</u>	1,000
ESCROW FUND Assets								
Cash in bank	\$	54,446	<u>\$</u>	243,922	\$	225,669	\$	72,699
Liabilities								
Due to others	\$	54,446	\$	243,922	\$	225,669	<u>\$</u>	72,699
TAX ASSESSOR								
Assets								
Cash in bank	\$	187,084	<u>\$</u>	108,156,000	\$	108,160,915	<u>\$</u>	182,169
Liabilities								
Due to others	\$	187,084	<u>\$</u>	108,156,000	<u>\$</u>	108,160,915	\$	182,169
COUNTY CLERK TRUST FUNDS								
Assets								
Cash in bank	\$	40,736	<u>\$</u>	40,160	\$	36,914	\$	43,982
Liabilities								
Due to others	<u>\$</u>	40,736	\$	40,160	<u>\$</u>	36,914	<u>\$</u>	43,982
DISTRICT CLERK TRUST FUNDS								
Assets								
Cash in bank	<u>\$</u>	363,189	\$	379,254	<u>\$</u>	586,457	<u>\$</u>	155,986
Liabilities	^	000 400	^	070.054	•	500 457	^	455.000
Due to others	\$	363,189	<u>\$</u>	379,254	\$	586,457	<u>\$</u>	155,986
INMATE TRUST FUNDS								
Assets	¢	21 100	¢	205 546	¢	200 202	¢	17 504
Cash in bank	\$	31,428	<u>\$</u>	295,546	<u>\$</u>	309,393	<u>\$</u>	17,581
Liabilities Due to others	\$	31,428	\$	295,546	\$	309,393	\$	17,581
	<u>Ψ</u>	01,720	Ψ	200,040	Ψ	000,000	<u>Ψ</u>	11,001

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the year ended September 30, 2020

SHERIFF CASH BOND FUNDS	Balance at Beginning of Year		A	dditions	De	ductions		alance at End of Year
Assets	•	05 000	٠	70,000	¢	00.000	¢	20,000
Cash in bank	\$	25,000	\$	76,800	\$	69,800	\$	32,000
Liabilities								
Due to others	<u>\$</u>	25,000	\$	76,800	\$	69,800	<u>\$</u>	32,000
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
Assets								
Cash in bank	\$	706,777	<u>\$</u> 1	09,191,753	<u>\$ 1(</u>	09,389,148	\$	509,382
Liabilities								
Due to others	\$	706,777	<u>\$</u> 1	09,191,753	<u>\$ 1(</u>	09,389,148	\$	509,382

(Concluded)

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time	90
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property tax revenue	99
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future	105
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments	109
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs	111

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (1) Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year									
		202020192018				2017				
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	95,457,533 17,724,669 28,194,101	\$	82,954,693 17,892,743 23,282,524	\$	73,485,462 17,919,642 20,953,244	\$	63,586,954 23,109,025 16,096,882		
Total governmental activities net position	<u>\$</u> 1	141,376,303	<u>\$</u>	124,129,960	<u>\$</u>	112,358,348	\$	102,792,861		
Total primary government net position	<u>\$</u> 1	141,376,303	<u>\$</u>	124,129,960	\$	112,358,348	\$	102,792,861		

(1) Accrual basis of accounting

NOTES: The County implemented GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" in fiscal year 2015. Fiscal year 2014 above was restated for the effects of this standard.

The County restated fiscal year 2016 net position for penalty and interest receivable for uncollected ad valorem taxes.

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" in fiscal year 2018. Fiscal year 2017 above was restated for the effects of this standard.

 Fiscal Year													
 2016	2015			2014		2013		2012	2011				
\$ 53,455,918 26,013,508 13,187,240	\$	29,415,561 31,051,842 12,056,434	\$	13,116,994 17,432,322 15,034,046	\$	11,785,255 9,917,572 9,468,655	\$	10,219,684 6,798,005 5,059,270	\$	10,497,054 5,858,081 4,666,512			
\$ 92,656,666	<u>\$</u>	72,523,837	\$	45,583,362	<u>\$</u>	31,171,482	\$	22,076,959	\$	21,021,647			
\$ 92,656,666	\$	72,523,837	\$	45,583,362	\$	31,171,482	\$	22,076,959	\$	21,021,647			

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (1) Last ten fiscal years

		Fiscal	Year	
	2020	2019	2018	2017
Governmental activities Expenses				
General government Judicial Public works Health and welfare Interest on long-term debt	\$ 3,935,838 2,150,032 12,160,630 834,628 149,845	\$ 3,826,515 2,378,876 11,224,114 773,749	\$ 3,687,643 2,188,903 10,752,678 926,839	\$ 3,420,506 2,040,247 9,970,556 884,661
Total expenses	19,230,973	18,203,254	17,556,063	16,315,970
Program revenues Charges for services				
General government Judicial Public works	1,799,788 523,804 3,221,945	1,791,755 345,422 5,386,733	1,701,935 676,093 4,017,139	1,389,834 481,416 1,696,907
Health and welfare Operating grants and	114,085	170,361	141,782	138,048
contributions Capital grants and contributions	1,077,565	643,545	881,141	542,608
Total program revenues	6,737,187	8,337,816	7,418,090	4,248,813
Total net program expenses	(12,493,786)	(9,865,438)	(10,137,973)	(12,067,157)
General revenues and other changes Property taxes Unrestricted investment	28,765,752	20,533,832	18,897,938	21,772,885
earnings Miscellaneous	788,542 185,835	966,655 136,563	592,031 213,491	471,261 256,573
Total general revenues and other changes in net position	29,740,129	21,637,050	19,703,460	22,500,719
Total governmental activities changes in net position	<u>\$ 17,246,343</u>	<u>\$ 11,771,612</u>	<u>\$ 9,565,487</u>	<u>\$ 10,433,562</u>
Total primary government changes in net position	<u>\$ 17,246,343</u>	<u>\$. 11,771,612</u>	<u>\$ 9,565,487</u>	<u>\$ 10,433,562</u>

(1) Accrual basis of accounting

NOTES: The County implemented GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" in fiscal year 2015. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard.

The County restated fiscal year 2016 net position for penalty and interest receivable for uncollected ad valorem taxes. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated.

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" in fiscal year 2018. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard.

	2016		2015	2014	2013		2012		2011	
	2010	·	2010	 2014				2012		
\$	3,349,802 1,805,372 9,327,029 845,744 206,141	\$	2,571,157 1,685,815 11,266,551 777,582 394,684	\$ 2,385,345 1,519,429 16,851,264 761,753 422,309	\$	1,984,628 1,320,115 8,685,582 736,361 448,765	\$	2,054,078 1,229,416 6,830,006 575,526 474,197	\$	1,928,925 1,128,817 6,244,867 635,485 497,848
Para 2007 - 100	15,534,088		16,695,789	 _21,940,100		13,175,451		11,163,223		10,435,942
	1,600,249 531,238 1,677,437 127,319 481,550		1,728,791 552,933 2,042,487 109,180 686,147	1,689,760 445,243 2,171,851 33,396 417,463		1,428,624 700,202 2,520,427 55,662 655,176		962,158 1,114,339 2,200,607 52,276 536,255		1,853,355 575,233 1,924,286 64,506 1,124,405
			4,957,614	 		<u>-</u>				
	4,417,793		10,077,152	 4,757,713		5,360,091		4,865,635		5,541,785
	(11,116,295)		(6,618,637)	(17,182,387)		(7,815,360)		(6,297,588)		(4,894,157)
	30,648,143		32,926,945	30,474,733		16,964,050		7,148,900		6,770,107
	441,965 26,367		456,430 175,737	 393,166 41,930		156,460 35,347	<u></u>	95,399 108,601		132,249 13,930
	31,116,475		33,559,112	 30,909,829		17,155,857		7,352,900		6,916,286
\$	20,000,180	<u>\$</u>	26,940,475	\$ 13,727,442	\$	9,340,497	<u>\$</u>	1,055,312	<u>\$</u>	2,022,129
\$	20,000,180	\$	26,940,475	\$ 13,727,442	\$	9,340,497	\$	1,055,312	\$	2,022,129

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1) Last ten fiscal years

		 Fisca	l Yea	r		
	 2020	 2019		2018		2017
General fund Unassigned Assigned	\$ 17,973,669 7,370,342	\$ 20,521,758 229,458	\$	17,896,593 291,407	\$	13,817,638 344,640
Total general fund	\$ 25,344,011	\$ 20,751,216	\$	18,188,000	\$	14,162,278
All other governmental funds						
Restricted						
Debt service	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$	-
Special revenue funds	17,003,915	17,131,847		16,660,224		21,699,622
Capital project funds	417,464	507,150		789,501		1,037,729
Unassigned	 	 (112,966)		(353,177)	_	(199,863)
Total all other governmental						
funds	\$ 17,421,379	\$ 17,526,031	\$	17,096,548	\$	22,537,488

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

 			 Fisca	Year				
 2016	2016 2015		 2014		2013	 2012		2011
\$ 10,293,629	\$	10,450,858	\$ 13,972,429	\$	8,861,809	\$ 3,918,939	\$	4,737,330
 318,466		329,800	 307,491		311,213	 307,185		
\$ 10,612,095	\$	10,780,658	\$ 14,279,920	\$	9,173,022	\$ 4,226,124	\$	4,737,330
\$ -	\$	2,010,228	\$ 1,959,612	\$	1,634,641	\$ 915,772	\$	777,535
24,935,397		27,966,295	14,401,297		7,218,731	4,818,599		4,004,918
1,078,111		1,075,320	1,071,413		1,064,200	1,063,634		1,075,628
 			 			 		-
\$ 26,013,508	\$	31,051,843	\$ 17,432,322	\$	9,917,572	\$ 6,798,005	<u>\$</u>	5,858,081

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1) Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year 2020 2019 2017 2018 Revenues Taxes \$ 28,805,622 \$ 21,157,253 \$ 18,808,751 \$ 21,795,414 730,979 742,029 718,918 693,347 Licenses and permits 6,179,018 4,373,527 Intergovernmental 3,947,547 1,785,211 1,297,327 Charges for services 1,214,334 1,268,230 1,143,787 Fines and forfeitures 218,902 260,512 299,796 294,187 788,542 966,655 592,031 471,261 Investment income 284,787 387,554 381,058 290,907 Miscellaneous 35,990,713 30,961,251 26,471,408 26,474,114 Total revenues Expenditures Current General government 4,865,758 3,120,407 3,206,078 3,207,274 1,767,107 Judicial 1,837,141 1,875,858 1,764,311 22,119,074 20,704,449 Public works 26,960,047 22,315,574 Health and welfare 768,375 709,620 876,263 837,325 Debt service Principal retirement 612,091 104,089 Interest and fiscal charges 28,021,459 27,968,522 35,147,501 26,513,359 Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 843,212 2,939,792 (1,497,114)(39, 245)Other financing sources (uses) Debt issued 3,497,000 76,089 Sale of capital assets 147,931 52,907 81,896 Insurance proceeds 37,319 Transfers in 1,286,791 936,660 1,235,407 8,888,481 (1,286,791)(936, 660)(1,235,407)(8,888,481)Transfers out 3,644,931 52,907 81,896 113,408 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 4,488,143 \$ 2,992,699 \$ (1,415,218) \$ 74,163 Changes in fund balances Debt service as a percentage of 4.49% 0.00% 0.00% <u>0.00%</u> noncapital expenditures

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

NOTE: The County paid off outstanding bonds in 2016.

 2016		2015	 2014	 2013		2012	 2011
\$ 30,497,675 719,573 1,576,411 1,439,425 360,303 441,965 423,595	\$	32,869,436 827,426 6,655,405 1,500,165 376,832 456,430 568,471	\$ 30,751,455 692,378 1,851,025 1,549,694 396,724 393,166 285,990	\$ 16,600,054 788,809 1,907,885 1,781,190 464,734 156,460 479,875	\$	7,214,391 640,796 971,572 2,539,954 456,740 95,399 168,562	\$ 6,753,736 631,322 1,124,405 2,354,100 480,783 132,249 901,526
 35,458,947		43,254,165	 35,920,432	 22,179,007		12,087,414	 12,378,121
3,059,031 1,513,927 26,150,865 808,842		2,250,922 1,485,909 27,734,777 752,401	2,119,194 1,338,104 18,169,494 740,602	1,750,204 1,157,037 9,451,523 715,976		1,833,087 1,082,089 7,561,633 557,110	1,752,200 1,012,562 6,460,689 619,515
8,955,000 254,111		690,000 398,194	665,000 425,684	635,000 452,005		610,000 477,257	585,000 500,638
 40,741,776		33,312,203	 23,458,078	 14,161,745	·	12,121,176	 10,930,604
(5,282,829)		9,941,962	12,462,354	8,017,262		(33,762)	1,447,517
- 75,932		- 178,296	- 159,295 -	49,202		345,547 116,933	185,994 18,324
17,649,168 (17,649,168)		25,522,009 (25,522,009)	18,517,344 (18,517,344)	3,736,901 (3,736,901)		2,311,518 (2,311,518)	 1,784,116 (1,784,116
 75,932		178,296	 159,295	 49,202		462,480	 204,318
\$ (5,206,897)	<u>\$</u>	10,120,258	\$ 12,621,649	\$ 8,066,464	\$	428,718	\$ 1,651,83
<u>40.95%</u>		<u>7.87%</u>	<u>7.99%</u>	<u>8.41%</u>		<u>9.95%</u>	<u>10.599</u>

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1) Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	 Ad Val	orem Tax	xes Delinquent	Penalty and Interest			Total
2011	\$ 6,514,197	(2) \$	132,989	\$	106,550	\$	6,753,736
2012	6,945,991	(2)	161,563		106,837		7,214,391
2013	16,371,142	(3)	112,674		116,239		16,600,055
2014	30,080,823	(3)	468,151		202,482		30,751,456
2015	32,488,916	(3)	274,282		106,238		32,869,436
2016	30,165,240	(3)	201,208		131,227		30,497,675
2017	21,466,350	(4)	193,572		135,492		21,795,414
2018	18,396,245	(4)	302,897		109,609		18,808,751
2019	20,863,185	(4)	169,659		124,409		21,157,253
2020	28,581,065	(4)	112,538		112,019		28,805,622
Change 2011 to 2020	338.75%		-15.38%		5.13%		326.51%

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

NOTES: (2) Tax rates and values were steady.

- (3) Tax rates were actually lowered in 2015, 2014 and 2013 but revenue increased due to significant increases in mineral values related to Eagle Ford Shale.
- (4) Tax rate remained unchanged and revenue fluctuated based on fluctuations in mineral values related to Eagle Ford Shale.

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (1) Last ten fiscal years

			Real P	rope	erty			
Fiscal Year	Tax Roll	Residential Property			Non-Residential Property		Personal Property	 Less: Tax Exempt Real Property
2011	2010	\$	357,160,310	\$	1,679,282,800	\$	162,562,580	\$ 1,150,665,021
2012	2011		368,607,870		1,912,614,970		249,442,120	1,190,701,309
2013	2012		381,707,020		4,024,961,528		593,915,180	1,509,586,195
2014	2013		402,749,990		7,166,414,576		694,802,080	1,511,659,803
2015	2014		437,925,020		7,685,024,543		731,424,820	1,541,631,030
2016	2015		600,294,230		6,872,240,465		921,922,790	1,609,175,259
2017	2016		670,996,230		6,865,788,145		826,943,320	1,745,455,067
2018	2017		703,350,760		4,460,054,330		733,424,220	1,733,979,679
2019	2018		726,966,550		5,219,906,260		687,181,450	1,938,815,798
2020	2019		759,724,900		6,890,993,893		720,007,760	2,004,591,608

Values on property for maintenance and operation and interest and sinking taxes.
Property exemptions differ from those allowed on road and flood taxes.

NOTE: Property in the County is reassessed annually. The County assesses property at 100% of actual taxable value for all types of real and personal property. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

SOURCE: DeWitt County Tax Assessor/Collector

 Total Taxable Assessed Value	 Total Direct Tax Rate	 Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value (1) as a Percentage of Actual Value
\$ 1,048,340,669	\$ 0.65192	\$ 1,048,340,669	100.00%
1,339,963,651	0.53822	1,339,963,651	100.00%
3,490,997,533	0.50203	3,490,997,533	100.00%
6,752,306,843	0.46937	6,752,306,843	100.00%
7,312,743,353	0.46937	7,312,743,353	100.00%
6,785,282,226	0.46937	6,785,282,226	100.00%
6,618,272,628	0.46937	6,618,272,628	100.00%
4,162,849,631	0.46937	4,162,849,631	100.00%
4,695,238,462	0.46937	4,695,238,462	100.00%
6,366,134,945	0.46937	6,366,134,945	100.00%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX RATES Last ten fiscal years

Tax Roll Year	2019			2018	·	2017	 2016
DeWitt County M & O Debt service	\$	0.46937	\$	0.46937	\$	0.46937	\$ 0.46937
		0.46937		0.46937		0.46937	0.46937
Cities							
Cuero		0.36951		0.36951		0.36951	0.33000
Yoakum		0.11800		0.10816		0.10400	0.10000
Yorktown		0.63401		0.65195		0.60676	0.56931
Nordheim		0.38965		0.38965		0.38965	0.38965
Schools							
Cuero		1.39663		1.61000		1.50000	1.45048
Yoakum		1.41000		1.48000		1.50001	1.48900
Yorktown		0.98530		0.98043		1.00751	1.00319
Nordheim		1.06835		1.17000		1.17000	1.22472
Meyersville		0.97000		1.04000		1.04000	1.04000
Westhoff		0.97000		1.04000		1.04000	0.96000
Hospitals							
DeWitt Medical		0.17940		0.21237		0.21237	0.21237
Yoakum Hospital		0.18300		0.20040		0.21680	0.22620
Water Districts							
Ecleto Watershed		0.00400		0.07000		0.07360	0.07360
DeWitt Drainage #1		0.08992		0.06661		0.05671	0.05193
Pecan Valley		0.00441		0.00598		0.00675	0.00700

SOURCE: DeWitt County Tax Assessor/Collector

NOTE: N/A denotes information not available

 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010
\$ 0.44937 0.02000	\$ 0.45398 0.01539	\$ 0.44919 0.02018	\$ 0.44919 0.05284	\$ 0.44919 0.08903	\$ 0.53717 0.11475
 0.46937	0.46937	 0.46937	 0.50203	 0.53822	0.65192
0.32000 0.09243 0.61263 0.35433	0.32000 0.09087 0.67270 0.47211	0.32000 0.09087 0.68561 0.47211	0.30168 0.09087 0.61264 0.47211	0.30168 0.09278 0.66846 0.47211	0.30168 0.08909 0.70444 0.47211
1.39069 1.42987 0.99757 1.11915 1.04000 0.96000	1.37707 1.35476 0.99120 1.11470 1.04000 0.96000	1.10403 1.15400 0.97212 1.08718 1.04000 0.96000	1.07003 1.24000 0.99721 1.24345 1.04000 0.96000	1.28736 1.27000 0.96000 1.28891 1.04000 0.96000	1.32327 1.35000 1.04000 1.23972 1.04000 1.04000
0.17111 0.18050	0.13221 0.14750	0.13221 0.16150	0.13221 N/A	0.13221 N/A	0.15251 N/A
0.08000 0.05459 0.00800	0.09057 0.05807 0.00680	0.09500 0.06289 0.00870	0.08640 0.06289 0.01301	0.08000 0.06302 0.01301	0.00660 0.06294 0.01500

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS (Unaudited)

Current year and nine years ago

2020	Type of Property		Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total Valuation
Burlington Resources Oil & Gas	Mineral	\$	1,412,223,280	30.08%
Devon Energy Production Co LP	Mineral		1,298,035,000	27.65%
Pioneer Resources USA Inc.	Mineral		180,876,170	3.85%
EOG Resources, Inc	Mineral		123,733,000	2.64%
Equinor Texas Onshore Prop LLC	Mineral		57,464,550	1.22%
Kinder Morgan Crude & Condensate LLC	Mineral		48,941,420	1.04%
EFS Midstream LLC	Mineral		47,829,420	1.02%
Circle 8 Crane Services	Mineral		46,565,060	0.99%
Enterprise Texas Pipeline LLC	Mineral		44,752,190	0.95%
Petrohawk Energy Corp	Mineral		40,400,000	<u>0.86%</u>
Assessed value		<u>\$</u>	3,300,820,090	<u>51.85%</u>
2011				
Geothermal Energy Corporation	Mineral	\$	118,518,280	11.31%
Pioneer Natural Resources	Mineral		87,169,160	8.31%
Burlington Resources Oil & Gas	Mineral		54,250,270	5.17%
Winn Exploration Co Inc.	Mineral		27,129,920	2.59%
Chesapeake Operating Inc.	Mineral		23,229,160	2.22%
Nabors Drilling USA	Mineral		19,000,000	1.81%
Mount Vernon Mills	Mineral		17,501,590	1.67%
Helmerick & Payne Inc	Mineral		17,400,000	1.66%
Friar Alfred/Friar-Thomas Ranch	Real and Personal		16,170,810	1.54%
Lime Rock Resources A L P	Mineral		12,832,130	<u>1.22%</u>
Assessed value		<u>\$</u>	393,201,320	<u>37.51%</u>

SOURCE: DeWitt County Appraisal District.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last ten fiscal years

	Taxes Levied for the	Collections Fiscal Year		Collections	Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year (Adjusted Levy)	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2011	\$ 6,839,507	\$ 6,737,312	98.51%	\$ 89,976	\$ 6,827,288	99.82%		
2012	7,367,416	7,206,312	97.81%	148,945	7,355,257	99.83%		
2013	17,488,203	16,949,690	96.92%	523,903	17,473,593	99.92%		
2014	31,468,896	31,217,506	99.20%	234,054	31,451,560	99.94%		
2015	34,152,747	33,847,774	99.11%	276,303	34,124,077	99.92%		
2016	31,787,663	31,398,845	98.78%	357,222	31,756,067	99.90%		
2017	22,940,399	22,363,372	97.48%	536,304	22,899,676	99.82%		
2018	19,514,822	19,170,808	98.24%	285,101	19,455,909	99.70%		
2019	21,978,810	21,755,649	98.98%	124,901	21,880,550	99.55%		
2020	30,131,035	29,821,856	98.97%	-	29,821,856	98.97%		

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last ten fiscal years

	Go	vernmental Activi	ties			
Fiscal Year	Certificates of Obligation	Capital Leases	Notes from Direct Borrowings	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2011	\$ 11,555,000	\$ 296,977	\$-	\$ 11,851,977	2.0%	\$ 590
2012	10,945,000	555,598	-	11,500,598	1.8%	568
2013	10,310,000	424,786	-	10,734,786	1.3%	525
2014	9,645,000	-	-	9,645,000	1.0%	470
2015	8,955,000	-	-	8,955,000	0.9%	440
2016	-	-	-	-	-	-
2017	-	-	-	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-	-	-	-
2019	-	-	-	-	-	-
2020	-	-	2,884,909	2,884,909	0.3%	143

NOTE: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last ten fiscal years

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

			Debt Service	Net	Percentage of Actual Taxable	
Fiscal Year	Certificates of Obligation	Total	Monies Available	Bonded Debt	Value of Property	Per Capita
2011	\$ 11,555,000	\$ 11,555,000	\$ 777,534	\$ 10,777,466	1.03%	\$ 536
2012	10,945,000	10,945,000	915,772	10,029,228	0.75%	495
2013	10,310,000	10,310,000	1,634,641	8,675,359	0.25%	424
2014	9,645,000	9,645,000	1,959,612	7,685,388	0.11%	375
2015	8,955,000	8,955,000	2,006,420	6,948,580	0.10%	341
2016	-	-	-	-	-	-
2017	-	-	-	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-	-	-	-
2019	-	-	-	-	-	-
2020	-	-	-	-	-	-

NOTE: The County paid off outstanding bonds in 2016.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (Unaudited) September 30, 2020

		(1)	(2)			
	Gross De	bt Outstanding	Applicable to	DeWitt County		
	Date	Amount	Percent	Amount		
Direct debt:						
DeWitt County	09/30/20	\$ 2,884,909	100.00%	\$ 2,884,909		
Overlapping debt:						
Cities						
Cuero	09/30/20	10,205,000	100.00%	10,205,000		
Yoakum	09/30/20	3,960,000	36.99%	1,464,804		
Yorktown	09/30/20	2,980,000	100.00%	2,980,000		
School Districts						
Cuero ISD	09/30/20	77,830,950	73.96%	57,563,771		
Yoakum ISD	09/30/20	39,225,000	36.36%	14,262,210		
Yorktown ISD	09/30/20	4,720,788	100.00%	4,720,788		
Total overlapping debt		138,921,738		91,196,573		
Total direct and overlapping debt		<u>\$ 141,806,647</u>		<u>\$ 94,081,482</u>		

(1) Includes general obligation debt, certificates of obligation, and notes payable.

(2) Determined by the number of acres of the respective taxing district that fall within DeWitt County boundaries.

SOURCE: DeWitt County and business offices of individual governmental entities

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	De Lin			l Net Debt able to Limit	 Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable To Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2011	\$ 221	,444,522	\$	10,777,466	\$ 210,667,056	4.87%
2012	272	,630,383		10,029,228	262,601,155	3.68%
2013	724	,270,588		8,675,359	715,595,229	1.20%
2014	1,514	,376,191		7,685,388	1,506,690,803	0.51%
2015	1,645	,329,633		6,948,580	1,638,381,053	0.42%
2016	1,465	,839,859		-	1,465,839,859	0.00%
2017	1,447	,832,327		-	1,447,832,327	0.00%
2018	857	,356,353		-	857,356,353	0.00%
2019	1,002	,014,253		-	1,002,014,253	0.00%
2020	1,411	,531,796		-	1,411,531,796	0.00%
Legal debt r	margin calculati	on for curre	nt fiscal ye	ar:		
	Assessed val	ue of real pr	operty			\$ 5,646,127,185
(1)	Debt limit per	centage				25.00%
	Debt limit					1,411,531,796
	Debt applicab	le to debt lir	nit			
		es of obligati ice funds av			\$ - 	<u> </u>
	Legal debt ma	argin				<u>\$ 1,411,531,796</u>

(1) Established by Article 3, Section 52 of the Constitution of the State of Texas.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS (Unaudited) Last ten years

Calendar Year			Estimated Population	Personal Income	In	ersonal come Capita	Labor Force	Unemployment Rate	Median Age	
2011	\$	36,611	20,097	\$	598,572,000	\$	29,784	9,368	6.60%	43
2012		36,611	20,255		650,722,169		32,126	9,958	5.00%	43
2013		40,515	20,465		830,066,000		40,560	10,358	4.40%	43
2014		45,937	20,503		941,477,000		45,919	10,042	4.90%	42
2015		46,566	20,358		947,990,628		46,566	8,186	3.00%	41
2016		50,617	20,966		1,061,236,022		50,617	9,041	4.10%	41
2017		56,416	21,030		1,186,428,480		56,416	8,635	3.60%	41
2018		54,692	20,242		1,107,075,464		54,692	8,164	3.20%	40
2019		55,511	20,206		1,121,655,266		55,511	8,444	2.70%	40
2020		55,511	20,195		1,121,044,645		55,511	8,476	5.80%	41

SOURCE: DeWitt County Profile - Texas Association of Counties and Cuero Development Corporation

NOTE: Demographic data is normally not available until after the calendar year-end. Ten year data is presented as of the beginning date of the County's current fiscal year.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (Unaudited) Current year and nine years ago

Employer	Business Type	_Employees_	Percentage of Total Area Employment
2020			
Cuero Regional Hospital	Health Care	470	5.57%
Cuero Independent School District	Education	365	4.32%
Texas Dept. of Criminal Justice	Correctional Facility	311	3.68%
DeWitt County	Government	160	1.89%
H.E.B.	Retail	130	1.54%
Wal-Mart	Retail	100	1.18%
Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation Center	Health Care	98	1.16%
City of Cuero	Government	90	1.07%
McMahan Welding	Industrial	84	0.99%
Energy Waste	Oilfield Equipment Rentals	54	<u>0.64%</u>
		1,862	<u>22.04%</u>
2011			
Cuero Independent School District	Education	400	4.27%
Cuero Community Hospital	Health Care	398	4.25%
Texas Dept. of Criminal Justice	Correctional Facility	322	3.44%
Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex Division	Textile Manufacturing	240	2.56%
Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation Center	Health Care	130	1.39%
Wal-Mart	Retail	117	1.25%
County of DeWitt	Government	110	1.17%
City of Cuero	Government	92	0.98%
H.E.B.	Retail	73	0.78%
Whispering Oaks Manor	Health Care	56	<u>0.60%</u>
		1,938	<u>20.69%</u>

SOURCE: Cuero Development Corporation

FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last ten fiscal years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Function/Program										
General government										
Comissioners' court	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
County clerk	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Veterans' service officer	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
County auditor	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
County treasurer	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
Information technology	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-
Tax assessor-collector	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	6	6	6
Elections administrator	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Judicial										
County court	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
District clerk	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6
District attorney	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
County attorney	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
Justice of the Peace #1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Justice of the Peace #2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Juvenile probation	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	6	6
Public works										
Sheriff	53	56	53	50	49	49	46	45	43	45
Constable #1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Constable #2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Building maintenance	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bailiffs	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	1	2
Precinct No. 1	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	6	6	7
Precinct No. 2	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	6	5	6
Precinct No. 3	9	9	8	9	9	10	9	6	6	6
Precinct No. 4	7	8	7	8	8	9	7	6	5	4
Health and welfare										
Extension service	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Emergency management	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Indigent health care	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Health department	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total	149	147	143	141	144	144	135	122	120	123

NOTE: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited)

Last ten fiscal years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Function/Program										
General government										
County auditor										
Accounts payable invoices	6,327	7,986	7,878	8,172	9,025	8,288	8,421	7,397	7,396	7,369
County treasurer										
Payroll checks processed	4,534	4,607	4,660	4,604	4,517	4,188	4,076	3,998	3,146	3,647
Elections administrator										
New voter registrations	764	463	1,700	1,888	971	611	735	630	726	101
Elections held	3	2	4	2	4	4	7	2	1	1
Tax assesor-collector										
Automobile registrations	28,775	30,956	30,532	31,849	27,195	27,999	26,897	26,840	24,561	23,231
Judicial										
County court										
Criminal cases filed	313	398	392	423	469	489	533	493	533	459
Criminal case dispositions	311	508	416	444	562	523	594	536	537	697
Civil cases filed	11	81	34	73	68	74	95	32	29	51
Civil case dispositions	69	45	69	45	48	118	42	25	30	50
Juvenile cases filed	7	6	17	25	21	34	8	15	20	26
Juvenile case dispositions	11	13	24	26	20	27	14	20	20	23
District court										
Criminal cases filed	237	261	197	266	295	208	390	210	279	224
Criminal case dispositions	225	277	245	346	352	331	509	235	302	292
Civil cases filed	300	359	371	443	374	379	221	387	425	425
Civil case dispositions	381	496	601	527	605	507	328	458	456	449
Justice of the Peace #1										
Civil cases filed	119	168	153	131	139	105	120	104	140	136
Criminal cases filed	791	1,057	1,158	1,079	1,391	1,184	1,631	1,981	1,883	1,767
Justice of the Peace #2										
Civil cases filed	164	151	115	88	68	64	72	61	30	54
Criminal cases filed	935	909	719	884	1,028	1,078	1,053	1,031	979	1,611
Health and welfare										
Health department										
Immunizations administered	1,125	1,133	1,243	1,262	1,489	931	969	1,145	2,314	2,645

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited)

Last ten fiscal years

					Fisca	l Year				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Function/Program General government										
Buildings	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public works										
Sheriff										
Jail	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	23	25	20	20	19	19	13	13	15	12
Other vehicles	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Juvenile Probation										
Vehicles	3	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
Emergency Managem	ent									
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Precincts										
Roads (miles)	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690
Bridges	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
Heavy equipment	100	101	108	108	107	78	60	48	44	43
Vehicles	30	28	28	27	27	28	26	24	26	26

SOURCE: Various DeWitt County departments, Texas Department of Transportation

OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION

HARRISON WALDROP & UHEREK, LLP



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court DeWitt County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of DeWitt County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 4, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court DeWitt County, Texas

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harrison Waldrop & Uhenk UP

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P. Victoria, Texas March 4, 2021