COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended September 30, 2019

Issued By County Auditor's Office

> Carrie Rea County Auditor

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the year ended September 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Page</u>

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
County Auditor's Letter of Transmittal Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. Organizational Chart	i v vi
Directory of Principal Officials	vii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of	12
Governmental Activities	14
Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	15
and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Agency Funds	17 18
Notes to Financial Statements	19
Required Supplementary Information	
Major Governmental Funds General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	39
Road and Bridge Precinct No. 1 - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures,	40
and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Road and Bridge Precinct No. 2 - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures,	40
and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Road and Bridge Precinct No. 3 - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures,	41
and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Road and Bridge Precinct No. 4 - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures,	42
and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	43
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	44 46
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Notes to Required Supplementary Information	47 48

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)	
FINANCIAL SECTION - (Continued)	Page
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Governmental Funds	
Combining Statements Combining Balance Sheet - All Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	49
Balances - All Nonmajor Governmental Funds	50
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet - All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	51 54
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	55
Combining Balance Sheet - Road and Bridge Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	56
in Fund Balances - Road and Bridge Funds	57
Combining Balance Sheet - Other Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	58
in Fund Balances - Other Special Revenue Funds	64
Individual Statements and Schedules General Fund	70
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual	71
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Road and Bridge General - Special Revenue Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	77
Special Road and Bridge - Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance - Budget and Actual County Road and Flood - Special Revenue Fund	78
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	79
Indigent Health Care - Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	80
Fiduciary Funds	
Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	81 82

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

<u>Page</u>

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	84
<u>Financial Trends</u>	
Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds	85 87 89 91 93
Revenue Capacity	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Tax Rates Principal Taxpayers (Unaudited) Property Tax Levies and Collections	94 96 98 99
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt (Unaudited) Legal Debt Margin Information	100 101 102 103
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic Statistics (Unaudited) Principal Employers (Unaudited)	104 105
Operating Information	
Full-Time-Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Unaudited) Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program (Unaudited) OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION	106 107 108
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government</i>	

Auditing Standards...... 109

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

PHONE: 361-275-0926 FAX: 361-275-0930 e-mail: carrie.rea@co.dewitt.tx.us



307 N Gonzales St. Cuero, Texas 77954

Carrie Rea DeWitt County Auditor

February 26, 2020

Honorable District Judges Honorable County Judge Honorable County Commissioners DeWitt County, Texas

The County Auditor's Office is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of DeWitt County, Texas (the "County"), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This report is submitted in compliance with Texas Local Government Code 114.025.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included. This report was prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

The County's financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information have been audited by Harrison, Waldrop and Uherek, L.L.P., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditors concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

PROFILE OF DeWITT COUNTY

On March 24, 1846, the County of DeWitt was legally created from Gonzales, Goliad, and Victoria Counties and named for its colonizer, Green B. DeWitt. The County is centrally located on the low and rolling coastal plains of Texas and is within 100 miles of San Antonio, Austin, and Corpus Christi. Most of DeWitt County is divided into farms and ranches and is drained by the Guadalupe River and its tributaries. The County is located in southeastern Texas on the Coastal plain about midway between the southern and eastern extremities of the Texas Gulf Coast.

The County is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The general governing body of the County is the elected five-member Commissioner's Court in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term.

The Commissioner's Court sets the tax rates, establishes policies for County operations, approves contracts for the County, and develops and adopts the County budget. The Commissioner's Court is also responsible for development of policies and orders, approving financial commitments, and appointment of various department heads. The management and leadership provided by members of the Commissioner's Court and the elected and appointed officials of other key County offices is crucial to the success of the County in financial management and growth.

The County Auditor has responsibilities for prescribing the systems and procedures for handling the finances of the County and "examining, auditing, and approving" all disbursements from County funds prior to their submission to the Commissioner's Court for approval. In addition, the County's internal control structure is designed to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted government accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The County provides a full range of services. A primary service is the administration of justice, which includes the civil and criminal county and district courts, justices of the peace, constables, district attorney, clerks of the courts, sheriff, jail, security and emergency management, and court bailiffs. Other functions performed by the County include the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges, either independently or in cooperation with other entities, administration of public health services, assistance to indigents, and the provision of juvenile, health, education, and welfare services involving the care and correction of dependent or delinquent children as well as property tax collections for all taxing agencies within the County.

Various potential component units were evaluated to determine whether they should be included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationship with the County. Based upon standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (see Note 1 to the financial statements), no legally separate organization met the necessary criteria for inclusion as a component unit in the accompanying financial statements.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Local Economy - The overall value of taxable property in the County continues to grow because of oil and gas completions. Drilling operations continue in the County. Industry drilling operations focus on field development in the Eagle Ford Shale. New well completions will offset the depletion of the volatile mineral component of the County's tax base. The supply of natural gas will support the growing trend of exporting LGN's to foreign countries out of the Port of Corpus Christi and will likely keep drilling rigs in the area for another decade. The MD&A has a more detailed analysis of this activity and its effect on County's finances.

Accounting System and Internal Controls - In developing and evaluating the County's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements.

Long-Term Financial Planning - The Commissioners Court has been prioritizing and planning for several long-term issues. The County is in need on continuing road repairs and construction and will need them for many years. The MD&A has additional information related to the road activity. The County is also in need of another annex building. The Commissioners Court also monitors legislative issues that may affect the County.

Due to persistent water infiltration issues following substantial rain events, the Office of the County Clerk moved into temporary offices in the spring of 2019. The Commissioner's Court hired Weaver & Jacobs Construction Company of Cuero under a construction manager at risk contract for a new county annex building. The FY2020 budget sets aside \$9 Million for this purpose. Construction will commence in 2020 and completion is anticipated in 2021.

A change in the Tax Code implemented on January 1, 2020 will have the potential of undermining the capital spending program in future budgets related to road repair and construction efforts. For 2020 and thereafter, the Tax Code requires the county to calculate a No New Revenue Tax Rate and a Voter Approved Tax Rate. The latter is a rate that caps new revenue at 3.5 percent above the previous year and mandates an election be held to allow local voters an opportunity approve a request for more than 3.5 percent revenue in the proposed budget.

The changes in the Tax Code were supported by the state's top legislative leaders and the oil and gas industry. Although the commissioner's court maintains fund balances to avert disruption due to industry downturns, future budgets could be impacted by one or more local elections that curtail the ability of the county to raise the revenue needed to continue services at the current level.

The 86th Texas Legislature modified the law that created the County Transportation Fund grant program and appropriated \$250 Million for repair of roads damaged by drilling activity in the energy sectors of the state. The changes in HB4280 (Rep. Geanie Morrison) should steer more funds to counties like DeWitt where horizontal drilling activity is the primary method used for the extraction of oil and gas. Grant funds delivered in FY2021 could offset any revenue decline attributable to the negative results of a tax revenue election in calendar year 2020.

Budgetary Controls - The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. The County Judge posts budget hearings annually, with the final budget approved by the Commissioner's Court following the required hearings. Most appropriated budgets are prepared on a fund, department, and category basis. The County maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budgets. The level of budgetary control includes expenditures that cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount within an individual governmental fund. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the line-item level within an individual fund.

Cash Management - The Commissioners' Court has adopted a formal investment policy for the County consistent with State statutes governing the investment of County funds and has designated the County Treasurer as the County's investment officer. The policy is updated annually. The general objectives set forth in the policy provide for financial security and optimum liquidity of County funds while achieving the maximum yield on funds invested and maximum levels of invested funds. Authorized investments are consistent with those investments authorized by State law for Texas counties.

Pension Benefits - The County provides retirement, disability and death benefits for all of its full-time and part-time non-temporary employees through a defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). Specific plan provisions are adopted by the County within the options available in the state statutes governing the TCDRS. Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted within the constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to DeWitt County, Texas, for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This was the 37th consecutive year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the CAFR could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated efforts of the staff of the County Auditor's Office. We express our appreciation to all the members of the office who assisted in and contributed to its preparation. We would also like to thank the accounting firm of Harrison, Waldrop & Uherek, L.L.P. for sharing their knowledge and extending their cooperation and support to the County Auditor's Office.

Respectfully submitted,

Carrie Rec.

Carrie Rea DeWitt County Auditor



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

DeWitt County Texas

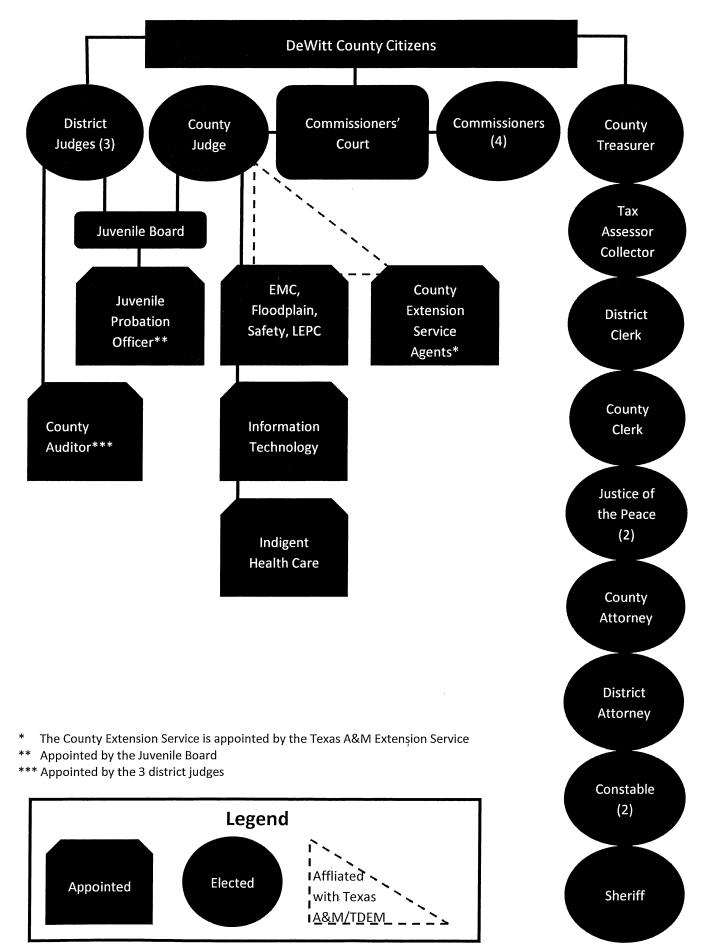
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2018

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO

DeWitt County Organizational Chart



DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2019

ELECTED

Daryl L. Fowler

Curtis G. Afflerbach James B. Pilchiek, Sr. James Kaiser Richard Randle

A. Jay Condie Natalie Carson Ashley D. Mraz Carol Martin

Carl Bowen Peggy Mayer Blanca McBride Kelly Phelps Jeff Abbott

Robert C. Lassmann Tabeth M. Gardner

Jack Marr Kemper Stephen Williams Robert Bell County Judge

Commissioner, Precinct No. 1 Commissioner, Precinct No. 2 Commissioner, Precinct No. 3 Commissioner, Precinct No. 4

County Attorney County Clerk County Tax Assessor-Collector County Treasurer

Sheriff Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1 Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 2 Constable, Precinct No. 1 Constable, Precinct No. 2

District Attorney District Clerk

24th Judicial District Judge 135th Judicial District Judge 267th Judicial District Judge

APPOINTED

Carrie Rea Terri Rogers Cynthia Smith County Auditor Chief Juvenile Probation Officer Emergency Management Coordinator

FINANCIAL SECTION

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P.



STEPHEN W. VAN MANEN, CPA DENNIS C. CIHAL, CPA ERIC L. KUCERA, CPA CLAYTON P. VAN PELT, CPA ROBERT W. SCHAAR, CPA MELISSA M. TERRY, CPA

> VOICE: (361) 573-3255 FAX: (361) 573-9531

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 101 S. MAIN, SUITE 400 VICTORIA, TEXAS 77901-8142

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court DeWitt County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of DeWitt County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions, and schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 26, 2020, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Harrison, Waldrop ! Uhenk, UP

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P Victoria, Texas February 26, 2020

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

September 30, 2019

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of DeWitt County, Texas (the "County"), provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2019. The discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, the basic financial statements, and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

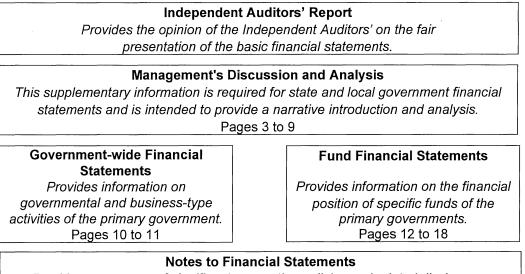
- The assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$124,129,960. Of this amount \$23,282,524 is available to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At year-end, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$38,277,247. The amount available for governmental discretion (unassigned fund balance) is \$20,408,792.
- At year-end, the fund balance for the General Fund was \$20,751,216, a \$2,563,216 increase over last year. The unassigned portion of fund balance for the General Fund was \$20,521,758 or 99% of total General Fund balance or 216% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial reporting model instituted by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34) seeks to improve operational accountability by highlighting an overall picture that was lost in the detail of fund accounting. Instead of focusing on aggregations of similar individual funds, GASB 34 introduced government-wide financial statements, which present the government as a single unified entity.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Organization and Flow of Financial Section Information



Provides a summary of significant accounting policies and related disclosures. Pages 19 to 38

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements*, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

These financial statements present the functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial, public works (public safety, transportation, and buildings), and health and welfare.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as a *balance of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and other major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining and individual statements and schedules following the required supplementary information.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Funds, and the Indigent Health Care Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget and is located on page 39 of this report. Budget comparisons for the major special revenue funds are located on pages 40 through 43 of the required supplementary information. Budget comparisons for the remaining non-major appropriated funds are located on pages 77 through 80. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-17 of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 18 of this report.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 38 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the County's General Fund's budgetary comparison schedule, historical pension benefits information, and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) information. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 39 through 48 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds is presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 49 through 80 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$124,129,960 at the close of the fiscal year.

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS							
NET POSITION Governmental Activities							
	2019	2018	Change				
Current assets	\$ 40,767,661	\$ 38,362,112	6%				
Capital assets (net)	83,766,236	73,847,765	13%				
Other non-current assets	_ _	947,563	-100%				
Total assets	124,533,897	113,157,440	10%				
Deferred outflows of resources	1,680,595	688,632	144%				
Total deferred outflows	1,680,595	688,632	144%				
Current liabilities	1,134,543	686,099	65%				
Long-term liabilities	863,081	424,827	103%				
Total liabilities	1,997,624	1,110,926	80%				
Deferred inflows of resources	86,908	376,798	-77%				
Total deferred inflows	86,908	376,798	-77%				
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	82,954,693	73,485,462	13%				
Restricted	17,892,743	17,919,642	0%				
Unrestricted	23,282,524	20,953,244	11%				
Total net position	<u>\$124,129,960</u>	<u>\$112,358,348</u>	10%				

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - (Continued)

The County's unrestricted net position represents 19% of the County's net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The County's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets represents 67% of net position and has increased 13% from prior year. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.

Changes in other non-current assets, deferred outflows of resources, long term liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources relate to the County's pension and OPEB plans. Additional information can be found in Note 7 and Note 8 of this report.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report a positive balance in net position for the government as a whole. Its overall net position has improved from the prior year.

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION						
	Governmental Activities					
	2019	2018	Change			
REVENUES						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 7,694,271	\$ 6,536,949	18%			
Operating grants and contributions	643,545	881,141	-27%			
General revenues						
Property taxes	20,533,832	18,897,938	9%			
Other	1,103,218	805,522	37%			
Total Revenues	29,974,866	27,121,550	11%			
EXPENSES						
General governmental	3,826,515	3,687,643	4%			
Judicial	2,378,876	2,188,903	9%			
Public works	11,224,114	10,752,678	4%			
Health and welfare	773,749	926,839	-17%			
Total Expenses	18,203,254	17,556,063	4%			
Change in net position	11,771,612	9,565,487	23%			
Net Position - Beginning	112,358,348	102,792,861	9%			
Net Position - Ending	\$124,129,960	<u>\$112,358,348</u>	10%			

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - (Continued)

Governmental activities. The County's overall financial position has improved from prior year. Governmental activities account for 100% of the total growth in the net position of the County. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$11,771,612, which is a 23% increase in the change from the prior year. Key elements of this change include the following:

- The County received about \$1.3 Million more than prior year related to a new law that repatriates oil and gas revenue generated by producing minerals beneath a county right of way.
- Property tax revenues increased about \$1.6 Million due to increased property values.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The County's investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, equipment, and vehicles. Total additions for the current fiscal year were \$13,400,707 with the majority for public works' infrastructure related to new road construction. Additional information can be found in Note 6 of this report.

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)										
	Gover	nmental Activities								
20192018Chan										
Land Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Equipment Vehicles Construction-in-progress	\$ 700,522 15,406,303 63,784,243 3,022,926 813,042 39,200	\$ 700,522 15,934,545 52,920,996 3,754,383 537,319	0% -3% 21% -19% 51% N/A							
Total	\$ 83,766,236	<u>\$ 73,847,765</u>	13%							

Long-term debt. Changes in long-term liabilities included a significant change in net pension liability, in addition to changes in the County's OPEB liability and compensated absences. Additional information can be found in Note 11 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$38,277,247, an increase of \$2,992,699 from the prior year due mainly to increased revenue related to property taxes and oil and gas revenue. Of the total fund balance, \$20,408,792 constitutes *unassigned fund balance* and is available for spending at the County's discretion, while \$229,458 has been assigned for building maintenance. The remainder of fund balance is *restricted* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted for various construction projects (\$507,150) or special purposes (\$17,131,847).

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS - (Continued)

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County.

The fund balance increased by about 14% or \$2,563,216. Revenue in the General Fund decreased almost \$1.3 Million, resulting from a decrease in taxes of almost \$1.8 Million and an increase in interest income of about \$233,000. Expenses in the General Fund were similar to the prior year. At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$20,521,758, while total fund balance was \$20,751,216. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 216% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 219% of that same amount.

Major Special Revenue Funds. The County has several Road and Bridge funds that are major funds this year partly due to large cash balances resulting from prior year tax revenue increases and partly due to current year tax revenues, state fees and current year road expenditures. There has been major road damage within Road and Bridge Precincts 1, 3, and 4. Road repair costs are expected to be high for the next several years.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in a minimal decrease to budgeted expenditures and netted no increase or decrease to budgeted revenue.

For the current fiscal year, the General Fund's actual expenditures came in \$1,683,764 lower than the final budget. Significant variances between the final amended budget and actual results were:

- The General Fund's revenues were 10% greater than budgeted mostly due to higher than budgeted boarding prisoners and interest income.
- Non-departmental services and charges came in \$275,557 under budget.
- Sheriff and jail operations personnel expenditure came in \$295,099 and \$122,705, respectively, under budget.
- Capital outlay in sheriff department came in under budget \$351,600.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Local Economy. The overall value of taxable property in the County grew because of the increase in oil and gas completions during 2018. Mineral values added \$529 Million to the county tax base following a steady year of drilling and completions of Eagle Ford Shale wells. Overall, the county tax base increased by 13 percent and the increase is mostly attributable to growth in the mineral value component which grew to \$3 Billion. Real property values have remained constant while frozen taxable values continue to increase as the legislature expands the eligibility criteria and as the county's population ages. Absent the volatile mineral values, the growth in taxable real property is a sustainable development that bodes well for the ability of the County to raise revenue to meet its fixed costs in the future. The growth in taxable real property also helps overcome the tax revenue ceilings that accrue to the homestead values of a growing population of residents over the age of 65 and the disabled.

Retail trade and hotel utilization is steady. Sales tax rebates are stable and indicate a stable local economy. Housing demand remains high, but the rental market is not as tight as was seen in the past.

Road Damage Funding Issues. The County continues to focus on public safety and the needs of the energy industry. This is reflected by another year of significant appropriation for road and bridge repair and construction. During 2013, the County began a concerted effort to rebuild County roads in the areas of high oilfield traffic using local property tax revenue. Road and bridge repair and maintenance represents more than 44% of the county's planned capital expenditures for the year. Feedback about the road construction effort is generally positive and the desire for better roads countywide is strong.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES - (Continued)

HB2521, the new law that repatriates the oil and gas revenue generated by producing minerals beneath a county right of way produced more than \$2.117 Million in its first year of existence. The second year, the revenue increased to more than \$3.6 Million. The income is distributed evenly to the budgets of the four precincts during the fiscal year.

The County Commissioners share information with industry professionals. The discussions focus on drilling and surface operations and road repair projects. The shared information allows the road rehabilitation effort to continue according to budget. Additionally, Commissioners believe that tax dollars are more effective when resources are used to armor up a road in advance of a drilling campaign rather than rehabilitating a road after it is destroyed. TXDOT officials claim that tax dollars are five times more effective using the proactive approach.

The FY2020 Budget and Tax Rate. Budget policy and tax policy are essentially unchanged in the FY2020 budget. The Commissioner's Court will continue to repair county roads damaged by oil and gas activity and use tax revenue raised from mineral values to support the repairs. In 2012 the Commissioner's Court determined that lowering the tax rate created abatement for the oil companies and the beneficiaries of the new wealth. Rather than abate, the Commissioner's Court voted to hold the County tax rate at the prior year's rate.

Commissioner's Court adopted the same tax rate of .46937 per \$100 of appraised value for the seventh consecutive year. The adoption of the tax rate produces a 38.19% revenue increase over the previous year's revenue and allows the capital improvements to continue.

Request for Information. This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Auditor's Office, 307 N. Gonzales St., Cuero, Texas 77954.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37,301,692
Receivables (net)	1,382,171
Due from other governments Due from others	2,073,275
	10,523
Total current assets	40,767,661
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets	
Land and other assets not being depreciated	739,722
Buildings, equipment, and vehicles (net)	83,026,514
Net capital assets	83,766,236
Total noncurrent assets	83,766,236
Total assets	124,533,897
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflow related to pension	1,660,968
Deferred outflow related to OPEB	19,627
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,680,595
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	930,996
Accrued expenses	177,247
Accrued compensated absences	26,300
Total current liabilities	1,134,543
Noncurrent liabilities	
Net pension liability	476,126
OPEB liability	308,053
Accrued compensated absences	78,902
Total noncurrent liabilities	863,081
Total liabilities	1,997,624
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflow related to pension	49,674
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	37,234
Total deferred inflows of resources	86,908
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	82,954,693
Restricted for	
Courts	418,169
Health and welfare	522,510
Public safety	315,673
Public works	16,129,241
Capital projects	507,150
Unrestricted	23,282,524
Total net position	<u>\$ 124,129,960</u>
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2019

		Pi	rogram Revenue	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Function/Programs	Expenses	Services	-		Activities
Primary Government	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
Governmental activities					
General government	\$ 3,826,515	\$ 1,791,755	\$ 213,914	\$-	\$ (1,820,846)
Judicial	2,378,876	345,422	62,663	-	(1,970,791)
Public works	11,224,114	5,386,733	327,170	-	(5,510,211)
Health and welfare	773,749	170,361	39,798		(563,590)
Total governmental activities	18,203,254	7,694,271	643,545		(9,865,438)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 18,203,254</u>	\$ 7,694,271	<u>\$ 643,545</u>	<u>\$ </u>	(9,865,438)
	General revenue	es:			
	Taxes:	xes, levied for ge	noral nurneses		20,533,832
	Miscellaneous	-	nerai purposes		136,563
		nvestment earnin	gs		966,655
	Total general re	venues			21,637,050
	Change in net p	osition			11,771,612
	Net position - be	eginning			112,358,348
	Net position - er	nding			\$ 124,129,960

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2019

ASSETS	General		Road and Bridge Precinct 1		Road and Bridge Precinct 2	
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net)	\$	20,718,142	\$	5,812,066	\$	1,633,050
Taxes receivable Fines receivable		473,086 655,339		-		-
Due from other funds Due from other governments Due from others		114,767 84,963 		- 502,795 -		- 479,613
Total assets	\$	22,046,297	\$	6,314,861	\$	2,112,663
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Accrued expenditures Due to other funds	\$	57,307 109,349 -	\$	412,389 13,537 -	\$	8,804 14,104 -
Total liabilities		166,656		425,926		22,908
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - assessed fines		473,086 655,339		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,128,425				
FUND BALANCES Restricted						
Courts Health and welfare Public cofety		-		-		-
Public safety Public works		-		- 5,888,935		2,089,755
Various capital projects Assigned - building maintenance Unassigned		۔ 229,458 20,521,758	_	- -		- -
Total fund balances		20,751,216		5,888,935		2,089,755
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	22,046,297	\$	6,314,861	\$	2,112,663

	Road and Bridge Precinct 3		Road and Bridge Precinct 4		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	5,417,950	\$	1,467,795	\$	2,252,689	\$	37,301,692
	-		-		253,746		726,832
	-		-		-		655,339
	-		-		-		114,767
	509,332		477,715		18,857		2,073,275
			_		10,523		10,523
\$	5,927,282	\$	1,945,510	<u>\$</u>	2,535,815	\$	40,882,428
\$	39,508	\$	369,810	\$	43,178	\$	930,996
•	12,769	*	10,842	Ŧ	16,646	Ţ	177,247
					114,767	_	114,767
	52,277		380,652		174,591		1,223,010
	_		_		253,746		726,832
	-		· _				655,339
	_				253,746		1,382,171
	-		-		418,169		418,169
	-		-		518,467		518,467
	-		-		315,673		315,673
	5,875,005		1,564,858		460,985		15,879,538
	-		-		507,150		507,150
	-		-		-		229,458
	-	. <u></u>			(112,966)		20,408,792
	5,875,005		1,564,858	 	2,107,478		38,277,247
\$	5,927,282	\$	1,945,510	\$	2,535,815	\$	40,882,428

DeWITT COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2019

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 38,277,247
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds. Similarly, fines receivable are not currently available at year-end and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. Grant proceeds are not available at year-end and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		
Taxes receivable	\$ 726,832	
Fines receivable	655,339	1,382,171
Capital assets used in governmental activities are reported as expenditures in governmental funds when purchased or constructed.		
Cost of assets	102,477,610	
Accumulated depreciation	(18,711,374)	83,766,236
Items required by GASB 68 and GASB 75 and included in governmental activities in the statement of net position:		
Net pension liability	(476,126)	
OPEB liability	(308,053)	
Deferred outflow of resources related to pension	1,660,968	
Deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB	19,627	
Deferred inflow of resources related to pension	(49,674)	
Deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB	(37,234)	809,508
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Compensated absences		(105,202)
Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ 124,129,960</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended September 30, 2019

		General Fund	Road and al Bridge Precinct 1		Road and Bridge Precinct 2	
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	9,054,171 6,853 1,699,885 904,827 260,512 513,024 150,161 12,589,433	\$	3,230,855 242,820 866,831 26,000 - 148,910 1,810 4,517,226	\$	2,278,276 103,946 859,323 10,980 - 27,096 1,251 3,280,872
EXPENDITURES Current General government Judicial Public works Health and welfare		2,863,249 1,288,521 5,143,262 193,086		- - 6,217,648 -		- - 2,044,142 -
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		9,488,118 3,101,315		6,217,648 (1,700,422)		2,044,142
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out		22,662 - (560,761)		7,308 97,007 -		16,365 84,278 -
Total other financing sources (uses)		(538,099)		104,315		100,643
Net change in fund balances Fund balances, beginning of year		2,563,216 18,188,000	<u> </u>	(1,596,107) 7,485,042		1,337,373 752,382
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$</u>	20,751,216	<u>\$</u>	5,888,935	\$	2,089,755

Road and Bridge Precinct 3	Road and Bridge Precinct 4	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 3,496,181	\$ 2,185,454	\$ 912,316	\$ 21,157,253
295,601	92,809	-	742,029
885,863	858,921	1,008,195	6,179,018
46,200	-	280,223	1,268,230
-	-	-	260,512
149,435	32,277	95,913	966,655
	128	234,204	387,554
4,873,280	3,169,589	2,530,851	30,961,251
		257,158	3,120,407
-	-	587,337	1,875,858
- 4,830,242	2,803,631	1,276,649	22,315,574
4,000,242	2,000,001	516,534	709,620
4,830,242	2,803,631	2,637,678	28,021,459
		(
43,038	365,958	(106,827)	2,939,792
6,572	-	-	52,907
113,891	55,832	585,652	936,660
(24,914)	-	(350,985)	(936,660)
95,549	55,832	234,667	52,907
138,587	421,790	127,840	2,992,699
5,736,418	1,143,068	1,979,638	35,284,548
\$ 5,875,005	\$ 1,564,858	\$ 2,107,478	\$ 38,277,247

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended September 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.		13,400,707	
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense on the governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources.		(3,482,236)	
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Similarly, fines and grant proceeds are not currently available at year end and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.			
Property taxes	\$ (539,765)		
Fines	(260,527)		
Grant proceeds	(239,000)	(1,039,292)	
Disposal of assets should be reported as gains or losses in the government-wide financial statements.			
Sale of capital assets	(52,907)		
Gain on disposal of assets	52,907	-	
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:			
Net pension costs	(103,833)		
Net OPEB costs	(11,223)		
Decrease in compensated absences	14,790	(100,266)	
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 11,771,612</u>		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2019

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash	\$ 706,777
Total assets	\$ 706,777
LIABILITIES	• - - - - - - - - - -
Due to others	\$ 706,777
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u> 706,777

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

DeWitt County, Texas (the "County") is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The County was organized in 1846. The County is governed by the Commissioners' Court, which is composed of four (4) County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The accounting policies of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, the County's financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the County is considered financially accountable. A component unit is included in the County's reporting entity if either of the following are applicable: (1) the County appoints a voting majority of the component unit's governing body and the County is able to impose its will on the component unit or there is potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County; (2) the component unit is fiscally dependent on the County and there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The County is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Under these guidelines, no legally separate organization met the necessary criteria for inclusion as a component unit in the accompanying financial statements.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County had no business-type activities during the current year.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, fines, intergovernmental revenue, and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received by the County.

The 2018 tax levy is dedicated to pay for expenditures of the 2019 budget.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Road and Bridge Precinct 1, Precinct 2, Precinct 3, and Precinct 4 are special revenue funds and account for those resources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for road and other maintenance items within each respective precinct. Tax revenues represent the major revenue source in these funds.

Additionally, the County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The Capital Project Fund accounts for the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities.

The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - (Continued)

The County also reports Agency Funds to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity. These resources include ad valorem taxes collected and to be distributed to other local governments, various fines and fees to be distributed to other governments, and trust funds held for minors, etc. The funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between various functions of the County. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County Judge is, by statute, the budget officer of the County. After being furnished budget guidelines by the County Judge and Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor prepares an estimate of revenues and a compilation of requested departmental expenditures. Department officials appear before the Commissioners' Court and the County Auditor for departmental budget review. A proposed budget is prepared by the County Auditor, and then submitted to the Commissioners' Court. Before determining the final budget, the Commissioners' Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. Amounts finally budgeted may not exceed the County Auditor's estimate of revenues and available cash.

Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds that collect tax revenue, and the Debt Service Fund. All budgets adopted by the County are on the cash basis of accounting rather than in conformity with GAAP. Under the budgetary basis, revenues are recognized as collected and expenditures when paid. Budgeted special revenue funds include all Road and Bridge funds and the Indigent Health Care Fund.

When the budget has been adopted by the Commissioners' Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring expenditures to keep them from exceeding budgeted appropriations and for keeping the members of the Commissioners' Court advised of the condition of the various funds and accounts. The level of control (the level on which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted annual operating budget is on a line-item basis. Any amendments above the line-item level must have the approval of the Commissioners' Court before implementation. The line-item level of control is defined by the basic categories of personnel services, supplies, other services and charges, capital outlay, and debt service.

Amendments made during the year to the General Fund budget netted no increase or decrease to budgeted revenue and a minimal decrease to budgeted expenditure amounts.

Unused appropriations lapse at the end of each year, and because the County is on a cash budgetary basis, encumbrances are not reported for either accounting or financial reporting purposes.

E. <u>Deposits</u>

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Commissioners' Court has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined by the Public Funds Investment Act of 1995. The investments of the County are in compliance with the Commissioners' Court's investment policies. The County may invest its excess funds in any instruments authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act of Texas. Investments authorized under this act include, but are not limited to, the following: Obligations of the United States; other obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed or backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Texas or the United States; certificates of deposit which are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC); and certain repurchase agreements.

F. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

All trade, property tax, and fines receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Inventory

Inventories of supplies on hand have not been recorded because such supplies are of an expendable nature and are expensed when purchased.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straightline method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	10-50
Infrastructure	30-40
Improvements other than buildings	10-50
Machinery and equipment	5-15
Office equipment and fixtures	5-10

I. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Vacation benefits are accrued by County employees according to guidelines set in the County's personnel policy. This policy states that after completion of one year of service, each employee will thereafter accrue vacation according to the number of years of continuous service. Upon termination, employees are paid for any unused granted vacation. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Full-time employees are credited with four hours of sick leave per pay period. Sick days may be accumulated up to a maximum of 30 working days (240 hours). County personnel policies state that unused sick leave benefits will not be paid to employees upon termination; therefore, no sick leave benefits are accrued.

J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources which follows the asset section. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two items qualifying in this category under the economic resources measurement focus only. Therefore, both items are only reported in the government-wide financial statements. The deferred amounts are calculated in the actuarial studies required by GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" (GASB No. 68), GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" (GASB No. 75) and the related current year pension and OPEB contributions made after the measurement date, but before year-end. The amounts are deferred and amortized over a period of time.

K. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> - (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One of the items that qualifies for reporting as a deferred inflow of resources is calculated in the actuarial pension study required by GASB No. 68. The remaining two items arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, *unavailable revenue* is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and fines. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability or asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the County's pension liability or asset is obtained from TCDRS through a report prepared for the County by TCDRS consulting actuary, Milliman, Inc., in compliance with GASB No. 68.

M. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information is obtained from TCDRS through a report prepared for the County by TCDRS consulting actuary, Milliman, Inc., in compliance with GASB No. 75. The contributions for retiree Group Term Life (GTL) coverage are assigned to the OPEB plan under GASB No. 75 and are used to determine the benefit payments.

N. Fund Equity

Fund balances of Governmental Funds classified as restricted are balances with constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments. Fund balances classified as committed can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Commissioners' Court through a resolution or by other formal action. Assigned fund balances are constrained by intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments are made by the County Auditor based on Commissioners' Court direction. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

N. <u>Fund Equity</u> - (Continued)

For the classification of government-wide statements, it is the County's policy to consider restricted net position before unrestricted net position. For the classification of governmental fund balances, the County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

It is the desire of the County to maintain an adequate General Fund fund balance to provide sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The County has adopted a financial standard to maintain an "unassigned" General Fund fund balance of 25% of the total operating expenditures.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the government-wide and fund financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the County to make estimates and assessments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Deficit Fund Equity</u>

As of September 30, 2019, the following fund had a deficit fund equity balance:

		Deficit
Fund	Fun	d Balance
Nonmajor Fund		
Hurricane Harvey	\$	112,966

Steps will be taken to eliminate this deficit in the upcoming fiscal year.

B. Budgetary Compliance

Budgetary compliance is monitored at the line-item level in all budgeted governmental funds. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the County complied with budgetary restrictions at all function levels.

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County's cash deposits include amounts in demand deposits, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit and are held by several financial institutions.

Demand deposits	\$ 418,421
Money market funds	36,879,321
Cash on hand	 3,950
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37,301,692

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with the County's investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio for investments to less than five years from the time of purchase. Specifically, investments of operating funds must have stated final maturities of three years or less and investments in capital project funds must have stated final maturities that do not exceed the expected completion date of the project for which the bonds were sold. The money market funds are redeemable in full immediately and therefore do not have a stated weighted average maturity.

B. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. It is the County's policy to limit its investments to those with ratings of not less than A or its equivalent. The County's money market funds with DWS Government Cash Institutional Shares were rated AAAm by S&P Global.

C. <u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>

The investment policy requires that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific user. At year-end, the County was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

D. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires that deposits at financial institutions be insured by the FDIC and/or collateralized by securities pledged to the County by the depository in an amount equal to at least 110% of the carrying value of deposits held. At year-end, all of the County's deposits were fully collateralized and therefore, the County was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

E. Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investment policy requires that securities be held in the name of the County or held on behalf of the County and that all securities are purchased using the delivery versus payment method. At year-end, and for the year then ended, the County was not exposed to any custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4: RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end for the County's individual major funds, and the non-major funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	General	Nonmajor	Total
Gross receivables			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 576,024	\$ 305,306	\$ 881,330
Fines	6,553,391		6,553,391
Total gross receivables	7,129,415	305,306	7,434,721
Less: allowances	6,000,990	51,560	6,052,550
Total net receivables	\$ 1,128,425	\$ 253,746	\$ 1,382,171

The only receivables not expected to be collected within one year are \$420,482 of fines receivable reported in the General Fund.

The County's governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At year-end, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable		Unearned		Total		
Major Funds							
Taxes receivable	\$	473,086	\$		-	\$	473,086
Fines receivable		655,339			-		655,339
		1,128,425			_		1,128,425
Nonmajor Funds							
Taxes receivable		253,746					253,746
		253,746			-		253,746
Total unavailable revenue	\$	1,382,171	\$		-	\$	1,382,171

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Taxes are levied on October 1st and payable by the following January 31st. The DeWitt County Tax Assessor-Collector bills and collects its own property taxes.

The Texas Constitution (Art. VIII, Sec. 9) imposes a limit of \$0.80 per \$100 assessed valuation for Operating Fund purposes (Jury, General, Permanent Improvement, and Road and Bridge Funds), including debt service for Permanent Improvement Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness issued against such DeWitt County Funds. In addition, a \$0.30 Farm-to-market Road tax as authorized by Art. 7048A, VACS, and a Special Road and Bridge tax of \$0.15 has been voted and levied by the County for many years; hence, a total tax rate of \$1.25 is authorized for the County. Of the total tax rate of \$1.25 authorized for the County, only \$0.46937 was levied for the 2018 tax roll. This tax rate resulted in a current year tax levy of \$21,978,810.

NOTE 5: DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

At year-end, various funds of the County reported the following amounts due from other governments:

	General	Precinct 1	Precinct 2	Precinct 3	Precinct 4	Other Funds	Total
Contract							
reimbursements	\$ 79,963	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 79,963
State grants	5,000	-	-	-	-	18,857	23,857
State fees		502,795	479,613	509,332	477,715		1,969,455
	<u>\$ 84,963</u>	<u>\$ 502,795</u>	<u>\$ 479,613</u>	<u>\$ 509,332</u>	<u>\$ 477,715</u>	<u>\$ 18,857</u>	<u>\$ 2,073,275</u>

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The County's capital asset activity was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 700,522 	\$ - 39,200	\$ - 	\$ 700,522 39,200
Total capital assets not being depreciated	700,522	39,200	-	739,722
Capital assets, being depreciated		·		,
Buildings and improvements	22,387,308	7,600	-	22,394,908
Infrastructure	55,513,376	12,433,900	_	67,947,276
Machinery and equipment	9,325,776	366,752	260,569	9,431,959
Vehicles	1,564,567	553,255	154,078	1,963,744
Total capital assets being depreciated	88,791,027	13,361,507	414,647	101,737,887
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	6,452,763	535,842	-	6,988,605
Infrastructure	2,592,380	1,570,653	-	4,163,033
Machinery and equipment	5,571,393	1,098,209	260,569	6,409,033
Vehicles	1,027,248	277,532	154,078	1,150,702
Total accumulated depreciation	15,643,784	3,482,236	414,647	18,711,373
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	73,147,243	9,879,271		83,026,514
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 73,847,765</u>	<u>\$ 9,918,471</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 83,766,236</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental activities

General government	\$	850,014
Judicial		509,103
Public works		2,060,787
Health and welfare		62,332
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	3,482,236

NOTE 7: EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

<u>Plan description.</u> The County's defined benefit pension plan provides pensions for all full-time and part-time non-temporary employees of the County. The plan is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the plan. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available online at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u> or upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at Barton Oaks Plaza IV, Ste. 500, 901 S. MoPac Expy. Austin, TX 75746.

<u>Benefits provided.</u> The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms.</u> At September 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	88
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	101
Active employees	<u> 158</u>
	<u> </u>

<u>Contributions.</u> The employer has elected the annually determined contribution plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The County is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of the employees. For the year ended September 30, 2019, the average active employee contribution rate was 7.00% of annual pay and the County's average contribution rate was 7.40% of annual payroll.

Net Pension Liability(Asset)

The County's net pension liability(asset) was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability(asset) used to calculate the net pension liability(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial assumptions.</u> The total pension liability(asset) in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	
Recognition of economic/ demographic gains or losses Recognition of assumptions changes or inputs	s Straight-line amortization over expected working life Straight-line amortization over expected working life
Asset valuation method	
Smoothing period Recognition method Corridor	5 years Non-asymptotic None
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by age and service. 4.85% average over career including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.10% (gross of administrative expenses)
Cost of living adjustments	Cost of living adjustments for DeWitt County are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost of living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost of living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.
Retirement age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Turnover	The rate of assumed future termination from active participation in the plan for reasons other than death, disability or retirement is 0% for the two years immediately prior to retirement eligibility. Rates are reduced at ages near retirement as it is anticipated that a member would be less likely to take a withdrawal. New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have similar entry ages.
Mortality	For service retirees and beneficiaries,130% and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For depositing members, 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For disabled retirees, 130% and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Actuarial assumptions. - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Geometric Real Rate of Return ⁽²⁾
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	10.50%	5.40%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽³⁾	18.00%	8.40%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.70%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	10.00%	5.40%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	7.00%	5.90%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	1.60%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.00%	4.39%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index ⁽⁴⁾	2.00%	7.20%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.35%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁵⁾	6.00%	6.30%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	13.00%	3.90%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2019 TCDRS Board meeting

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 1.70%, per Cliffwater's 2019 capital market assumptions

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs

<u>Discount Rate.</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability(Asset).

	Increase (Decrease)					
	T	otal Pension	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension	
		Liability		Liability(Asset)		
	•	(a)	(b)	•	(a) - (b)	
Balance at 12/31/2017	\$	17,049,582	\$ 17,997,145	\$	(947,563)	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		729,050	-		729,050	
Interest		1,404,751	-		1,404,751	
Effect of plan changes					-	
Effect of economic/demographic						
gains or losses		(62,092)	-		(62,092)	
Effect of assumptions changes/inputs		-	-		-	
Refund of contributions		(105,832)	(105,832)		-	
Benefit payments		(783,541)	(783,541)		-	
Administrative expense		-	(14,261)		14,261	
Member contributions		-	482,014		(482,014)	
Net investment income		-	(334,142)		334,142	
Employer contributions		-	509,557		(509,557)	
Other changes			4,852		(4,852)	
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$	18,231,918	<u>\$ 17,755,792</u>	\$	476,126	

<u>Sensitivity of the net pension liability / (asset) to changes in the discount rate.</u> The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.10%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease 7.10%	Di	Current scount Rate 8.10%	1% Increase 9.10%		
Total pension liability	\$	20,436,612	\$	18,231,918	\$	16,361,330	
Fiduciary net position		17,755,792		17,755,792		17,755,792	
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$	2,680,820	\$	476,126	\$	(1,394,462)	

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position.</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TCDRS report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$630,851. At September 30, 2019 the County reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$ 88,921	\$	49,674		
Changes of assumptions	80,849		-		
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings	1,085,351		-		
Contributions made subsequent to					
measurement date	 405,847		<u> </u>		
Total	\$ 1,660,968	\$	49,674		

Amounts reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources that are related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:							
2020	\$	443,565					
2021		218,538					
2022		196,645					
2023		346,699					
2024		-					
Thereafter		-					

Payable to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2019, the County reported a payable of \$10,104, grouped with accrued expenses, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB)

General Information about the Plan

<u>Plan description.</u> The County's participates in the retiree Group Term Life (GTL) program for the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public employee retirement system. The plan provides benefits all full-time and part-time non-temporary employees of the County.

<u>Benefits provided.</u> The plan provides a \$5,000 post-retirement death benefit to beneficiaries of service retirees and disability retirees. The OPEB benefit is a fixed \$5,000 lump-sum benefit and no future increases are assumed. Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the County may elect to opt out of (or opt into) coverage as of Jan. 1 each year.

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) - (Continued)

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms.</u> At September 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees receiving benefits	68
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	39
Active employees	<u> 158</u>
	265

<u>Contributions.</u> Contributions made to the retiree GTL Program are held in the GTL Fund. The GTL fund does not meet the requirements of a trust under Paragraph 4b of GASB No. 75, as the assets of the GTL fund can be used to pay active GTL benefits which are not part of the OPEB plan. The County's contribution rate for the retiree GTL program is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, and is equal to the cost of providing a one-year death benefit equal to \$5,000.

Total OPEB Liability.

The County's total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, December 31, 2018, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions.

<u>Actuarial assumptions.</u> All actuarial assumptions and methods that determined the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2018 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 - December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB No. 75.

Valuation timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	
Recognition of economic/ demographic gains or losses Recognition of assumptions changes or inputs	Straight-line amortization over expected working life
Asset valuation method	Does not apply
Inflation	Does not apply
Salary increases	Does not apply
Investment rate of return (Discount rate)	4.10%; 20 year bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of December 27, 2018
Cost of living adjustment	Does not apply
Disability	Based on TCDRS experience
Retirement age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) - (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. - (Continued)

Mortality For service retirees and beneficiaries,130% and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For depositing members, 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For disabled retirees, 130% and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. For disabled retirees, 130% and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females, respectively, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Employment The rate of assumed future termination from active participation in the plan for reasons other than death, disability or retirement vary by length of service, entry-age group and gender. No termination after eligibility for retirement is assumed.

<u>Discount Rate.</u> The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at December 31, 2018 was 4.10%, an increase from the rate of 3.44% at December 31, 2017. The OPEB plan has been determined to be an unfunded OPEB plan; therefore, only the municipal bond rate applies.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability.

	Changes in Total OPEB Liability					
Balance at 12/31/2017 Changes for the year:	\$	334,833				
Service cost		14,448				
Interest		11,851				
Changes in benefit terms		-				
Effect of economic/demographic						
experience		(7,778)				
Effect of assumptions changes/inputs		(35,661)				
Refund of contributions		-				
Benefit payments		(9,640)				
Other						
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$	308,053				

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) - (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.</u> The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 4.10%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.10%) than the current rate. Note that the healthcare cost trend rate does not affect the Total OPEB liability, so sensitivity to the healthcare cost trend rate is not shown.

	 Decrease 3.10%	Current count Rate 4.10%	1% Increase 5.10%		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 364,628	\$ 308,053	\$	264,101	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$22,269. At September 30, 2019 the County reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$	989	\$	6,667		
Changes of assumptions Contributions made subsequent to		9,884		30,567		
measurement date	<u></u>	8,754	<u> </u>	-		
Total	\$	19,627	\$	37,234		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are related to OPEB, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:								
2020	\$	(4,030)						
2021		(4,030)						
2022		(4,030)						
2023		(4,030)						
2024		(4,032)						
Thereafter		(6,209)						

NOTE 9: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Except in specified circumstances, the deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

In 1998, the County transferred plan assets to an independent trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County purchased commercial insurance to cover risks associated with potential claims. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 11: LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

	Beginning							Ending	Due Within	
		Balance	Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Governmental activities										
Compensated absences	\$	119,992	\$	30,000	\$	44,790	\$	105,202	\$	26,300
OPEB liability		334,833		-		26,780		308,053		-
Net pension liability(asset)		(947,563)		1,423,689		-		476,126		-
Total long-term liabilities	\$	(492,738)	<u>\$</u>	1,453,689	\$	71,570	\$	889,381	\$	26,300

Compensated absences, OPEB liability and net pension liability(asset) are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 12: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

At times during the fiscal year the various funds of the County were involved in transactions that created interfund receivable and payable balances. These transactions related to purchases by one fund on behalf of the other.

Payable Fund	Ge	neral Fund	Nonmajor	 Total
Nonmajor	\$	114,767	<u>\$</u>	\$ 114,767
	\$	114,767	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 114,767

Receivable Fund - Governmental Funds

NOTE 12: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS - (Continued)

B. Interfund Transfers

Each year various funds of the County transfer funds to other funds. The most significant of these are the planned transfers between the County's road funds and the road precinct funds for operations.

	Transfers In - Governmental Funds											
Transfers Out	Precinc	: <u>t 1</u>	Pre	ecinct 2	Pre	cinct 3	Pr	ecinct 4	N	lonmajor		Total
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	560,761	\$	560,761
Precinct 3		-		24,914		-		-		-		24,914
Nonmajor funds	97,0	07		59,364	1	13,891		55,832		24,891		350,985
	<u>\$ 97,0</u>	007	\$	84,278	<u>\$ 1</u>	13,891	\$	55,832	\$	585,652	\$	936,660

NOTE 13: CONTINGENCIES

The County is exposed to the risk of contingent liabilities in the ordinary course of its operations. Specifically, such risks arise as a result of the County's participation in various state and federal grant programs and as a result of threatened and pending litigation. Disallowed costs could result if County expenditures made under its grants programs are found to be improper in that they violate state or federal regulations. Such disallowed costs would have to be paid back to the granting agency from the General Fund of the County. The County is not aware of any costs that have been disallowed in the current year and does not anticipate that any will be.

NOTE 14: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no events, which occurred subsequent to year-end and prior to the issuance of this report, which would have a material effect on the County's financial position as of September 30, 2019 that have not been adjusted.

Required Supplementary Information

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Over (Under)	Actual GAAP Basis
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 8,976,262	\$ 8,976,262	\$ 9,054,171	\$-	\$ 9,054,171
Licenses and permits	2,500	2,500	6,853	-	6,853
Intergovernmental	1,208,406	1,208,406	1,698,186	(1,699)	1,699,885
Charges for services	819,130	819,130	904,827	-	904,827
Fines and forfeitures	239,500	239,500	260,512	-	260,512
Interest	203,000	203,000	513,024	-	513,024
Miscellaneous	26,500	26,500	150,161		150,161
Total revenues	11,475,298	11,475,298	12,587,734	(1,699)	12,589,433
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	3,341,948	3,337,348	2,886,562	23,313	2,863,249
Judicial	1,523,597	1,527,610	1,303,705	15,184	1,288,521
Public works	6,063,122	6,063,122	5,075,212	(68,050)	5,143,262
Health and welfare	218,403	218,403	197,240	4,154	193,086
Total expenditures	11,147,070	11,146,483	9,462,719	(25,399)	9,488,118
Excess of revenues over expenditures	328,228	328,815	3,125,015	23,700	3,101,315
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	, 100	100	29,412	6,750	22,662
Transfers out	(560,761)	(560,761)	(560,761)	-	(560,761)
	······		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(560,661)	(560,661)	(531,349)	6,750	(538,099)
Net change in fund balance	(232,433)	(231,846)	2,593,666	30,450	2,563,216
Fund balance, beginning of year	18,214,910	18,214,910	18,214,910	26,910	18,188,000
Fund balance, end of year	\$17,982,477	\$17,983,064	\$20,808,576	\$ 57,360	\$20,751,216

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. As such, revenues are recognized as they are collected and expenditures when paid.

ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Over (Under)	Actual GAAP Basis
Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ (3,230,855)	\$ 3,230,855
Licenses and permits - auto registration	¢ 250,000	¥ 250,000	¥ 242,302	(518)	242,820
Intergovernmental	260,000	260,000	750,946	(115,885)	866,831
Charges for services	15,000	15,000	26,000	-	26,000
Interest	75,000	75,000	148,910	-	148,910
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	1,810		1,810
Total revenues	601,000	601,000	1,169,968	(3,347,258)	4,517,226
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public works					
Personnel services	657,561	657,561	612,636	(2,277)	614,913
Supplies	197,800	191,600	168,873	(1,295)	170,168
Other services and charges	128,600	148,850	131,719	(3,416)	135,135
Capital outlay	6,256,000	6,241,950	5,140,854	(156,578)	5,297,432
Total expenditures	7,239,961	7,239,961	6,054,082	(163,566)	6,217,648
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(6,638,961)	(6,638,961)	(4,884,114)	(3,183,692)	(1,700,422)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	7,308	-	7,308
Transfers in	3,327,861	3,327,861	3,327,861	3,230,854	97,007
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,327,861	3,327,861	3,335,169	3,230,854	104,315
Net change in fund balance	(3,311,100)	(3,311,100)	(1,548,945)	47,162	(1,596,107)
Fund balance, beginning of year	7,485,042	7,485,042	7,485,042	<u> </u>	7,485,042
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 4,173,942</u>	\$ 4,173,942	\$ 5,936,097	\$ 47,162	<u>\$ 5,888,935</u>

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. As such, revenues are recognized as they are collected and expenditures when paid.

ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 2 - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Over (Under)	Actual GAAP Basis
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ (2,278,276)	\$ 2,278,276
Licenses and permits - auto registration	↓ 89,000	¥ 89,000	v 104,565	619	103,946
Intergovernmental	252,500	252,500	743,438	(115,885)	859,323
Charges for services	-	-	10,980	-	10,980
Interest	10,000	10,000	27,096	-	27,096
Miscellaneous	_	<u> </u>	1,251		1,251
Total revenues	351,500	351,500	887,330	(2,393,542)	3,280,872
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public works					
Personnel services	590,335	590,335	582,275	(2,902)	585,177
Supplies	149,000	141,650	113,056	(4,341)	117,397
Other services and charges	72,400	71,610	70,277	(26,436)	96,713
Capital outlay	1,701,500	1,709,640	1,347,275	102,420	1,244,855
Total expenditures	2,513,235	2,513,235	2,112,883	68,741	2,044,142
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(2,161,735)	(2,161,735)	(1,225,553)	(2,462,283)	1,236,730
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of assets	1,000	1,000	16,365	-	16,365
Transfers in	2,362,554	2,362,554	2,362,554	2,278,276	84,278
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,363,554	2,363,554	2,378,919	2,278,276	100,643
Net change in fund balance	201,819	201,819	1,153,366	(184,007)	1,337,373
Fund balance, beginning of year	752,382	752,382	752,382		752,382
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 954,201	\$ 954,201	<u>\$ 1,905,748</u>	<u>\$ (184,007</u>)	\$ 2,089,755

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. As such, revenues are recognized as they are collected and expenditures when paid.

ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 3 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Over (Under)	Actual GAAP Basis
REVENUES Taxes	\$-	\$ -	¢	\$ (3,496,181)	\$ 3,496,181
Licenses and permits - auto registration	ۍ چ 250,000	φ - 250,000	\$- 289,332	ر (3,490,101) (6,269)	ت 3,496,161 295,601
Intergovernmental	259,000	259,000	269,332 769,978	(115,885)	885,863
Charges for services	10,000	10,000	46,200	(115,005)	46,200
Interest	60,000	60,000	40,200 149,435	_	40,200 149,435
		·			
Total revenues	579,000	579,000	1,254,945	(3,618,335)	4,873,280
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public works					
Personnel services	558,630	558,630	525,486	(3,609)	529,095
Supplies	182,000	227,500	216,799	(3,021)	219,820
Other services and charges	54,100	79,100	74,617	(1,751)	76,368
Capital outlay	6,357,500	6,287,000	3,970,463	(34,496)	4,004,959
Total expenditures	7,152,230	7,152,230	4,787,365	(42,877)	4,830,242
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(6,573,230)	(6,573,230)	(3,532,420)	(3,575,458)	43,038
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	6,572	-	6,572
Transfers in	3,610,072	3,610,072	3,610,072	3,496,181	113,891
Transfers out	(24,914)	(24,914)	(24,914)		(24,914)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,585,158	3,585,158	3,591,730	3,496,181	95,549
Net change in fund balance	(2,988,072)	(2,988,072)	59,310	(79,277)	138,587
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,736,418	5,736,418	5,736,418		5,736,418
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 2,748,346</u>	<u>\$ 2,748,346</u>	\$ 5,795,728	<u>\$ (79,277</u>)	<u> </u>

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. As such, revenues are recognized as they are collected and expenditures when paid.

ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 4 - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Over (Under)	Actual GAAP Basis
REVENUES	¢	¢	¢	¢ (0 405 454)	¢ 0.405.454
Taxes Licenses and permits - auto registration	\$- 69,000	\$- 69,000	\$- 94,144	\$ (2,185,454) 1,335	\$ 2,185,454 92,809
Intergovernmental	252,000	252,000	94, 144 743,035	(115,886)	92,809 858,921
Interest	11,000	232,000	32,277	(115,660)	32,277
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	128	-	128
	·				
Total revenues	333,000	333,000	869,584	(2,300,005)	3,169,589
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public works					
Personnel services	512,969	512,969	461,769	(2,180)	463,949
Supplies	97,400	100,700	85,959	(5,366)	91,325
Other services and charges	36,100	36,247	32,749	9,712	23,037
Capital outlay	1,908,500	1,905,053	1,860,877	(364,443)	2,225,320
Total expenditures	2,554,969	2,554,969	2,441,354	(362,277)	2,803,631
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(2,221,969)	(2,221,969)	(1,571,770)	(1,937,728)	365,958
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	2,241,286	2,241,286	2,241,286	2,185,454	55,832
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,241,286	2,241,286	2,241,286	2,185,454	55,832
Net change in fund balance	19,317	19,317	669,516	247,726	421,790
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,143,068	1,143,068	1,143,068		1,143,068
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 1,162,385</u>	<u>\$ 1,162,385</u>	\$ 1,812,584	<u>\$ 247,726</u>	<u>\$ 1,564,858</u>

Explanation of differences:

The County budgets on the cash basis of accounting. As such, revenues are recognized as they are collected and expenditures when paid.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last ten years

	2018			2017
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Effect of plan changes	\$	729,050 1,404,751	\$	718,091 1,290,974
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Effect of assumption changes or inputs		(62,092)		- 126,093 134,747
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions		(889,373)		(863,560)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,182,336		1,406,345
Total Pension Liability, Beginning		17,049,581		15,643,236
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	\$	18,231,917	<u>\$</u>	17,049,581
Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expenses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Other	\$	509,557 482,014 (334,142) (889,373) (14,261) 4,852	\$	490,228 498,093 2,279,537 (863,560) (11,969) 1,559
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		(241,353)		2,393,888
Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning		17,997,144		15,603,256
Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b)	\$	17,755,791	\$	17,997,144
Net Pension Liability / (Asset), Ending (a) - (b)	\$	476,126	\$	(947,563)
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		97.39%		105.56%
Pensionable Covered Payroll	\$	6,885,912	\$	6,624,694
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		6.91%		-14.30%

NOTE: Information for years prior to 2014 was not readily available. The County will compile the respective information as provided by TCDRS on a "measurement date" basis.

·	2016	 2015	 2014			
\$	712,365 1,171,077	\$ 652,882 1,118,859 (78,914)	\$ 582,507 1,047,576			
	53,063 -	(374,133) 178,585	46,483 -			
<u> </u>	(788,175)	 (875,927)	 (883,722)			
	1,148,330	621,352	792,844			
	14,494,906	 13,873,554	 13,080,710			
<u>\$</u>	15,643,236	\$ 14,494,906	\$ 13,873,554			
\$	473,516 447,921 1,059,214 (788,175) (11,507) 105,337	\$ 434,419 410,939 108,512 (875,927) (10,309) (107,767)	\$ 402,578 380,816 918,795 (883,722) (10,712) 69,346			
	1,286,306	(40,133)	877,101			
	14,316,950	 14,357,083	 13,479,982			
\$	15,603,256	\$ 14,316,950	\$ 14,357,083			
\$	39,980	\$ 177,956	\$ (483,529)			
	99.74%	98.77%	103.49%			
\$	6,398,873	\$ 5,870,551	\$ 5,440,233			
	0.62%	3.03%	-8.89%			

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Last ten fiscal years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 322,261	\$ 331,235	\$ 397,370	\$ 382,760	\$ 373,744
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(527,018)	(502,736)	(484,805)	(452,061)	(464,359)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (204,757</u>)	<u>\$ (171,501</u>)	\$ (87,435)	<u>\$ (69,301</u>)	<u>\$ (90,615</u>)
Covered payroll	\$ 7,121,866	\$ 6,283,976	\$ 6,584,547	\$ 6,540,759	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.40%	8.00%	7.36%	6.91%	N/A

N/A denotes information not available.

NOTE: Information for the prior five fiscal years was not readily available. The County will compile the respective information over the next five fiscal years.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS For fiscal year 2019

	201	8		2017
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Effect of plan changes Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	1	4,448 1,851 - 7,778)	\$	12,736 11,824 - 1,385
Effect of assumption changes or inputs Benefit payments	(3	5,661) 9,640)		13,838 (9,937)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(2	6,780)		29,846
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning	33	<u>4,833</u>		304,987
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	<u>\$30</u>	8,053	<u>\$</u>	334,833
Covered-employee Payroll	\$ 6,88	5,912	\$6,	,624,694
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll		4.47%		5.05%

NOTE: Information for years prior to 2017 was not readily available. The County will compile the respective information as provided by TCDRS on a "measurement date" basis.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION September 30, 2019

NOTE 1: BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The County annually adopts budgets that are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, which is not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). A reconciliation to GAAP basis is provided in the preceding schedules.

NOTE 2: BUDGETARY LEGAL COMPLIANCE

There were no excess expenditures over appropriations during fiscal year 2018 in the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Funds.

NOTE 3: TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSION

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Inflation Salary Increases	Entry age Level percentage of payroll, closed 0.9 years 5 year smoothed market 2.75% Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.
Investment Rate of Return	8.0%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP- 2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2- 14 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Changes in Assumptions and Methods	2015: New inflation, mortality and other
Reflected in the Schedule of	assumptions were reflected
Employer Contributions	2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.
Changes in Plan Provisions	2015: No changes in plan provisions.
Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions	2016: No changes in plan provisions. 2017: New annuity purchase rates for benefits earned after 2017. 2018: No changes in plan provisions

NOTE 4: TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - OPEB

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2019

ASSETS	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue	Capital Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable (net) Due from other governments Due from others	\$ 1,745,539 253,746 18,857 10,523	\$ 507,150 - - 	\$ 2,252,689 253,746 18,857 	
Total assets	<u>\$2,028,665</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 2,535,815</u>	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 43,178	\$-	\$ 43,178	
Accrued expenditures Due to other funds	16,646 114,767	-	16,646 114,767	
Total liabilities	174,591		174,591	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes	253,746	<u>-</u>	253,746	
Total deferred inflows of resources	253,746	<u> </u>	253,746	
FUND BALANCES Restricted				
Courts	418,169	-	418,169	
Health and welfare Public safety	518,467 315,673	-	518,467 315,673	
Public works	460,985	-	460,985	
Various capital projects	-	507,150	507,150	
Unassigned	(112,966)		(112,966)	
Total fund balances	1,600,328	507,150	2,107,478	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,				
and fund balances	<u>\$ 2,028,665</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 2,535,815</u>	

ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Total		Total
	Nonmajor	Capital	Nonmajor
	Special	Project	Governmental
	Revenue	Fund	Funds
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 912,316	\$-	\$ 912,316
Intergovernmental	1,008,195	φ -	φ 912,310 1,008,195
Charges for services	280,223	-	280,223
Interest	87,623	8,290	95,913
Miscellaneous	234,204	0,230	234,204
MISCEIALICOUS	204,204		
Total revenues	2,522,561	8,290	2,530,851
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	257,158	-	257,158
Judicial	587,337	-	587,337
Public works	986,008	290,641	1,276,649
Health and welfare	516,534		516,534
Total expenditures	2,347,037	290,641	2,637,678
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	175,524	(282,351)	(106,827)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	585,652	-	585,652
Transfers out	(350,985)		(350,985)
Total other financing sources (uses)	234,667		234,667
Net change in fund balances	410,191	(282,351)	127,840
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,190,137	789,501	1,979,638
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 1,600,328</u>	\$ 507,150	\$ 2,107,478

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds for the County are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Road and Bridge Funds

The Road and Bridge Funds are constitutional funds established to account for current funds used for the purpose of constructing and maintaining roads and bridges. The principal sources of revenues for these funds are ad valorem taxes, vehicle registrations, and intergovernmental revenues.

The County is divided into four precincts, each of which is administered by one of the four County Commissioners. Each precinct has a separate budget for the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges in the precinct.

The Nonmajor Road and Bridge Funds consist of the following funds:

- Road and Bridge General Fund accounts for those resources that are legally restricted or committed to
 expenditures for road and bridge maintenance within the County. Tax revenues represent the major
 revenue source in this fund.
- Road and Bridge Special Fund is used to account for revenues derived from ad valorem taxes resulting
 from a special tax levy for special road and bridge maintenance and construction purposes and the
 subsequent transfer of such funds to the four precincts. The fund also pays for special road and bridge
 projects sponsored by the Texas Department of Transportation.
- County Road and Flood Fund accounts for those resources that are legally restricted or committed to
 expenditures for road and flood issues within the County. Tax revenues represent the major revenue
 source in this fund.

Other Special Revenue Funds

The Other Special Revenue Funds consist of grant and special fee funds that account for revenues that are expended for particular functions and activities.

The Other Special Revenue Funds consist of the following funds:

- The Jail Commissary Fund is used to account for fees collected from commissary sales that are used for the benefit of the inmates and to help defray the cost of operating the commissary.
- The Seized Funds account holds monies seized in criminal cases until the court case is finalized and the District judge determines disposition and how the County may use the money.
- The Appellate Judicial System Fund is used to account for fees collected by the County and District Courts to help defray the cost of operating and maintaining the appeals court system in Texas.
- The Election Contract Services Fund is used to account for fees collected by the Elections Administrator from entities within the County who wish to contract out their election process.
- The Justice Court Security Fund is used to account for fees collected by the Justice of the Peace Courts to help defray the cost of maintaining security for their offices not located in the Courthouse building.
- The Capital Credits Fund accounts for unclaimed money received by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts from electric cooperatives. The money has been dedicated by commissioners court to support a children's advocacy group.

Other Special Revenue Funds - (Continued)

- The Law Library Fund provides for the establishment and maintenance of a library for the use of members of the Texas Bar Association. It is stocked with several thousand books. Revenues are derived from fees that are assessed in each civil case filed in the County and District Courts.
- The Records Management and County Clerk Records Management Funds are used to account for the record management fees collected on various transactions and the subsequent expenditure of these monies for preservation and records management.
- The Courthouse Security Fund accounts for fees received from the County and District Clerks and used for courthouse security.
- The Justice Court Technology Fund accounts for collection of Justice of the Peace fees used for technology upgrades to computers and software in the Justice of the Peace offices.
- The Health Department Fund accounts for a state health grant and other local government revenues used to provide health care for the needy.
- The Family Protection Fund accounts for fees collected by the District Clerk on suits from the dissolution of marriage that are used to establish a program, or aid non-profit organizations that provide family protection services.
- The County Clerk Records Archive Fund accounts for a fee collected by the County Clerk and may be expended only for the preservation and restoration of the County Clerk's records archive.
- The District Court Technology Fund fee is for preservation and restoration services performed in connection with maintaining a District Court records archive.
- The District Clerk Records Management Fund accounts for fee collections by the District Clerk and used for records preservation and management expenditures within that department.
- The County and District Court Technology Fund accounts for the collection of the County and District Clerks fees used for technology upgrades to computers and software in those offices.
- The EMC Donations Fund was created to keep emergency management donations separate in case the funds are not expended in the same year as received. This department receives donations on occasion for specific services or supplies.
- The Sheriff Donations Fund was created to keep the sheriff's department donations separate in case the funds are not expended in the same year as received. This department receives donations on occasion for specific services or supplies.
- Hurricane Harvey Fund accounts for resources such as insurance proceeds, grant revenue, and expenditures that capture the total cost of the storm to the county.
- The LEOSE Funds account for the two Constables and the Sheriff accounts for funds received from the State Comptroller to provide extra training for law enforcement officials and employees.
- The District Attorney Pre-Trial Intervention Fund was created and approved by the District Judges and Commissioners Court pursuant to Code of Criminal Procedures. The purpose of the program is to divert certain persons charges with criminal offenses from formal prosecution under the criminal justice system into a rehabilitation program.
- The Truancy Prevention Grant Fund is funded by the State of Texas, Office of the Governor, Criminal Justice Division. The funds are to be used to hire a juvenile case manager to provide truancy prevention and intervention services.

Other Special Revenue Funds - (Continued)

- The District Attorney Fund accounts for contributions from the three counties within the 24th Judicial District used for miscellaneous expenditures within the District Attorney's Department.
- The Juvenile Probation Fund accounts for revenues from the County and the Texas Juvenile Probation Commission that are used for costs incurred by the County's Juvenile Probation Department.
- The Sheriff Chapter 59 and County Attorney's Forfeiture Funds are used to account for revenues and expenditures that result from the sale of forfeited property.
- The Sheriff Article 18 Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures that result from the sale of forfeited property related to gambling machines.
- The Indigent Health Care Fund accounts for revenues received from ad valorem taxes and state assistance used to provide health care to County indigents.
- The County Attorney Civil Commissions Fund accounts for bond forfeitures collected from individuals not appearing for trial. The monies are used for department expenditures.
- The Pretrial Intervention Fund accounts for fees normally collected from first-time offenders who qualify for supervisory probation as a means to atone for their transgressions. The monies are used for program expenditures.
- The Check Collecting and Processing Fund accounts for the fees generated by the County Attorney in collecting bad checks. The funds are used for normal operating costs within the department.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2019

		Road and Bridge		Other Special Revenue		Total	
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	378,434	\$	1,367,105	\$	1,745,539	
Taxes receivable (net)		249,703		4,043		253,746	
Due from other governments		-		18,857		18,857	
Due from others		-		10,523		10,523	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	628,137	<u>\$</u>	1,400,528	<u>\$</u>	2,028,665	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	43,178	\$	43,178	
Accrued expenditures		8,453		8,193		16,646	
Due to other funds				114,767		114,767	
Total liabilities		8,453		166,138		174,591	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		249,703		4,043		253,746	
Total deferred inflows of resources		249,703		4,043	•	253,746	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted							
Courts		-		418,169		418,169	
Health and welfare		-		518,467		518,467	
Public safety		-		315,673		315,673	
Public works		369,981		91,004		460,985	
Unassigned		-		(112,966)		(112,966)	
Total fund balances		369,981		1,230,347		1,600,328	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	628,137	\$	1,400,528	\$	2,028,665	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Road and Bridge	Other Special Revenue	Total
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 689,877	\$ 222,439	\$ 912,316
Intergovernmental	-	1,008,195	1,008,195
Charges for services	-	280,223	280,223
Interest	69,655	17,968	87,623
Miscellaneous	74,374	159,830	234,204
Total revenues	833,906	1,688,655	2,522,561
EXPENDITURES Current			
General government	-	257,158	257,158
Judicial	-	587,337	587,337
Public works	463,925	522,083	986,008
Health and welfare		516,534	516,534
Total expenditures	463,925	1,883,112	2,347,037
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	369,981	(194,457)	175,524
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	585,652	585,652
Transfers out	(326,094)	(24,891)	(350,985)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(326,094)	560,761	234,667
Net change in fund balances	43,887	366,304	410,191
Fund balances, beginning of year	326,094	864,043	1,190,137
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 369,981</u>	<u>\$ 1,230,347</u>	<u>\$1,600,328</u>

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2019

ASSETS	General Road and Bridge		Special Road and Bridge		County Road and Flood			Totals
Current assets	•		•				-	
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable (net)	\$ 	116,254 84,272	\$ 	63,999 26,742	\$	198,181 138,689	\$	378,434 249,703
Total assets	\$	200,526	\$	90,741	\$	336,870	\$	628,137
LIABILITIES Accrued expenditures	\$	8,453	\$	_	\$	_	\$	8,453
Total liabilities		8,453						8,453
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		84,272	·	26,742		138,689		249,703
Total deferred inflows of resources		84,272		26,742		138,689		249,703
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted - public works		107,801		63,999		198,181		369,981
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,								
and fund balances	\$	200,526	\$	90,741	\$	336,870	\$	628,137

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2019

	General Road and Bridge		 Special Road and Bridge	F	County load and Flood		Totals
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	468,884	\$ 58,207	\$	162,786	\$	689,877
Interest		25,468	8,792		35,395		69,655
Miscellaneous	. <u> </u>	74,374	 -				74,374
Total revenues		568,726	 66,999	<u> </u>	198,181		833,906
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Public works		460,925	 3,000		-		463,925
Total expenditures	<u></u>	460,925	 3,000				463,925
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		107,801	 63,999		198,181		369,981
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out		(77,196)	 (79,508)		(169,390)		(326,094)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(77,196)	 (79,508)		(169,390)		(326,094)
Net change in fund balances		30,605	(15,509)		28,791		43,887
Fund balances, beginning of year		77,196	 79,508		169,390	·	326,094
Fund balances, end of year	\$	107,801	\$ 63,999	\$	198,181	\$	369,981

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2019

ASSETS	Jail Commissary	Seized Funds	Appellate Judicial System	Election Contract Services
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable (net) Due from other governments Due from others Total assets	\$ 211,304 	\$ 2,578 - - - -	\$ 1,726 	\$ 14,036 - - - -
Total assets	<u>\$221,827</u>	<u>\$2,578</u>	<u>\$ 1,726</u>	<u>\$ 14,036</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenditures Due to other funds Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	\$	\$	\$
FUND BALANCES Restricted Courts Health and welfare Public safety Public works Unassigned	- - 221,827 - -	2,578	1,726 - - -	 14,036
Total fund balances	221,827	2,578	1,726	14,036
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$221,827</u>	<u>\$2,578</u>	<u>\$ 1,726</u>	<u>\$ 14,036</u>

Justice Court Security	I	Law Library		Records Mgmt.			ourthouse Security		lustice Court chnology	
\$ 23,220	\$	46,036	\$	11,154	\$	113,094	\$	27,988	\$	5,40
-		-		-		-		-		
\$ 23,220	\$	46,036	\$	11,154	\$	113,094	\$	27,988	\$	5,40
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
 			. <u></u>							
 						<u>-</u>			<u> </u>	
 		<u> </u>	<u></u>							
23,220		46,036		11,154		113,094		-		5,40
-		-		-		-		-		
 - -		-		-				27,988	P	
 23,220		46,036		11,154		113,094		27,988		5,40
\$ 23,220	\$	46,036	\$	11,154	<u>\$</u>	113,094	\$	27,988	\$	5,40

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2019

ASSETS		Health partment		amily tection	F	unty Clerk Records Archive		District Court chnology	R	rict Clerk ecords Mgmt.
ASSETS Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable (net) Due from other governments Due from others Total assets	\$	67,311 - - - 67,311	\$	15 - - - 15	\$	89,028 - - - 89,028	\$	11,405 - - - 11,405	\$	3,313 - - - 3,313
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenditures Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$		\$	- - -	\$	- - -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCI	ES									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes				-			·			
Total deferred inflows of resources										
FUND BALANCES Restricted										
Courts		-		-		89,028		11,405		3,313
Health and welfare		67,311		15		-		-		-
Public safety Public works		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		_						
Total fund balances		67,311	·	15		89,028		11,405	<u> </u>	3,313
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,										
and fund balances	\$	67,311	\$	15	<u>\$</u>	89,028	\$	11,405	\$	3,313

	Court hnology	D	EMC onations		Sheriff's onations	H 	lurricane Harvey	Constable 1 LEOSE			istable 2 EOSE
\$	5,386 -	\$	14,065 -	\$	5,020	\$	-	\$	3,030	\$	3,345
	-		-		-		-		-		
\$	5,386	\$	14,065	\$	5,020	\$		\$	3,030	\$	3,345
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
							112,966			<u></u>	
<u></u>							112,966				
							<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
							<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
	5,386		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		- 5,020		-		- 3,030		- 3,345
	-		14,065 				- (112,966)		- -		-
	5,386		14,065		5,020		(112,966)		3,030		3,345
\$	5,386	\$	14,065	<u>\$</u>	5,020	\$	<u> </u>	\$	3,030	\$	3,345

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2019

ASSETS	Pr	et Attorney e-Trial rvention	Pre	ruancy evention Grant		District Attorney	uvenile robation	Ch	heriff's apter 59 rfeiture
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,500	\$	-	\$	53,801	\$ 72,268	\$	6,650
Taxes receivable (net) Due from other governments		-		- 3,805		-	- 15,052		-
Due from others				<u> </u>			 		
Total assets	\$	4,500	\$	3,805	\$	53,801	\$ 87,320	<u>\$</u>	6,650
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,042	\$ 4,869	\$	-
Accrued expenditures		-		-		8,193	-		-
Due to other funds				1,801			 		-
Total liabilities		-		1,801	<u> </u>	21,235	 4,869	<u> </u>	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURC Unavailable revenue - property taxes	ES	<u> </u>	. <u> </u>			<u> </u>	 <u>-</u>		
Total deferred inflows of resources				-			 -		
FUND BALANCES Restricted									
Courts		4,500		2,004		32,566	-		-
Health and welfare		-		-		-	-		-
Public safety		-		-		-	82,451		-
Public works Unassigned		-		-		-	-		6,650
			<u> </u>				 		
Total fund balances	·	4,500		2,004		32,566	 82,451		6,650
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,									
and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	4,500	\$	3,805	\$	53,801	\$ 87,320	\$	6,650

Sheriff's Article 18	Indigent Health Care	County Attorney Forfeiture	County Attorney Civil Commissions	Pre-trial Intervention	Check Collection & Processing	Totals
\$ 34,722 - - -	\$ 476,408 4,043 -	\$ 23,713 - - -	\$ 7,599	\$ 21,406 - - -	\$ 7,579	\$ 1,367,105 4,043 18,857 10,523
\$ 34,722	<u>\$ 480,451</u>	<u>\$ 23,713</u>	<u>\$7,599</u>	<u>\$ 21,406</u>	<u>\$7,579</u>	<u></u> 1,400,528
\$ - - - -	\$ 25,267 - - 25,267	\$	\$ - - - -	\$ - - 	\$ - - - -	\$ 43,178 8,193 114,767 166,138
<u>-</u>	<u>4,043</u> <u>4,043</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	4,043
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 451,141 - - - 451,141	23,713 - - - - 23,713	7,599 - - - - - 7,599	21,406 - - - - 21,406	- - 7,579 - - 7,579	418,169 518,467 315,673 91,004 (112,966) 1,230,347
<u>\$ 34,722</u>	<u>\$ 480,451</u>	<u>\$ 23,713</u>	\$ 7,599	<u>\$21,406</u>	<u>\$7,579</u>	<u>\$ 1,400,528</u>

_

(Concluded)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Jail Commissary	Seized Funds	Appellate Judicial System	Election Contract Services
REVENUES Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Intergovernmental	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ -
Charges for services	36,093	60	1,726	15,191
Interest	1,814	81	-	-
Miscellaneous	62,405			
Total revenues	100,312	141	1,726	15,191
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	33,838	8,672	1,976	10,749
Judicial	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare				
Total expenditures	33,838	8,672	1,976	10,749
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	66,474	(8,531)	(250)	4,442
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources		<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balances	66,474	(8,531)	(250)	4,442
Fund balances, beginning of year	155,353	11,109	1,976	9,594
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 221,827</u>	<u>\$2,578</u>	<u>\$ 1,726</u>	<u>\$ 14,036</u>

Justice Court Security	Capital Credits	Law Library	Records Mgmt.	Co. Clerk Records Mgmt.	Courthouse Security	Justice Court Technology
\$-	\$- 7,902	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
- 1,252	7,902	- 12,047	- 4,374	- 50,595	- 11,009	- 5,098
221	-	471	227	2,092	211	23
1,473	7,902	12,518	4,601	52,687	11,220	5,121
			(=			
155	7,902	-	15,000	48,427	-	-
-	-	15,999	-	-	-	-
_	-	-	-	-	-	-
155	7,902	15,999	15,000	48,427		
1,318		(3,481)	(10,399)	4,260	11,220	5,121
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>
1,318	-	(3,481)	(10,399)	4,260	11,220	5,121
21,902		49,517	21,553	108,834	16,768	284
<u>\$ 23,220</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 46,036</u>	<u>\$ 11,154</u>	<u>\$ 113,094</u>	<u>\$27,988</u>	\$ 5,405

-

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Health Department	Family Protection	County Clerk Records Archive	District Court <u>Technology</u>	District Clerk Records Mgmt.
	•	^	<u>^</u>	^	•
Taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -
Intergovernmental	150,559	-	-	-	-
Charges for services Interest	15,406	1,147	47,290 792	2,877 95	4,236
	1,581	-	792	95	91
Miscellaneous					
Total revenues	167,546	1,147	48,082	2,972	4,327
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	-	-	-	-	_
Judicial	-	-	26,300	-	10,283
Public works	-	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	271,597	1,212			
Total expenditures	271,597	1,212	26,300	<u>-</u>	10,283
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(104,051)	(65)	21,782	2,972	(5,956)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	110,761		_	_	_
Transfers out	-	_	_	_	_
	110 701	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Total other financing sources	110,761			-	
Net change in fund balances	6,710	(65)	21,782	2,972	(5,956)
Fund balances, beginning of year	60,601	80	67,246	8,433	9,269
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$67,311</u>	<u>\$ 15</u>	<u>\$ 89,028</u>	<u>\$ 11,405</u>	<u>\$ </u>

Court Technology	EMC Donations	Sheriff's Donations	Hurricane Harvey	Constable 1 LEOSE	Constable 2 LEOSE	Sheriff LEOSE	
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	
-	-	-	240,211	682	682	3,367	
367 50	-	-	-	- 26	- 30	- 15	
- 50	5,099	- 8,500	-	- 20	- 30	- 15	
417	5,099	8,500	240,211	708	712	3,382	
_	0,000	0,000	240,211				
-	105,842	9,172	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	95	3,382	
	50 				<u> </u>		
	105,842	9,172			95	3,382	
417	(100,743)	(672)	240,211	708	617	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
						<u> </u>	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
417	(100,743)	(672)	240,211	708	617	-	
4,969	114,808	5,692	(353,177)	2,322	2,728		
<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 14,065</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ (112,966</u>)	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the year ended September 30, 2019

	District Attorney Pre-Trial Intervention	Truancy Prevention Grant	District Attorney	Juvenile Probation	Sheriff's Chapter 59 Forfeiture
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	62,663	240,937	301,192	-
Charges for services	4,500	1,163	-	180	-
Interest	-	-	2,293	2,011	60
Miscellaneous			-	180	4,251
Total revenues	4,500	63,826	243,230	303,563	4,311
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	-	-	-	-	-
Judicial	8,500	62,663	404,862	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	518,606	-
Health and welfare				_	
Total expenditures	8,500	62,663	404,862	518,606	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(4,000)	1,163	(161,632)	(215,043)	4,311
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	-	-	175,000	275,000	-
Transfers out	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	(24,891)
Total other financing sources	<u>-</u>		175,000	275,000	(24,891)
Net change in fund balances	(4,000)	1,163	13,368	59,957	(20,580)
Fund balances, beginning of year	8,500	841	19,198	22,494	27,230
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 4,500</u>	<u>\$ 2,004</u>	\$ 32,566	<u>\$ 82,451</u>	\$ 6,650

Totals	 Check Collection & Processing	Pre-trial ervention	County Attorney Civil Commissions		Attorney Civil Pr		Attorney Atto		Indigent Health Care		Sheriff's Article 18	
\$ 222,43	\$ \$-	-	9	\$-	-	\$-	222,439	\$	- 3			
1,008,19	-	-		-	-	-	-		-			
280,223	2,567	62,100		945	-	-	-		-			
17,968	-	-		-	3	173	5,331		280			
159,830	 	-	_		5	10,225	44,194		24,976			
1,688,65	 2,567	62,100	-	945	8	10,398	271,964		25,256			
257,158	-	-		-	-	-	-		15,425			
587,337	2,676	55,805		-	9	249	-		-			
522,083	-	-		-	-	-	-		-			
516,534	 				_		243,725					
1,883,112	 2,676	- 55,805				249	243,725		15,425			
(194,457	(109)	6,295		945	9	10,149	28,239		9,831			
585,652	-	-		-	-	-	-		24,891			
(24,89	 	-	-		-		-					
560,76	 		-		-				24,891			
366,304	(109)	6,295		945	9	10,149	28,239		34,722			
864,043	 7,688	15,111	_	6,654	<u>4</u>	13,564	422,902					
<u>\$ 1,230,347</u>	\$ <u>\$7,579</u>	21,406	\$	<u>\$7,599</u>	3	<u>\$ 23,713</u>	451,141	\$	34,722			

(Concluded)

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is a constitutional fund and is utilized to account for all County revenues and expenditures except those which are required by law to be classed in other constitutional funds and such other funds that are presented separately to facilitate proper accountability.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	¢ 0 000 060	¢ 0 000 000	¢ 0 000 004	¢ 100.610
Current ad valorem	\$ 8,828,262 148,000	\$ 8,828,262 148,000	\$ 8,928,881	\$ 100,619 (22,710)
Delinquent ad valorem			125,290	(22,710)
Total taxes	8,976,262	8,976,262	9,054,171	77,909
Licenses and permits	0.500	0 500	0.050	4 9 5 9
Beer and wine permits	2,500	2,500	6,853	4,353
Intergovernmental				
Grants and salary supplements	242,533	242,533	314,823	72,290
Other funds				
Dispatching service	107,923	107,923	107,923	-
Boarding prisoners	500,000	500,000	905,330	405,330
Law enforcement	248,950	248,950	248,950	-
Miscellaneous	109,000	109,000	121,160	12,160
Total intergovernmental	1,208,406	1,208,406	1,698,186	489,780
Charges for services				
Fees of office				
Sheriff	50,000	50,000	53,137	3,137
County clerk	140,000	140,000	180,085	40,085
Tax assessor-collector	500,000	500,000	488,173	(11,827)
District clerk	40,000	40,000	45,852	5,852
Justices of the peace	22,000	22,000	38,261	16,261
Miscellaneous fees	12,800	12,800	39,719	26,919
Other fees				
Arrest fees	4,500	4,500	5,313	813
Pre-trial diversion	26,000	26,000	29,000	3,000
Miscellaneous fees	23,830	23,830	25,287	1,457
Total charges for services	819,130	819,130	904,827	85,697
Fines and forfeitures				
County clerk fines	70,000	70,000	57,418	(12,582)
District clerk fines	35,000	35,000	32,961	(2,039)
Justice of the peace fines	118,000	118,000	144,478	26,478
Other	16,500	16,500	25,655	9,155
Total fines and forfeitures	239,500	239,500	260,512	21,012
Interest				
Regular	203,000	203,000	513,024	310,024
Miscellaneous				
Inmate telephone commissions	15,000	15,000	23,878	8,878
Sheriff sale	2,500	2,500	5,120	2,620
Other miscellaneous	9,000	9,000	121,163	112,163
Total miscellaneous	26,500	26,500	150,161	123,661
Total revenues	11,475,298	11,475,298	12,587,734	1,112,436
			,_,,,,,,,,,	,,,

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES					
General government					
County judge	• (00.000	* (00.000	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	
Personnel services	\$ 183,660	\$ 183,660	\$ 178,344	\$ 5,316	
Supplies	1,800	1,800	416	1,384	
Other services and charges	11,000	11,000	7,759	3,241	
Capital outlay	2,000	2,000		2,000	
Total county judge	198,460	198,460	186,519	11,941	
County clerk					
Personnel services	335,012	335,012	319,662	15,350	
Supplies	4,000	4,000	2,882	1,118	
Other services and charges	39,420	39,420	31,841	7,579	
Capital outlay	10,000	10,000	8,750	1,250	
Total county clerk	388,432	388,432	363,135	25,297	
Veteran's service officers					
Personnel services	13,403	13,403	8,030	5,373	
Supplies	250	250	35	215	
Other services and charges	2,500	2,500	20	2,480	
Capital outlay	500	500		500	
Total veteran's service officers	16,653	16,653	8,085	8,568	
Non-departmental					
Personnel services	250	250	248	2	
Supplies	14,500	14,038	8,176	5,862	
Other services and charges	883,250	783,128	507,571	275,557	
Capital outlay	35,000	74,200	74,184	16	
Total non-departmental	933,000	871,616	590,179	281,437	
Elections					
Personnel services	87,854	87,854	81,162	6,692	
Supplies	9,000	9,031	7,859	1,172	
Other services and charges	23,135	23,104	20,417	2,687	
Capital outlay	500	500		500	
Total elections	120,489	120,489	109,438	11,051	
County auditor				·····	
Personnel services	245,646	245,103	241,522	3,581	
Supplies	1,500	1,500	1,482	18	
Other services and charges	8,200	37,910	37,307	603	
Capital outlay	1,000	, –	, _	-	
Total county auditor	256,346	284,513	280,311	4,202	

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES - (Continued)					
General government - (Continued)					
County treasurer	A 000 005	* • • • • • • • •	* (00.050	• (• ==•	
Personnel services	\$ 203,005	\$ 203,005	\$ 192,253	\$ 10,752	
Supplies	3,000	3,000	2,130	870	
Other services and charges Capital outlay	11,250 2,500	39,867 2,500	35,327 2,303	4,540 197	
Total county treasurer	219,755	248,372	232,013	16,359	
Information technology	444.005	444.005	4 4 9 9 9 4		
Personnel services	144,805	144,805	140,601	4,204	
Other services and charges	175,000	175,446	125,090	50,356	
Capital outlay	145,000	144,554	131,935	12,619	
Total information technology	464,805	464,805	397,626	67,179	
Tax assessor-collector					
Personnel services	350,183	350,183	334,661	15,522	
Supplies	10,300	10,257	9,274	983	
Other services and charges	382,525	383,075	374,828	8,247	
Capital outlay	1,000	493	493	-	
Total tax assessor-collector	744,008	744,008	719,256	24,752	
Total general government	3,341,948	3,337,348	2,886,562	450,786	
Judicial					
County courts					
Personnel services	41,446	41,446	11,080	30,366	
Other services and charges	105,000	105,000	36,752	68,248	
Total county courts	146,446	146,446	47,832	98,614	
District court					
Personnel services	13,764	20,764	16,198	4,566	
Supplies	1,000	1,000	257	743	
Other services and charges	329,413	322,413	245,949	76,464	
Capital outlay	5,000	5,000	4,750	250	
Total district court	349,177	349,177	267,154	82,023	
District clerk	<u></u>	<u> </u>			
Personnel services	422,155	422,155	413,638	8,517	
Supplies	8,000	7,849	7,097	752	
Other services and charges	23,800	22,750	20,755	1,995	
Capital outlay	11,250	12,451	12,451		
Total district clerk	465,205	465,205	453,941	11,264	
		100,200		11,204	

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES - (Continued)				
Judicial - (Continued)				
Justices of the peace				
Personnel services	\$ 285,561	\$ 285,561	\$ 273,037	\$ 12,524
Supplies	9,000	9,630	8,416	1,214
Other services and charges	56,056	60,776	57,638	3,138
Capital outlay	800	50		50
Total justices of the peace	351,417	356,017	339,091	16,926
County attorney				
Personnel services	198,852	198,852	185,621	13,231
Supplies	2,900	2,636	1,558	1,078
Other services and charges	9,600	9,277	8,508	769
Total county attorney	211,352	210,765	195,687	15,078
Total judicial	1,523,597	1,527,610	1,303,705	223,905
Public works				
Courthouse building				
Personnel services	131,748	131,748	126,433	5,315
Supplies	16,800	16,800	9,673	7,127
Other services and charges	209,000	211,315	145,209	66,106
Capital outlay	6,000	3,685	-	3,685
Total courthouse building	363,548	363,548	281,315	82,233
Annex building				
Supplies	4,500	2,410	1,433	977
Other services and charges	48,800	50,890	50,103	787
Total annex building	53,300	53,300	51,536	1,764
Jail building				
Supplies	24,500	35,500	34,987	513
Other services and charges	250,700	243,925	228,051	15,874
Capital outlay	5,000	775		775
Total jail building	280,200	280,200	263,038	17,162
Lawn and yard maintenance				
Supplies	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Other services and charges	11,500	11,500	4,400	7,100
Total lawn and yard maintenance	12,500	12,500	4,400	8,100

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

			Actual	Variance
	Original	Final	Budgetary	Positive
	Budget	Budget	Basis	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES - (Continued)				
Public works - (Continued)				
Constables				
Personnel services	\$ 100,960	\$ 100,602	\$ 97,372	\$ 3,230
Supplies	8,650	7,126	6,927	199
Other services and charges	10,880	7,799	7,521	278
Capital outlay	8,650	13,613	13,608	5
Total constables	129,140	129,140	125,428	3,712
Sheriff			<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Personnel services	2,006,018	2,006,018	1,710,919	295,099
Supplies	132,500	135,605	102,066	33,539
Other services and charges	163,200	129,666	109,782	19,884
Capital outlay	529,400	559,829	208,229	351,600
Total sheriff	2,831,118	2,831,118	2,130,996	700,122
Jail operations				
Personnel services	1,711,926	1,711,926	1,589,221	122,705
Supplies	276,000	295,801	294,378	1,423
Other services and charges	261,539	242,738	216,130	26,608
Capital outlay	2,000	1,000	300	700
Total jail operations	2,251,465	2,251,465	2,100,029	151,436
Corrections				
Supplies	150	1,400	1,400	-
Other services and charges	250	-	-	-
Capital outlay	1,000			
Total corrections	1,400	1,400	1,400	
Other protection				
Personnel services	76,551	76,551	76,505	46
Supplies	8,500	8,500	2,340	6,160
Other services and charges	40,400	40,400	25,853	14,547
Capital outlay	15,000	15,000	12,372	2,628
Total other protection	140,451	140,451	117,070	23,381
Fotal public works	6,063,122	6,063,122	5,075,212	987,910

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES - (Continued)				
Health and welfare				
Health	* ••• •••	A 00.000	¢ 00.400	¢ 45.000
Other services and charges	<u>\$ 82,000</u>	<u>\$ 82,000</u>	<u>\$ 66,100</u>	<u>\$ 15,900</u>
Total health	82,000	82,000	66,100	15,900
Agriculture extension services				
Personnel services	113,153	113,153	111,462	1,691
Supplies	1,750	1,750	1,142	608
Other services and charges	20,000	20,000	18,151	1,849
Capital outlay	1,500	1,500	385	1,115
Total agriculture extension services	136,403	136,403	131,140	5,263
Total health and welfare	218,403	218,403	197,240	21,163
Total expenditures	_11,147,070	11,146,483	9,462,719	1,683,764
Excess of revenues over expenditures	328,228	328,815	3,125,015	2,796,200
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	500	500	29,412	28,912
Transfers out	(560,761)	(560,761)	(560,761)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(560,261)	(560,261)	(531,349)	28,912
Net change in fund balance	(232,033)	(231,446)	2,593,666	2,825,112
Fund balance, beginning of year	18,214,910	18,214,910	18,214,910	
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$17,982,877</u>	\$17,983,464	\$20,808,576	<u>\$ 2,825,112</u>

(Concluded)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

ROAD AND BRIDGE GENERAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

REVENUES	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Over (Under)	Actual GAAP Basis	
Taxes					
Current ad valorem	\$ 5,296,957	\$ 5,357,328	\$ 4,908,810	\$ 448,518	
Delinquent ad valorem	20,000	20,366	<u> </u>	20,366	
Total taxes	5,316,957	5,377,694	4,908,810	468,884	
Interest	9,000	25,468	-	25,468	
Miscellaneous	75,500	74,374		74,374	
Total revenues	5,401,457	5,477,536	4,908,810	568,726	
EXPENDITURES Current Public works	250 754	350.063	(1.652)	251 715	
Personnel services	352,754 118,600	350,063 109,210	(1,652)	351,715 109,210	
Other services and charges	471,354	459,273	(1,652)	460,925	
Total expenditures	471,334	439,273	(1,052)	400,925	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	4,930,103	5,018,263	4,910,462	107,801	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	(4,986,006)	(4,986,006)	(4,908,810)	(77,196)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,986,006)	(4,986,006)	(4,908,810)	(77,196)	
Net change in fund balance	(55,903)	32,257	1,652	30,605	
Fund balance, beginning of year	77,196	77,196		77,196	
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 21,293</u>	<u>\$ 109,453</u>	<u>\$ 1,652</u>	<u>\$ 107,801</u>	

Explanation of differences:

SPECIAL ROAD AND BRIDGE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

REVENUES	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Over (Under)	Actual GAAP Basis
Taxes				
Current ad valorem Delinquent ad valorem	\$ 1,143,260 <u> </u>	\$ 1,156,055 15,884	\$ 1,113,732 	\$ 42,323 15,884
Total taxes	1,158,260	1,171,939	1,113,732	58,207
Interest	5,000	8,792		8,792
Total revenues	1,163,260	1,180,731	1,113,732	66,999
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Public works	40,000	3,000	<u> </u>	3,000
Total expenditures	40,000	3,000		3,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,123,260	1,177,731	1,113,732	63,999
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(1,193,240)	(1,193,240)	(1,113,732)	(79,508)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,193,240)	(1,193,240)	(1,113,732)	(79,508)
Net change in fund balance	(69,980)	(15,509)	-	(15,509)
Fund balance, beginning of year	79,508	79,508	<u> </u>	79,508
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$63,999</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$63,999</u>

Explanation of differences:

COUNTY ROAD AND FLOOD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

REVENUES	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Over (Under)	Actual GAAP Basis
Taxes				
Current ad valorem Delinquent ad valorem	\$ 5,126,484 50,000	\$ 5,273,845 57,164	\$ 5,168,223 	\$ 105,622 57,164
Total taxes	5,176,484	5,331,009	5,168,223	162,786
Interest	15,000	35,395		35,395
Total revenues	5,191,484	5,366,404	5,168,223	198,181
EXPENDITURES Current Public works		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	5,191,484	5,366,404	5,168,223	198,181
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,337,613) (5,337,613)	(5,337,613) (5,337,613)	(5,168,223) (5,168,223)	(169,390) (169,390)
Net change in fund balance	(146,129)	28,791	-	28,791
Fund balance, beginning of year	169,390	169,390	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 169,390</u>
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 23,261</u>	<u>\$ 198,181</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 198,181</u>

Explanation of differences:

INDIGENT HEALTH CARE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended September 30, 2019

REVENUES	 Final Budget	B 	Actual udgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP <u>Over (Under)</u>			Actual GAAP Basis
Taxes							
Current ad valorem	\$ 220,707	\$	222,439	\$	-	\$	222,439
Delinquent ad valorem	 200	<u>.</u>					-
Total taxes	220,907		222,439		-		222,439
Interest	4,000		5,331		-		5,331
Miscellaneous	 <u> </u>	<u> </u>	44,194				44,194
Total revenues	 224,907		271,964				271,964
EXPENDITURES Current Health and welfare Personnel services Supplies	13,403 200		11,342 15		-		11,342 15
Other services and charges	16,850		15,455		-		15,455
Capital outlays	300		-		-		-
Medical expenses	 430,402		200,966		(15,947)		216,913
Total expenditures	 461,155		227,778		(15,947)		243,725
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(236,248)		44,186		15,947		28,239
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 -		-			L	
Net change in fund balance	(236,248)		44,186		15,947		28,239
Fund balance, beginning of year	 422,902		422,902				422,902
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 186,654	<u>\$</u>	467,088	\$	15,947	\$	451,141

Explanation of differences:

AGENCY FUNDS

The Agency Funds are used to account for the monies received and disbursed by the County in the capacity of trustee, custodian, or agent for individuals or other entities.

The Agency Funds consist of the following:

- The Unclaimed Funds account holds funds returned to the County that are not required to be escheated to the State. Those funds are under the care of the County Treasurer.
- The Escrow Fund was established to account for statutory court cost fees, restitution, fines collected from other government entities, juror donations, overpayments, contractual and permit fees, and sales tax collections which are transmitted to the State, the General Fund, outside entities, and/or other individuals on a periodic basis.
- The Tax Assessor combines the escrow fund, property tax, and motor vehicle department funds. These funds are used to hold escrow amounts collected on mobile homes and account for property taxes and vehicle registration fees collected.
- The County Clerk Trust Funds account holds assets for the benefit of specified minors until they reach the age of majority.
- The District Clerk Trust Fund accounts for monies received that are put in trust funds and held for other individuals or entities.
- The Inmate Trust Fund accounts hold funds that belong to the inmates. The funds are under the care and control of the County Sheriff.
- The Sheriff Cash Bond Funds account for monies paid by defendants as security that they will appear in court.

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the year ended September 30, 2019

UNCLAIMED FUNDS	Be	ance at ginning f Year		Additions	[Deductions		alance at End of Year
Assets								
Cash in bank	\$	10,651	\$	263	\$	6,020	\$	4,894
Liabilities								
Due to others	\$	10,651	<u>\$</u>	263	<u>\$</u>	6,020	\$	4,894
ESCROW FUND Assets								
Cash in bank	\$	139,756	<u>\$</u>	346,973	<u>\$</u>	432,283	\$	54,446
Liabilities								
Due to others	\$	139,756	<u>\$</u>	346,973	<u>\$</u>	432,283	\$	54,446
TAX ASSESSOR								
Assets								
Cash in bank	\$	202,883	\$	85,932,102	<u>\$</u>	85,947,901	\$	187,084
Liabilities								
Due to others	\$	202,883	<u>\$</u>	85,932,102	\$	85,947,901	<u>\$</u>	187,084
COUNTY CLERK TRUST FUNDS								
Assets	¢	24.004	٠	C1 404	¢	F4 000	¢	40 700
Cash in bank	<u>\$</u>	31,084	<u>\$</u>	61,484	<u>\$</u>	51,832	<u>\$</u>	40,736
Liabilities Due to others	\$	31,084	\$	61,484	\$	51,832	\$	40,736
Due to others	Ψ		Ψ	01,404	Ψ	01,002	Ψ	40,730
DISTRICT CLERK TRUST FUNDS								
Assets Cash in bank	\$	445,596	\$	321,267	\$	403,674	\$	363,189
Liabilities	Ψ	440,000	Ψ	021,207	Ψ	400,074	Ψ	505,105
Due to others	\$	445,596	\$	321,267	\$	403,674	\$	363,189
INMATE TRUST FUNDS								
Assets								
Cash in bank	\$	28,249	<u>\$</u>	336,850	<u>\$</u>	333,671	\$	31,428
Liabilities	^	00.040	~	000 070	^	000 07/	^	04.405
Due to others	\$	28,249	<u>\$</u>	336,850	<u>\$</u>	333,671	\$	31,428

AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the year ended September 30, 2019

SHERIFF CASH BOND FUNDS	Balance at Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	Balance at End of Year
Assets Cash in bank	\$ 44,500	\$ 128,405	\$ 147,905	\$ 25,000
Liabilities	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>+</u>	<u>+</u>
Due to others	\$ 44,500	\$ 128,405	<u>\$ 147,905</u>	\$ 25,000
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets				
Cash in bank	<u>\$ 902,719</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 706,777
Liabilities		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• - - - - - - - - - -
Due to others	<u>\$ 902,719</u>	<u>\$ 87,127,344</u>	<u>\$ 87,323,286</u>	<u>\$ 706,777</u>

(Concluded)

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Page
85
94
100
104
106

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (1) Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year										
		2019		2018		2017		2016			
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	82,954,693 17,892,743 23,282,524	\$	73,485,462 17,919,642 20,953,244	\$	63,586,954 23,109,025 16,096,882	\$	53,455,918 26,013,508 13,187,240			
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	124,129,960	\$	112,358,348	\$	102,792,861	<u>\$</u>	92,656,666			

(1) Accrual basis of accounting

NOTES: The County implemented GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" in fiscal year 2015. Fiscal year 2014 above was restated for the effects of this standard.

The County restated fiscal year 2016 net position for penalty and interest receivable for uncollected ad valorem taxes.

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" in fiscal year 2018. Fiscal year 2017 above was restated for the effects of this standard.

and the second of the second second

	Fiscal Year										
	2015		2014	2013			2012		2011		2010
\$	29,415,561 31,051,842 12,056,434	\$	13,116,994 17,432,322 15,034,046	\$	11,785,255 9,917,572 9,468,655	\$	10,219,684 6,798,005 5,059,270	\$	10,497,054 5,858,081 4,666,512	\$	10,228,078 4,716,323 4,055,117
<u>\$</u>	72,523,837	\$	45,583,362	<u>\$</u>	31,171,482	\$	22,076,959	<u>\$</u>	21,021,647	\$	18,999,518

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (1) Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year							
		2019	-	2018		2017		2016
Governmental activities Expenses								
General government Judicial Public works Health and welfare Interest on long-term debt	\$	3,826,515 2,378,876 11,224,114 773,749	-	\$ 3,687,643 2,188,903 10,752,678 926,839	:	\$ 3,420,506 2,040,247 9,970,556 884,661	\$	3,349,802 1,805,372 9,327,029 845,744 206,141
Total expenses		18,203,254	_	17,556,063	-	16,315,970		15,534,088
Program revenues Charges for services General government		1,791,755		1,701,935		1,389,834		1,600,249
Judicial		345,422		676,093		481,416		531,238
Public works		5,386,733		4,017,139		1,696,907		1,677,437
Health and welfare		170,361		141,782		138,048		127,319
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		643,545		881,141		542,608		481,550
Total program revenues		8,337,816	_	7,418,090	-	4,248,813		4,417,793
Total net program expenses		(9,865,438)		(10,137,973)		(12,067,157)		(11,116,295)
General revenues and other changes Property taxes Unrestricted investment		20,533,832		18,897,938		21,772,885		30,648,143
earnings		966,655		592,031		471,261		441,965
Miscellaneous		136,563	_	213,491	-	256,573		26,367
Total general revenues and other changes in net position		21,637,050	-	19,703,460	-	22,500,719	<u> </u>	31,116,475
Total changes in net position	\$	11,771,612		\$9,565,487	() 	\$10,433,562	\$	20,000,180

(1) Accrual basis of accounting

NOTES: The County implemented GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" in fiscal year 2015. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard.

The County restated fiscal year 2016 net position for penalty and interest receivable for uncollected ad valorem taxes. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated.

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" in fiscal year 2018. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			l Year		
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 2,571,157 1,685,815 11,266,551 777,582 394,684	\$ 2,385,345 1,519,429 16,851,264 761,753 422,309	\$ 1,984,628 1,320,115 8,685,582 736,361 448,765	\$ 2,054,078 1,229,416 6,830,006 575,526 474,197	\$ 1,928,925 1,128,817 6,244,867 635,485 497,848	\$ 1,611,328 1,044,290 5,449,821 631,618 564,367
16,695,789	21,940,100	13,175,451	11,163,223	10,435,942	9,301,424
1,728,791 552,933 2,042,487 109,180	1,689,760 445,243 2,171,851 33,396	1,428,624 700,202 2,520,427 55,662	962,158 1,114,339 2,200,607 52,276	1,853,355 575,233 1,924,286 64,506	1,261,225 358,439 903,891 50,879
686,147	417,463	655,176	536,255	1,124,405	664,011
4,957,614				- <u></u>	
10,077,152	4,757,713	5,360,091	4,865,635	5,541,785	3,238,445
(6,618,637)	(17,182,387)	(7,815,360)	(6,297,588)	(4,894,157)	(6,062,979
32,926,945	30,474,733	16,964,050	7,148,900	6,770,107	7,221,080
456,430	393,166	156,460	95,399	132,249	129,003
175,737	41,930	35,347	108,601	13,930	1,424
33,559,112	30,909,829	17,155,857	7,352,900	6,916,286	7,351,507
\$26,940,475	<u> </u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 1,055,312</u>	<u>\$2,022,129</u>	<u>\$ </u>

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1) Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year									
	2019		2018		2017			2016		
General fund Unassigned	\$	20,521,758	\$	17,896,593	\$	13,817,638	\$	10,293,629		
Assigned Total general fund	\$	229,458 20,751,216	\$	291,407 18,188,000	\$	344,640 14,162,278	\$	318,466 10,612,095		
All other governmental funds Restricted										
Debt service Special revenue funds Capital project funds Unassigned	\$	- 17,131,847 507,150 (112,966)	\$	- 16,660,224 789,501 (353,177)	\$	- 21,699,622 1,037,729 (199,863)	\$	- 24,935,397 1,078,111 -		
Total all other governmental funds	<u>\$</u>	17,526,031	\$	17,096,548	\$	22,737,351	\$	26,013,508		

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

	Fiscal Year										
<u> </u>	2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
\$	10,450,858	\$	13,972,429	\$	8,861,809	\$	3,918,939	\$	4,737,330	\$	4,227,253
_	329,800		307,491		311,213		307,185		-		-
\$	10,780,658	\$	14,279,920	\$	9,173,022	\$	4,226,124	\$	4,737,330	<u>\$</u>	4,227,253
	/	•		•		•		•		•	
\$	2,010,228	\$	1,959,612	\$	1,634,641	\$	915,772	\$	777,535	\$	640,675
	27,966,295		14,401,297		7,218,731		4,818,599		4,004,918		2,978,679
	1,075,320		1,071,413		1,064,200		1,063,634		1,075,628		1,096,969
				<u> </u>						-	
<u>\$</u>	31,051,843	\$	17,432,322	\$	9,917,572	\$	6,798,005	<u>\$</u>	5,858,081	\$	4,716,323

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1) Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year							
		2019		2018		2017		2016
Revenues Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	21,157,253 742,029 6,179,018 1,268,230 260,512 966,655 387,554	\$	18,808,751 718,918 4,373,527 1,297,327 299,796 592,031 381,058	\$	21,795,414 693,347 1,785,211 1,143,787 294,187 471,261 290,907	\$	30,497,675 719,573 1,576,411 1,439,425 360,303 441,965 423,595
Total revenues		30,961,251		26,471,408		26,474,114		35,458,947
Expenditures Current General government Judicial Public works Health and welfare Capital outlay Debt service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Bond issue costs		2,952,027 1,855,108 9,103,997 709,620 13,400,707 - -		2,997,495 1,767,107 9,057,453 876,263 13,270,204		2,778,402 1,659,256 8,468,465 837,325 12,769,911 - -		2,833,991 1,504,824 8,130,168 808,842 18,254,840 8,955,000 254,111
Total expenditures	.	28,021,459		27,968,522		26,513,359		40,741,776
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Other financing sources (uses) Bonds issued Bond retirements		2,939,792		(1,497,114) - -		(39,245) - -		(5,282,829) - -
Sale of capital assets Insurance proceeds Capital lease proceeds Transfers in Transfers out		52,907 - 936,660 (936,660)		81,896 - 1,235,407 (1,235,407)		76,089 37,319 - 8,888,481 (8,888,481)		75,932 - 17,649,168 (17,649,168)
Total other financing sources (uses)		52,907	. <u> </u>	81,896		113,408		75,932
Changes in fund balances	<u>\$</u>	2,992,699	<u>\$</u>	(1,415,218)	\$	74,163	\$	(5,206,897)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	unting	<u>0.00%</u>		<u>0.00%</u>		<u>0.00%</u>		<u>40.95%</u>

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

NOTE: The County paid off outstanding bonds in 2016.

 	 	 Fisca	l Yea	ar	 		
 2015	 2014	 2013		2012	 2011		2010
\$ 32,869,436 827,426 6,655,405 1,500,165 376,832 456,430 568,471	\$ 30,751,455 692,378 1,851,025 1,549,694 396,724 393,166 285,990	\$ 16,600,054 788,809 1,907,885 1,781,190 464,734 156,460 479,875	\$	7,214,391 640,796 971,572 2,539,954 456,740 95,399 168,562	\$ 6,753,736 631,322 1,124,405 2,354,100 480,783 132,249 901,526	\$	7,211,788 604,628 858,213 993,873 , 437,287 129,003 461,648
 43,254,165	 35,920,432	 22,179,007		12,087,414	 12,378,121		10,696,440
2,250,922 1,485,909 8,256,825 752,401 19,477,952	2,119,194 1,338,104 8,367,626 740,602 9,801,868	1,750,204 1,157,037 8,215,043 715,976 1,236,480		1,833,087 1,082,089 6,363,472 557,110 1,198,161	1,737,293 1,001,062 5,809,840 619,515 677,256		1,481,461 960,939 5,183,983 616,069 709,441
690,000 398,194	665,000 425,684 -	635,000 452,005		610,000 477,257	585,000 500,638 -		555,000 553,699 47,902
 33,312,203	 23,458,078	 14,161,745		12,121,176	 10,930,604		10,108,494
9,941,962	12,462,354	8,017,262		(33,762)	1,447,517		587,946
- - 178,296 -	- - 159,295 -	- - 49,202 -		- - 116,933 -	- - 18,324 -		2,810,000 (2,750,000 8,614
- 25,522,009 _(25,522,009)	 - 18,517,344 (18,517,344)	 - 3,736,901 (3,736,901)		345,547 2,311,518 (2,311,518)	 185,994 1,784,116 (1,784,116)		136,399 1,882,625 (1,882,625
 178,296	 159,295	 49,202		462,480	 204,318	. <u> </u>	205,013
\$ 10,120,258	\$ 12,621,649	\$ 8,066,464	\$	428,718	\$ 1,651,835	<u>\$</u>	792,959
<u>7.87%</u>	<u>7.99%</u>	<u>8.41%</u>		<u>9.95%</u>	<u>10.59%</u>		<u>12.31%</u>

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (1) Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	 Ad Valo Current	orem Tax	es Delinquent	_a	Penalty nd Interest	 Total
2010	\$ 6,989,491	(1) \$	127,019	\$	95,278	\$ 7,211,788
2011	6,514,197	(1)	132,989		106,550	6,753,736
2012	6,945,991	(1)	161,563		106,837	7,214,391
2013	16,371,142	(2)	112,674		116,239	16,600,055
2014	30,080,823	(2)	468,151		202,482	30,751,456
2015	32,488,916	(2)	274,282		106,238	32,869,436
2016	30,165,240	(2)	201,208		131,227	30,497,675
2017	21,466,350	(3)	193,572		135,492	21,795,414
2018	18,396,245	(3)	302,897		109,609	18,808,751
2019	20,863,185	(3)	169,659		124,409	21,157,253
Change 2010 to 2019	198.49%		33.57%		30.57%	193.37%

(1) Modified accrual basis of accounting

NOTE: (1) Tax rates and values were steady.

- (2) Tax rates were actually lowered in 2015, 2014 and 2013 but revenue increased due to significant increases in mineral values related to Eagle Ford Shale.
- (3) Tax rate remained unchanged and revenue fluctuated based on fluctuations in mineral values related to Eagle Ford Shale.

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (1) Last ten fiscal years

Real Property Less: Personal Fiscal Tax Residential Non-Residential Tax Exempt Year Roll Property Real Property Property Property 2010 2009 \$ 350,915,680 \$ 1,328,168,180 \$ 199,270,670 \$ 776,472,001 2011 2010 357,160,310 1,679,282,800 162,562,580 1,150,665,021 2012 2011 368,607,870 1,912,614,970 249,442,120 1,190,701,309 2013 2012 381,707,020 4,024,961,528 593,915,180 1,509,586,195 2014 2013 402,749,990 7,166,414,576 694,802,080 1,511,659,803 2015 2014 437,925,020 7,685,024,543 731,424,820 1,541,631,030 2016 2015 600,294,230 6,872,240,465 921,922,790 1,609,175,259 2017 2016 670,996,230 6,865,788,145 826,943,320 1,745,455,067 2018 2017 703,350,760 4,460,054,330 733,424,220 1,733,979,679 2019 2018 726,966,550 5,219,906,260 687,181,450 1,938,815,798

Values on property for maintenance and operation and interest and sinking taxes.
 Property exemptions differ from those allowed on road and flood taxes.

NOTE: Property in the County is reassessed annually. The County assesses property at 100% of actual taxable value for all types of real and personal property. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

SOURCE: DeWitt County Tax Assessor/Collector

 Total Taxable Assessed Value	 Total Direct Tax Rate	 Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value (1) as a Percentage of Actual Value
\$ 1,101,882,529	\$ 0.65192	\$ 1,101,882,529	100.00%
1,048,340,669	0.65192	1,048,340,669	100.00%
1,339,963,651	0.53822	1,339,963,651	100.00%
3,490,997,533	0.50203	3,490,997,533	100.00%
6,752,306,843	0.46937	6,752,306,843	100.00%
7,312,743,353	0.46937	7,312,743,353	100.00%
6,785,282,226	0.46937	6,785,282,226	100.00%
6,618,272,628	0.46937	6,618,272,628	100.00%
4,162,849,631	0.46937	4,162,849,631	100.00%
4,695,238,462	0.46937	4,695,238,462	100.00%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX RATES Last ten fiscal years

Tax Roll Year	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
DeWitt County M & O Debt service	\$ 0.46937 _	\$ 0.46937 -	\$ 0.46937	\$ 0.44937 0.02000
	0.46937	0.46937	0.46937	0.46937
Cities				
Cuero	0.36951	0.36951	0.33000	0.32000
Yoakum	0.10816	0.10400	0.10000	0.09243
Yorktown	0.65195	0.60676	0.56931	0.61263
Nordheim	0.38965	0.38965	0.38965	0.35433
Schools				
Cuero	1.61000	1.50000	1.45048	1.39069
Yoakum	1.48000	1.50001	1.48900	1.42987
Yorktown	0.98043	1.00751	1.00319	0.99757
Nordheim	1.17000	1.17000	1.22472	1.11915
Meyersville	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000
Westhoff	1.04000	1.04000	0.96000	0.96000
Hospitals				
DeWitt Medical	0.21237	0.21237	0.21237	0.17111
Yoakum Hospital	0.20040	0.21680	0.22620	0.18050
Water Districts				
Ecleto Watershed	0.07000	0.07360	0.07360	0.08000
DeWitt Drainage #1	0.06661	0.05671	0.05193	0.05459
Pecan Valley	0.00598	0.00675	0.00700	0.00800

SOURCE: DeWitt County Tax Assessor/Collector

NOTE: N/A denotes information not available

2014		 2013		2012		2011	2010		2009	
\$	0.45398 0.01539	\$ 0.44919 0.02018	\$	0.44919 0.05284	\$	0.44919 0.08903	\$	0.53717 0.11475	\$	0.54295 0.10897
	0.46937	0.46937		0.50203		0.53822		0.65192		0.65192
	0.32000 0.09087 0.67270 0.47211	0.32000 0.09087 0.68561 0.47211		0.30168 0.09087 0.61264 0.47211		0.30168 0.09278 0.66846 0.47211		0.30168 0.08909 0.70444 0.47211		0.31318 0.08591 0.64931 0.48632
	1.37707 1.35476 0.99120 1.11470 1.04000 0.96000	1.10403 1.15400 0.97212 1.08718 1.04000 0.96000		1.07003 1.24000 0.99721 1.24345 1.04000 0.96000		1.28736 1.27000 0.96000 1.28891 1.04000 0.96000		1.32327 1.35000 1.04000 1.23972 1.04000 1.04000		1.29673 1.25000 1.04000 1.24343 1.04000 1.04000
	0.13221 0.14750	0.13221 0.16150		0.13221 N/A		0.13221 N/A		0.15251 N/A		0.13905 N/A
	0.09057 0.05807 0.00680	0.09500 0.06289 0.00870		0.08640 0.06289 0.01301		0.08000 0.06302 0.01301		0.00660 0.06294 0.01500		0.00660 0.06040 0.01500

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS (Unaudited) Current year and nine years ago

2019	Type of Property		Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total Valuation
Burlington Resources Oil & Gas	Mineral	\$	911,640,800	19.42%
Devon Energy Production Co LP	Mineral		688,608,020	14.67%
Pioneer Resources USA Inc.	Mineral		216,618,840	4.61%
EOG Resources, Inc	Mineral		92,661,820	1.97%
Helmerich & Payne Int'l Drill	Mineral		60,900,000	1.30%
EFS Midstream LLC	Mineral		53,734,850	1.14%
Kinder Morgan Crude & Condensate LLC	Mineral		47,608,820	1.01%
Enterprise Texas Pipeline LLC	Mineral		42,350,890	0.90%
BHP Billiton (Eagle Ford Gath)	Mineral		40,253,810	0.86%
Copano Field Services/Karnes LP	Mineral		31,335,710	<u>0.67%</u>
Assessed value		\$	2,185,713,560	<u>46.55%</u>
2010				
Pioneer Natural Resources	Mineral	\$	60,733,210	5.51%
Chesapeake Operating Inc.	Mineral	Ŧ	24,648,030	2.24%
Winn Exploration Co Inc.	Mineral		23,655,850	2.15%
Chesapeake Operating Inc.	Mineral		21,537,900	1.95%
Lime Rock Resources A L P	Mineral		21,343,630	1.94%
Friar Alfred/Friar-Thomas Ranch	Real and Personal		16,170,810	1.47%
Mount Vernon Mills	Real and Personal		15,849,260	1.44%
Enterprise Hydrocarbons LP	Mineral		12,415,410	1.13%
Abraxas Petroleum Corp.	Mineral		12,281,610	1.11%
Flint Hills Resources LP	Mineral		12,054,730	<u>1.09%</u>
Assessed value		\$	220,690,440	<u>20.03%</u>

SOURCE: DeWitt County Appraisal District.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last ten fiscal years

	Taxes Levied for the		s within the r of the Levy	_ Collections	Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year (Adjusted Levy)	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2010	\$ 7,408,366	\$ 7,253,663	97.91%	\$ 142,617	\$ 7,396,280	99.84%		
2011	6,839,507	6,737,312	98.51%	89,169	6,826,481	99.81%		
2012	7,367,416	7,206,312	97.81%	147,987	7,354,299	99.82%		
2013	17,488,203	16,949,690	96.92%	516,219	17,465,909	99.87%		
2014	31,468,896	31,217,506	99.20%	232,602	31,450,108	99.94%		
2015	34,152,747	33,847,774	99.11%	272,722	34,120,496	99.91%		
2016	31,787,663	31,398,845	98.78%	333,479	31,732,324	99.83%		
2017	22,940,399	22,363,372	97.48%	512,184	22,875,556	99.72%		
2018	19,514,822	19,170,808	98.24%	256,146	19,426,954	99.55%		
2019	21,978,810	21,755,649	98.98%	-	21,755,649	98.98%		

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last ten fiscal years

	 Governmen	tal A	ctivities					
Fiscal Year	Certificates of Obligation		Capital Leases		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income		Per Capita
2010	\$ 12,140,000	\$	158,468	\$	12,298,468	2.3%	\$	624
2011	11,555,000		296,977		11,851,977	2.0%		590
2012	10,945,000		555,598		11,500,598	1.8%		568
2013	10,310,000		424,786		10,734,786	1.3%		525
2014	9,645,000		-		9,645,000	1.0%		470
2015	8,955,000		-		8,955,000	0.9%		440
2016	-		-		-	-		-
2017	-		-		-	-		-
2018	-		-		-	-		-
2019	-		-		-	-		-

NOTE: The County paid off outstanding debt in 2016.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last ten fiscal years

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year	Certificates of Obligation	Total	Debt Service Monies Available	Net Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2010	\$ 12,140,000	\$ 12,140,000	\$ 640,675	\$ 11,499,325	1.04%	\$ 583
2011	11,555,000	11,555,000	777,534	10,777,466	1.03%	536
2012	10,945,000	10,945,000	915,772	10,029,228	0.75%	495
2013	10,310,000	10,310,000	1,634,641	8,675,359	0.25%	424
2014	9,645,000	9,645,000	1,959,612	7,685,388	0.11%	375
2015	8,955,000	8,955,000	2,006,420	6,948,580	0.10%	341
2016	-	-	-	-	-	-
2017	-	-	-	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-	-	-	-
2019	-	-	-	-	-	-

NOTE: The County paid off outstanding debt in 2016.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (Unaudited) September 30, 2019

		(1)	(2)			
	Gross De	bt Outstanding	Applicable to	DeWitt County		
	Date	Amount	Percent	Amount		
Direct debt:						
DeWitt County	09/30/19	<u>\$</u>	100.00%	<u>\$ </u>		
Overlapping debt:						
Cities						
Cuero	09/30/19	11,225,000	100.00%	11,225,000		
Yoakum	09/30/19	4,420,000	36.99%	1,634,958		
Yorktown	09/30/19	4,016,894	100.00%	4,016,894		
School Districts						
Cuero ISD	09/30/19	91,793,450	73.96%	67,890,436		
Yoakum ISD	09/30/19	41,965,000	36.36%	15,258,474		
Yorktown ISD	09/30/19	4,375,000	100.00%	4,375,000		
Total overlapping debt		157,795,344		104,400,762		
Total direct and overlapping debt		<u>\$ 157,795,344</u>		<u>\$ 104,400,762</u>		

(1) Includes general obligation debt, certificates of obligation, and notes payable.

(2) Determined by the number of acres of the respective taxing district that fall within DeWitt County boundaries.

SOURCE: DeWitt County and business offices of individual governmental entities

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	Debt Limit		al Net Debt icable to Limit	 Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable To Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit		
2010	\$ 225,652	,965 \$	11,499,325	\$ 214,153,640	5.10%		
2011	221,444	,522	10,777,466	210,667,056	4.87%		
2012	272,630	,383	10,029,228	262,601,155	3.68%		
2013	724,270	588	8,675,359	715,595,229	1.20%		
2014	1,514,376	,191	7,685,388	1,506,690,803	0.51%		
2015	1,645,329	633	6,948,580	1,638,381,053	0.42%		
2016	1,465,839	859	-	1,465,839,859	0.00%		
2017	1,447,832	327	-	1,447,832,327	0.00%		
2018	857,356	353	-	857,356,353	0.00%		
2019	1,002,014	253	-	1,002,014,253	0.00%		
Legal debt i	margin calculation fo	r current fiscal y	ear:				
	Assessed value of	real property			\$ 4,008,057,012		
(1)	Debt limit percenta	ge			25.00%		
	Debt limit				1,002,014,253		
	Debt applicable to	debt limit					
	Certificates of on Debt service fu	•		\$ -			
	Legal debt margin				<u>\$ 1,002,014,253</u>		

(1) Established by Article 3, Section 52 of the Constitution of the State of Texas.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS (Unaudited) Last ten years

Calendar Year	Vledian Family ncome	Estimated Population	 Personal Income	Ir	ersonal ncome r Capita	Labor Force	Unemployment Rate	Median Age
2010	\$ 36,273	19,713	\$ 543,256,874	\$	27,558	9,241	7.80%	42
2011	36,611	20,097	598,572,000		29,784	9,368	6.60%	43
2012	36,611	20,255	650,722,169		32,126	9,958	5.00%	43
2013	40,515	20,465	830,066,000		40,560	10,358	4.40%	43
2014	45,937	20,503	941,477,000		45,919	10,042	4.90%	42
2015	46,566	20,358	947,990,628		46,566	8,186	3.00%	41
2016	50,617	20,966	1,061,236,022		50,617	9,041	4.10%	41
2017	56,416	21,030	1,186,428,480		56,416	8,635	3.60%	41
2018	54,692	20,242	1,107,075,464		54,692	8,164	3.20%	40
2019	55,511	20,206	1,121,655,266		55,511	8,444	2.70%	40

SOURCE: DeWitt County Profile - Texas Association of Counties and Cuero Development Corporation

NOTE: Demographic data is normally not available until after the calendar year-end. Ten year data is presented as of the beginning date of the County's current fiscal year.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (Unaudited)

Current year and nine years ago

Cuero Regional HospitalHealth Care4705.57%Cuero Independent School DistrictEducation3654.32%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3113.68%DeWitt CountyGovernment1601.89%H.E.B.Retail1301.54%Wal-MartRetail1001.18%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care981.16%City of CueroGovernment901.07%McMahan WeldingIndustrial840.99%Energy WasteOilfield Equipment Rentals540.64%2010Cuero Independent School DistrictSchool District4004.33%Cuero Community HospitalHealth Care3984.31%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48%Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment921.00%HE.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	Employer 2019	Business Type	_Employees_	Percentage of Total Area _Employment
Cuero Independent School DistrictEducation3654.32%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3113.68%DeWitt CountyGovernment1601.89%H.E.B.Retail1301.54%Wal-MartRetail1001.18%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care981.16%City of CueroGovernment901.07%McMahan WeldingIndustrial840.99%Energy WasteOilfield Equipment Rentals540.64%2010Cuero Independent School DistrictSchool District4004.33%Cuero Community HospitalHealth Care3984.31%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48%Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%2.00%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%1.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%1.97%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%		Health Care	470	5 57%
Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3113.68%DeWitt CountyGovernment1601.89%H.E.B.Retail1301.54%Wal-MartRetail1001.18%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care981.16%City of CueroGovernment901.07%McMahan WeldingIndustrial840.99%Energy WasteOilfield Equipment Rentals540.64%2010Cuero Independent School DistrictSchool District4004.33%Cuero Community HospitalHealth Care3984.31%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48%Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%				
DeWitt CountyGovernment1601.89%H.E.B.Retail1301.54%Wal-MartRetail1001.18%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care981.16%City of CueroGovernment901.07%McMahan WeldingIndustrial840.99%Energy WasteOilfield Equipment Rentals540.64%2010Cuero Independent School DistrictSchool District4004.33%Cuero Community HospitalHealth Care3984.31%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48%Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I			
H.E.B.Retail1301.54%Wal-MartRetail1001.18%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care981.16%City of CueroGovernment901.07%McMahan WeldingIndustrial840.99%Energy WasteOilfield Equipment Rentals540.64%2010Cuero Independent School DistrictSchool District4004.33%Cuero Community HospitalHealth Care3984.31%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48%Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	•	5		
Wal-MartRetail1001.18%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care981.16%City of CueroGovernment901.07%McMahan WeldingIndustrial840.99%Energy WasteOilfield Equipment Rentals540.64%	•			
City of Cuero McMahan Welding Energy WasteGovernment Industrial901.07% Notest20101,86222.04%20101,86222.04%Cuero Independent School DistrictSchool District4004.33% Cuero Community HospitalHealth Care3987 exas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48% Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing240Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care130Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%			100	1.18%
McMahan Welding Energy WasteIndustrial840.99% 0.01field Equipment Rentals540.64% 0.64%20101,86222.04%Cuero Independent School DistrictSchool District4004.33% 4.31%Cuero Community HospitalHealth Care3984.31%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48% 0.66%Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60% 0.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27% 0.00%1.9%City of CueroGovernment921.00% 1.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79% 0.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation Center	Health Care	98	1.16%
Energy WasteOilfield Equipment Rentals54 1,8620.64% 22.04%20101,86222.04%Cuero Independent School DistrictSchool District4004.33% 4.31%Cuero Community HospitalHealth Care3984.31%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48%Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	City of Cuero	Government	90	1.07%
20101,86222.04%Cuero Independent School DistrictSchool District4004.33%Cuero Community HospitalHealth Care3984.31%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48%Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	McMahan Welding	Industrial	84	0.99%
2010Cuero Independent School DistrictSchool District4004.33%Cuero Community HospitalHealth Care3984.31%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48%Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	Energy Waste	Oilfield Equipment Rentals	54	<u>0.64%</u>
Cuero Independent School DistrictSchool District4004.33%Cuero Community HospitalHealth Care3984.31%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48%Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%			1,862	<u>22.04%</u>
Cuero Community HospitalHealth Care3984.31%Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48%Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	2010			
Texas Dept. of Criminal JusticeCorrectional Facility3223.48%Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	Cuero Independent School District	School District	400	4.33%
Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex DivisionTextile Manufacturing2402.60%Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	Cuero Community Hospital	Health Care	398	4.31%
Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation CenterHealth Care1301.41%Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	Texas Dept. of Criminal Justice	Correctional Facility	322	3.48%
Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	Mount Vernon Mills, Brentex Division	Textile Manufacturing	240	2.60%
Wal-MartRetail1171.27%County of DeWittGovernment1101.19%City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	Cuero Nursing & Rehabilitation Center	Health Care	130	1.41%
City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	Wal-Mart	Retail	117	1.27%
City of CueroGovernment921.00%H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	County of DeWitt	Government	110	1.19%
H.E.B.Retail730.79%Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	-	Government	92	1.00%
Whispering Oaks ManorHealth Care560.61%	-	Retail	73	0.79%
1,930 <u></u> 1,930			1,938	<u>20.99%</u>

SOURCE: Cuero Development Corporation

FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last ten fiscal years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Function/Program										
General government										
Comissioners' court	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
County clerk	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Veterans' service officer	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County auditor	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
County treasurer	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Information technology	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
Tax assessor-collector	6	6	6	6	5	6	6	6	6	6
Judicial										
County court	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	5
District clerk	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	2
County attorney	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3
Justice of the Peace #1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	1
Justice of the Peace #2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Juvenile probation	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	6	6	6
Public works										
Sheriff	56	53	50	49	49	46	45	43	45	30
Constable #1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Constable #2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Building maintenance	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bailiffs	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	1	2	3
Precinct No. 1	10	10	10	10	10	9	6	6	7	5
Precinct No. 2	10	10	10	10	9	9	6	5	6	5
Precinct No. 3	9	8	9	9	10	9	6	6	6	6
Precinct No. 4	8	7	8	8	9	7	6	5	4	4
Health and welfare										
Extension service	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Emergency management	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Indigent health care	-	-	-	1	1	1	. 1	1	1	1
Health department	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total	147	143	141	144	144	135	122	120	123	104

NOTE: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited)

Last ten fiscal years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Function/Program										
General government										
County auditor										
Accounts payable invoices	7,986	7,878	8,172	9,025	8,288	8,421	7,397	7,396	7,369	7,567
County treasurer										
Payroll checks processed	4,607	4,660	4,604	4,517	4,188	4,076	3,998	3,146	3,647	3,650
Elections administrator										
New voter registrations	463	1,700	1,888	971	611	735	630	726	101	1,004
Elections held	2	4	2	4	4	7	2	1	1	1
Tax assesor-collector										
Automobile registrations	30,956	30,532	31,849	27,195	27,999	26,897	26,840	24,561	23,231	22,925
Judicial										
County court										
Criminal cases filed	398	392	423	469	489	533	493	533	459	489
Criminal case dispositions	508	416	444	562	523	594	536	537	697	516
Civil cases filed	81	34	73	68	74	95	32	29	51	28
Civil case dispositions	45	69	45	48	118	42	25	30	50	27
Juvenile cases filed	6	17	25	21	34	8	15	20	26	28
Juvenile case dispositions	13	24	26	20	27	14	20	20	23	32
District court										
Criminal cases filed	261	197	266	295	208	390	210	279	224	303
Criminal case dispositions	277	245	346	352	331	509	235	302	292	283
Civil cases filed	359	371	443	374	379	221	387	425	425	530
Civil case dispositions	496	601	527	605	507	328	458	456	449	494
Justice of the Peace #1										
Civil cases filed	168	153	131	139	105	120	104	140	136	56
Criminal cases filed	1,057	1,158	1,079	1,391	1,184	1,631	1,981	1,883	1,767	1,769
Justice of the Peace #2										
Civil cases filed	151	115	88	68	64	72	61	30	54	52
Criminal cases filed	909	719	884	1,028	1,078	1,053	1,031	979	1,611	3,401
Health and welfare										
Health department										
Immunizations administered	1,133	1,243	1,262	1,489	931	969	1,145	2,314	2,645	3,419

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (Unaudited) Last ten fiscal years

	Fiscal Year										
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Function/Program General government											
Buildings	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Public works											
Sheriff											
Jail	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Patrol units	25	20	20	19	19	13	13	15	12	12	
Other vehicles	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Juvenile Probation											
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	
Emergency Managem	ent										
Vehicles	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Precincts											
Roads (miles)	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	
Bridges	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	
Heavy equipment	101	108	108	107	78	60	48	44	43	40	
Vehicles	28	28	27	27	28	26	24	26	26	26	

SOURCE: Various DeWitt County departments, Texas Department of Transportation

OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION

HARRISON WALDROP & UHEREK, LLP



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 101 S. MAIN, SUITE 400 VICTORIA, TEXAS 77901-8142 STEPHEN W. VAN MANEN, CPA DENNIS C. CIHAL, CPA ERIC L. KUCERA, CPA CLAYTON P. VAN PELT, CPA ROBERT W. SCHAAR, CPA MELISSA M. TERRY, CPA

> VOICE: (361) 573-3255 FAX: (361) 573-9531

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court DeWitt County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of DeWitt County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court DeWitt County, Texas

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harrison, Waldrop & Uhenk, UP

HARRISON, WALDROP & UHEREK, L.L.P. Victoria, Texas February 26, 2020